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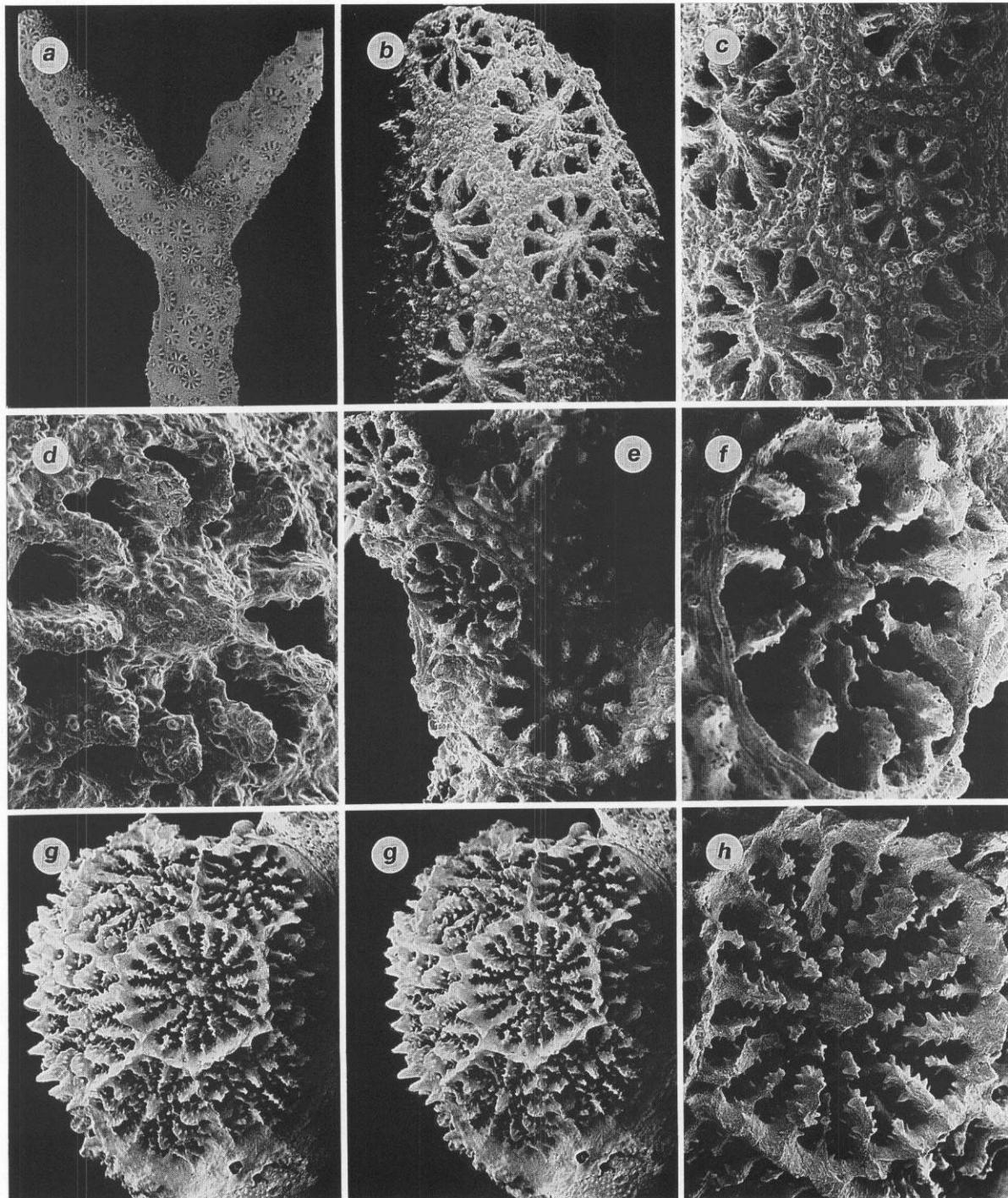


FIG. 1 a-d. — *Madracis asanoi* Yabe & Sugiyama, 1936: a, "Albatross" stn 5381 (USNM 96672), distal branch, x 1.9. — b-d, "Albatross" stn 5277, USNM 96671: b, branch tip, x 11.9; c, unequal-sized corallites, x 17.3; d, calice, x 40.

FIG. 1 e-f. — *Madracis* sp. A, CORINDON 2 stn 248 (USNM 96684): e, branch, x 12.3; f, calice, x 36.

FIG. 1 g-h. — *Madracis* sp. cf. *M. pharensis*, MUSORSTOM 3 stn 117 (USNM 96676): g, stereo view of a small encrusting colony, x 13.5; h, calice, x 35.4.

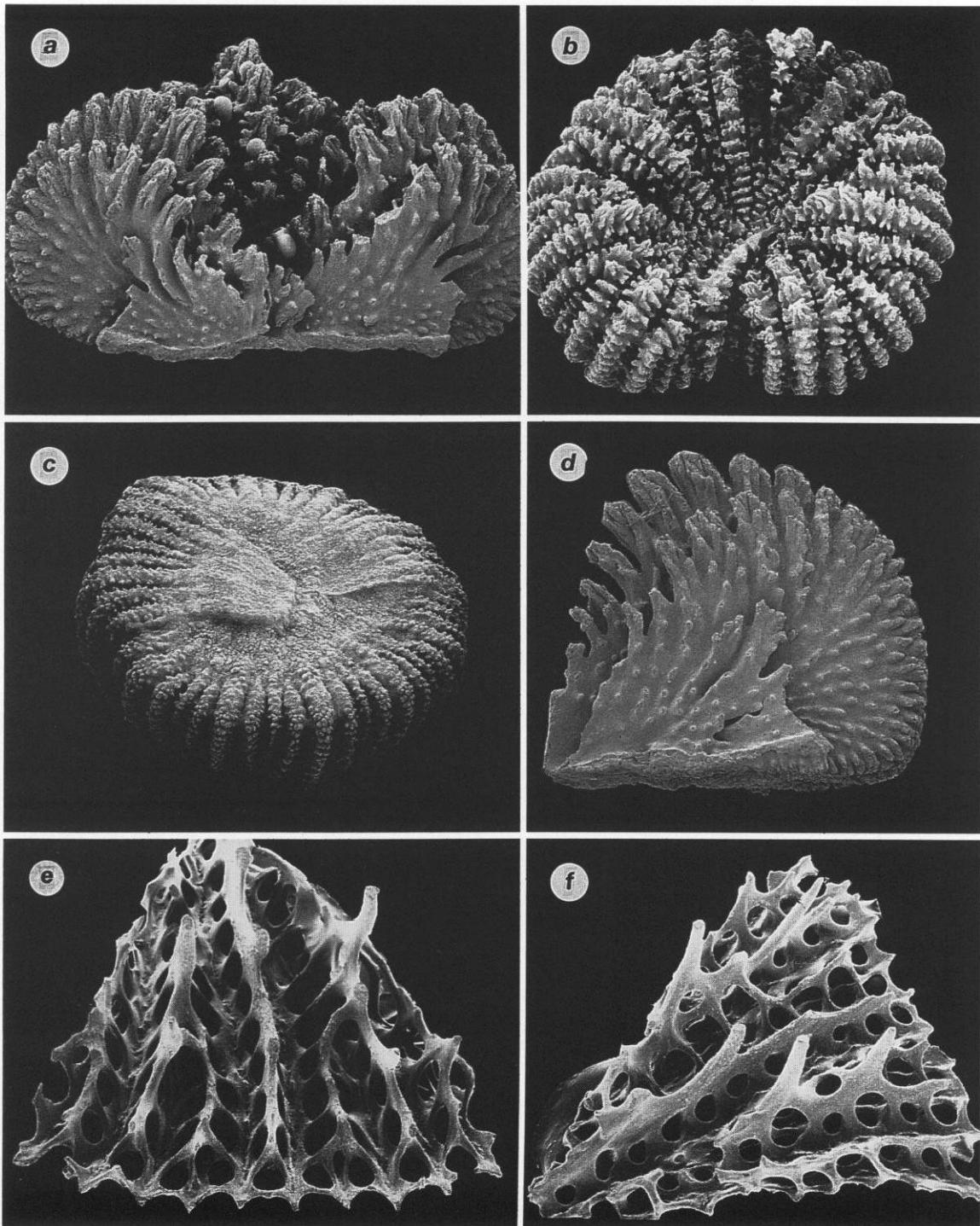


FIG. 2 a-d. — *Fungiacyathus fissidiscus* sp. nov., paratypes, KARUBAR stn 7 (USNM 96725): a, fracture showing septal spines, $\times 21.8$; b, calice, $\times 15$; c, base showing regeneration from parent fragment, $\times 15.8$; d, fracture showing septal face granulation, $\times 24.8$.

FIG. 2 e-f. — *Leptopenus* sp. A, KARUBAR stn 7 (MNHN): e-f, two views of the same corallum fragment, $\times 25.5$, $\times 21.8$, respectively.

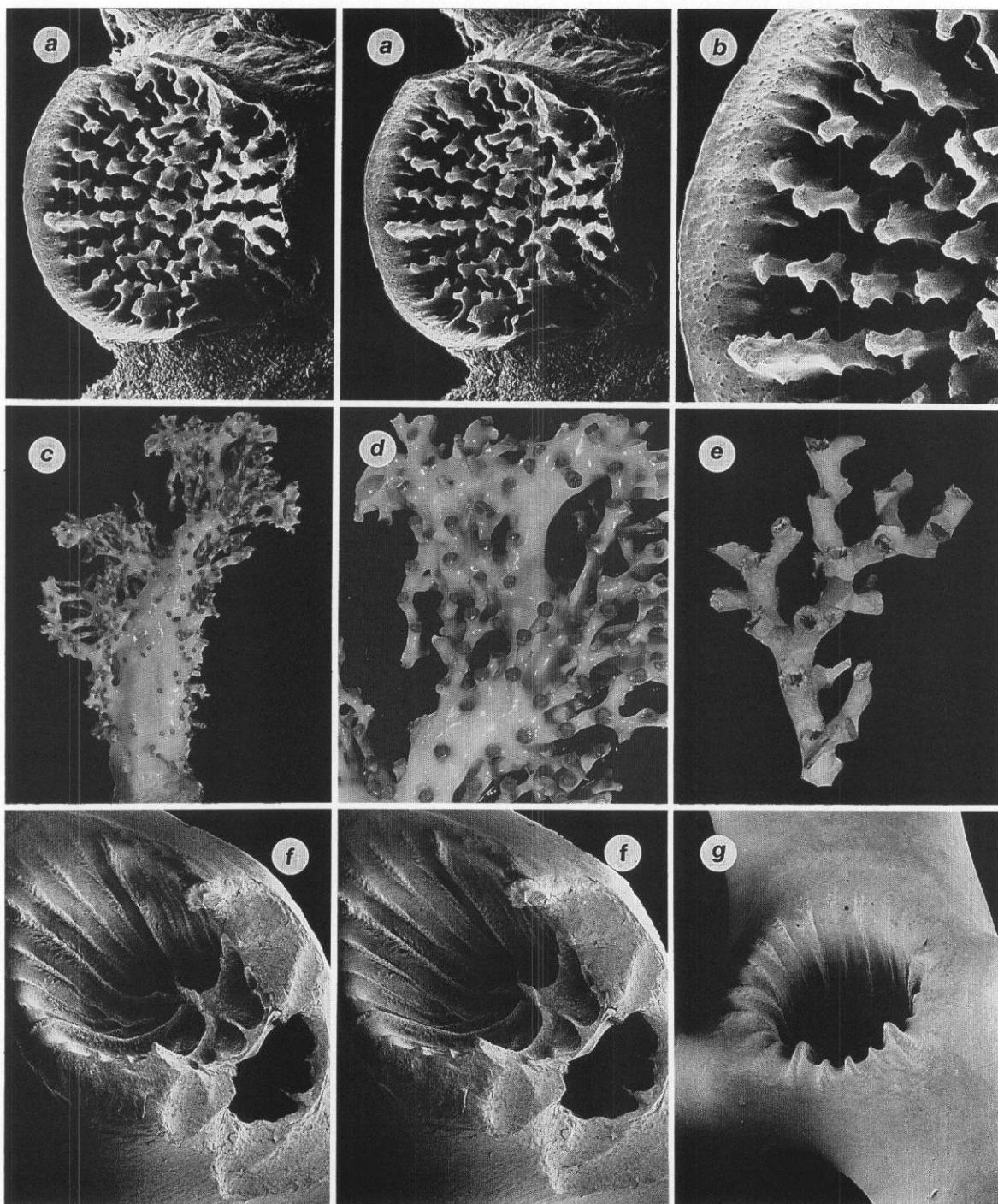


FIG. 3 a-b. — *Culicia stellata* Dana, 1846, "Alpha Helix" stn 79-M140 (USNM 80029): a, stereo calicular view, x 17.1; b, enlargement of thecal lip and septal dentition, x 41.

FIG. 3 c-g. — *Madrepora arbustula* (Moseley, 1881): c-d, f-g, MUSORSTOM 3 stn 126 (USNM 96750): c-d, corallum and corallites of a massive specimen, x 0.25, x 0.62, respectively; f, stereo view of a fractured corallite illustrating lower septa, columella, and dissepiment, x 15; g, calice and smooth coenosteum, x 12.8. — e, holotype, "Challenger" stn 194 (BMNH 1880.11.25.96), x 1.2.

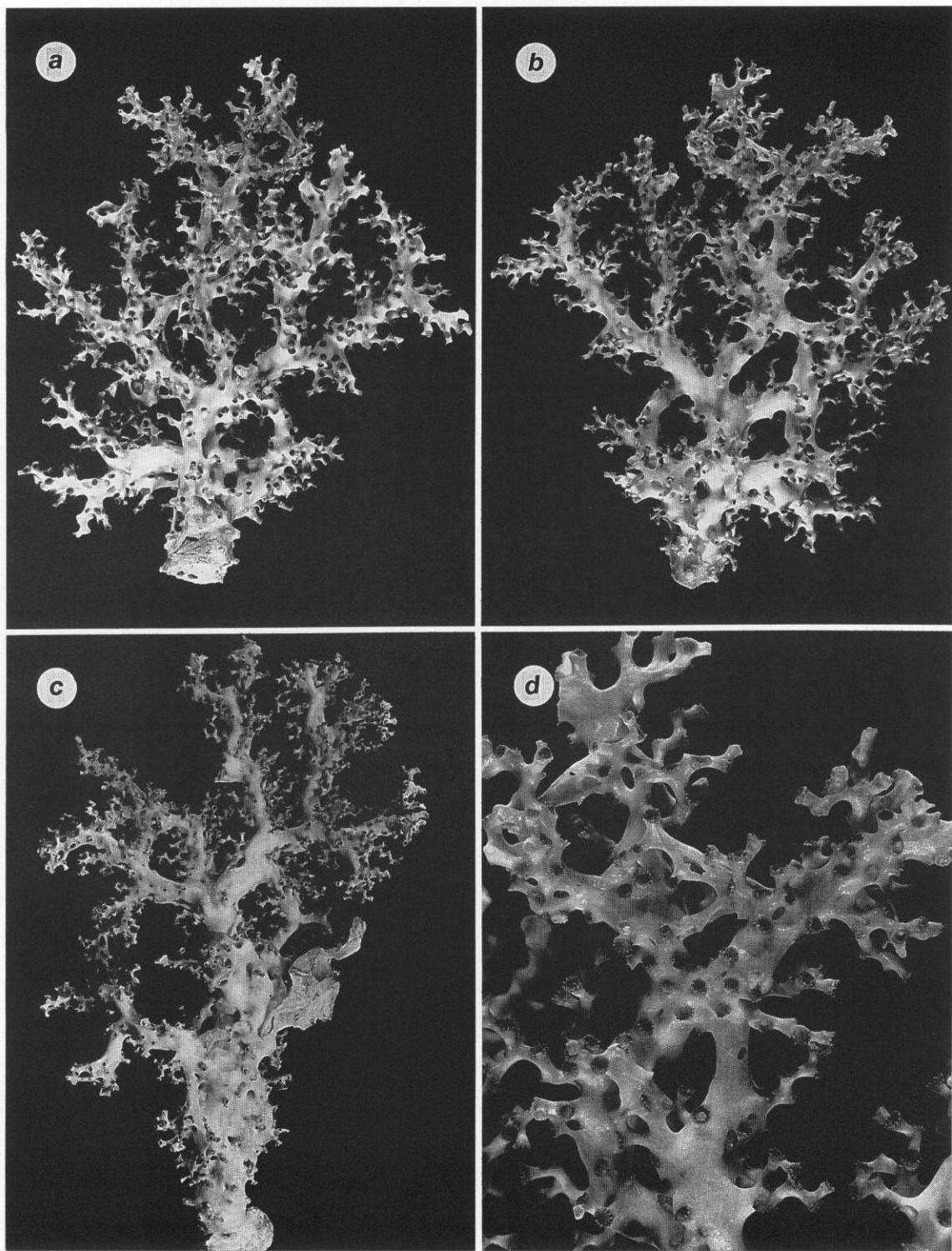


FIG. 4 a-d. — *Madrepora minutiseptum* sp. nov.: a-b, d, holotype, SNELLIUS 2 stn 4.196 (NNM 22734): a-b, anterior and posterior surfaces of colony, both $\times 0.38$; d, enlargement showing anastomosing branches, $\times 0.91$. — c, paratype, "off Japan" (USNM 96754, ex ZMA 137), colony, $\times 0.38$.

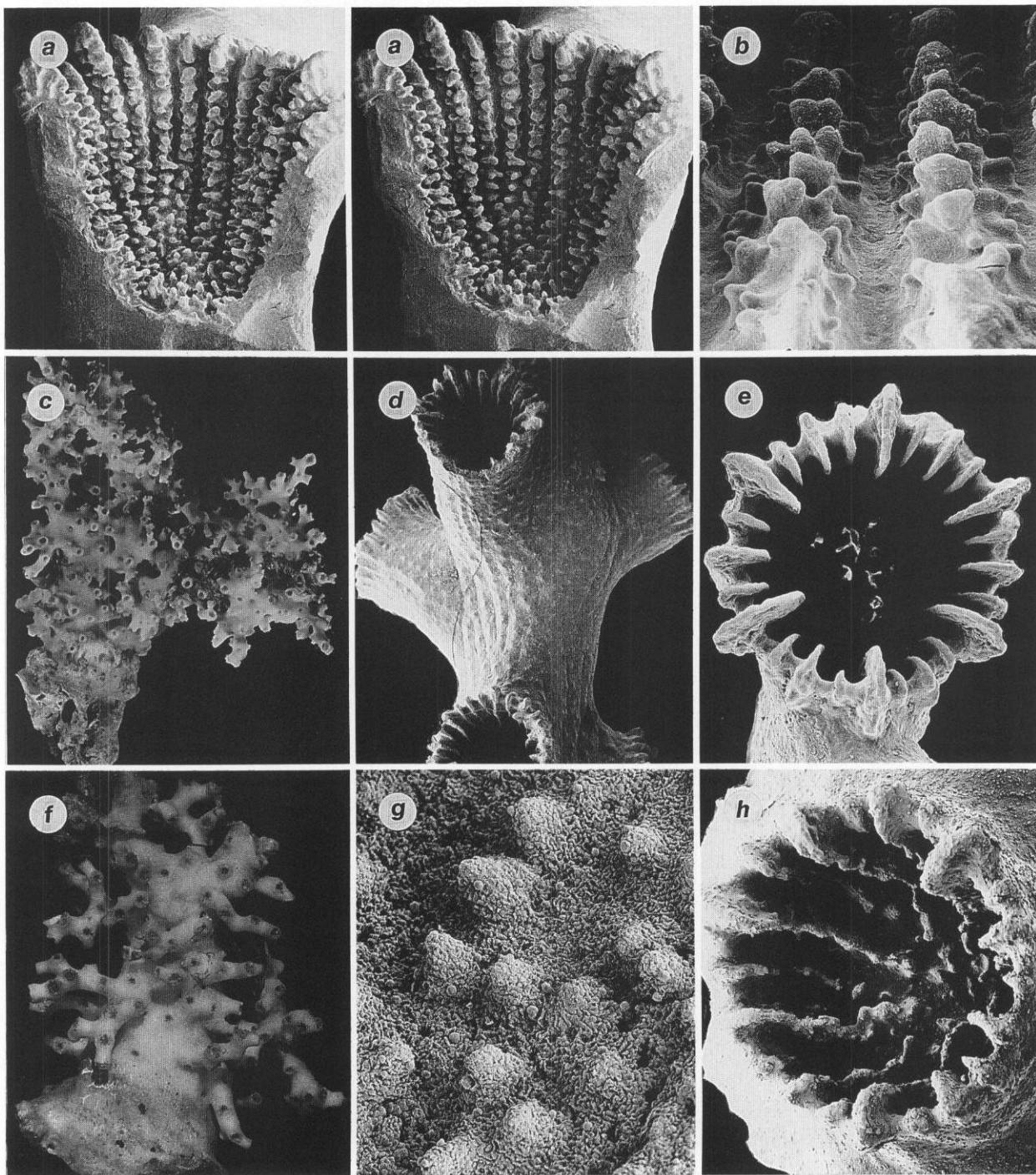


FIG. 5 a-b. — *Madrepora minutiseptum* sp. nov., paratype, "off Japan" (USNM 96754): a, stereo view of a fractured corallite showing septal dentition, $\times 23.5$; b, two septa, $\times 105$.

FIG. 5 c-e, g-h. — *Neohelia* sp. cf. *N. porcellana*: c, SNELLIUS 2 stn 4.104 (USNM 96765), colony, $\times 1.05$. — d, "Siboga" stn 305 (ZMA), branch, $\times 14.5$. — e, "Siboga" stn 289 (USNM 96766), calice, $\times 37$. — g-h, DEKI (Amboin, 91 m) (ZMUC): g, coenosteal papillae, $\times 175$; h, calice, $\times 58$.

FIG. 5 f. — *Neohelia porcellana* Moseley, 1881, syntype, "Challenger" stn 177 (BMNH 1880.11.25.89), $\times 1.5$.

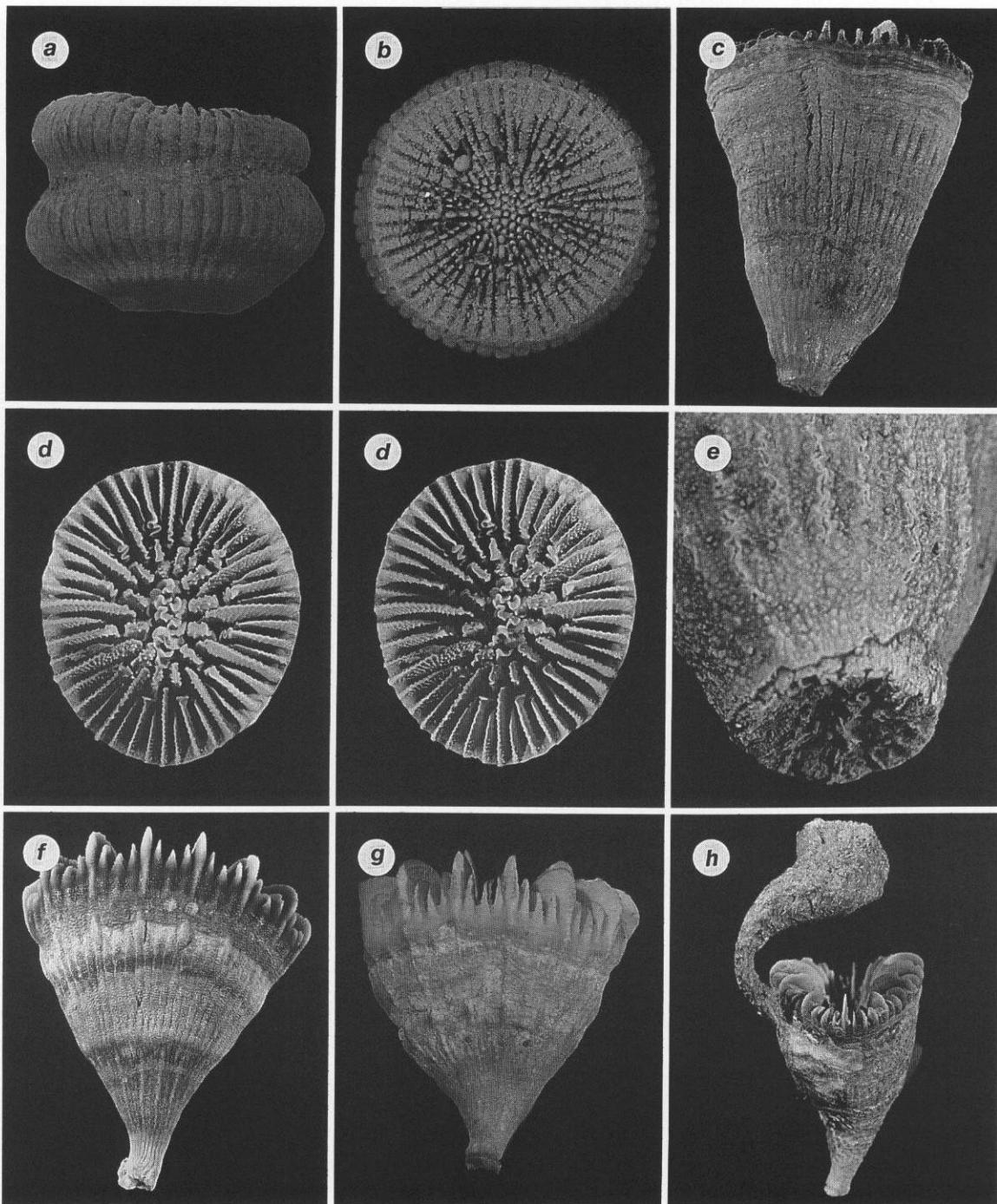


FIG. 6 a-b. — *Anthemiphyllia frustum* Cairns, 1994, KARUBAR stn 15 (USNM 96776): a, lateral view of 2 anthocyathi that remained attached, x 5.4; b, calice of same specimen, x 6.1.

FIG. 6 c-e. — *Caryophyllia secta* sp. nov., holotype, "Albatross" stn 5265 (USNM 96787): c-e, side, stereo calicular view, and basal scar, x 2.9, x 3.4, x 14.3, respectively.

FIG. 6 f-h. — *Caryophyllia transversalis* Moseley, 1881: f, h, KARUBAR stn 79 (POLIPI): f, side view, x 2.2; h, edge view with attached suberitid sponge, x 1.8. — g, syntype, "Challenger" stn 192 (BMNH 1880.11.25.23), side view, x 2.7.

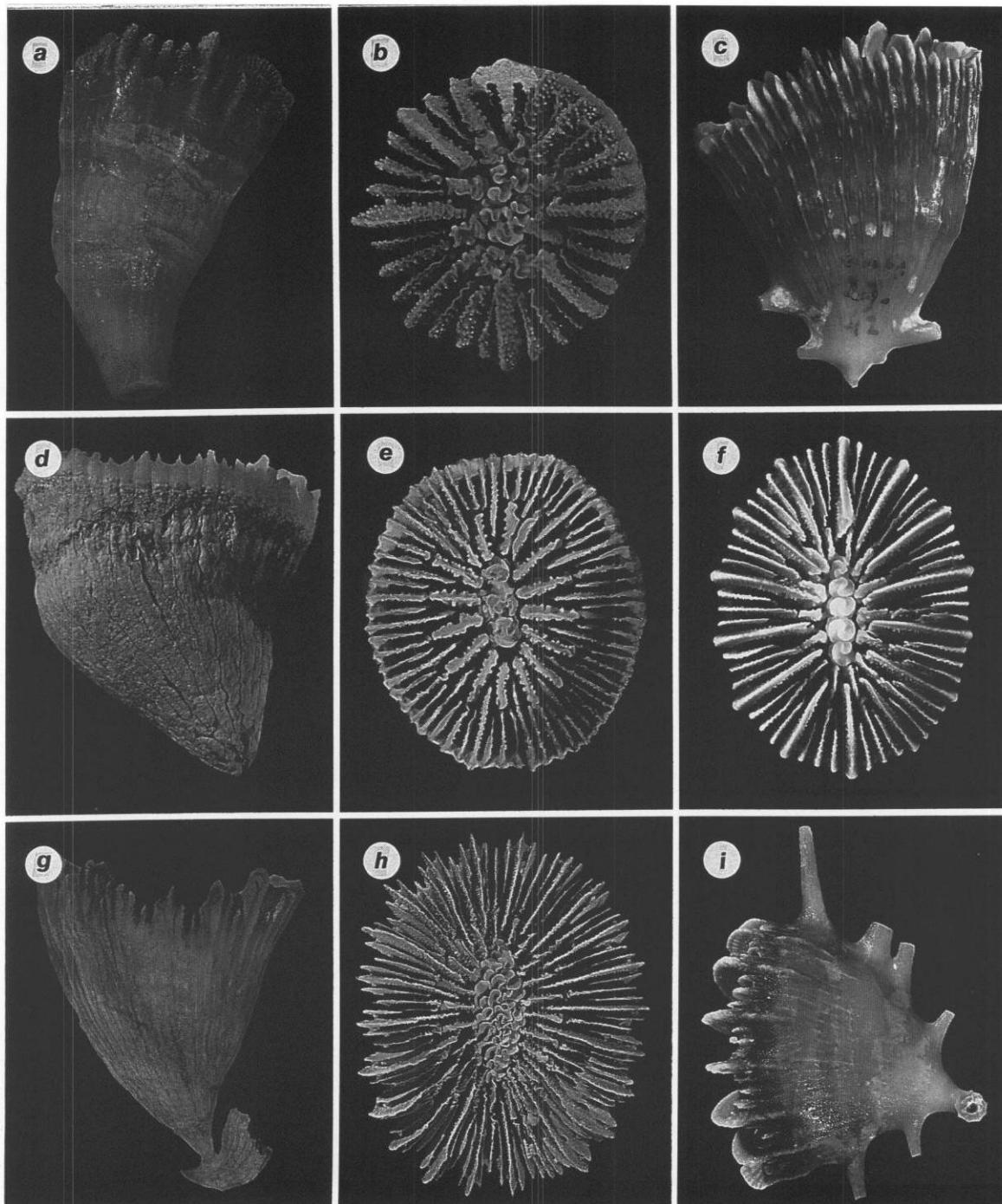


FIG. 7 a-b. — *Caryophyllia octonaria* sp. nov., holotype, MUSORSTOM 1 stn 64 (MNHN), side and calicular views, $\times 4.5$, $\times 6.1$, respectively.

FIG. 7 c, f, i. — *Caryophyllia grayi* (H. Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848): c, syntype, Japan (BMNH 1840.9.29.42), side view, $\times 2.1$. — f, i, MUSORSTOM 1 stn 56 (MNHN): f, calicular view, $\times 2.5$; i, side view showing edge spines, $\times 2.4$.

FIG. 7 d-e. — *Caryophyllia cornulum* sp. nov., holotype, CORINDON 2 stn 220 (MNHN), side and calicular views, $\times 2.7$.

FIG. 7 g-h. — *Caryophyllia grandis* Gardiner & Waugh, 1938, KARUBAR stn 59 (MNHN), edge and calicular views of corallum with 24 pali, $\times 1.1$, $\times 1.3$, respectively.

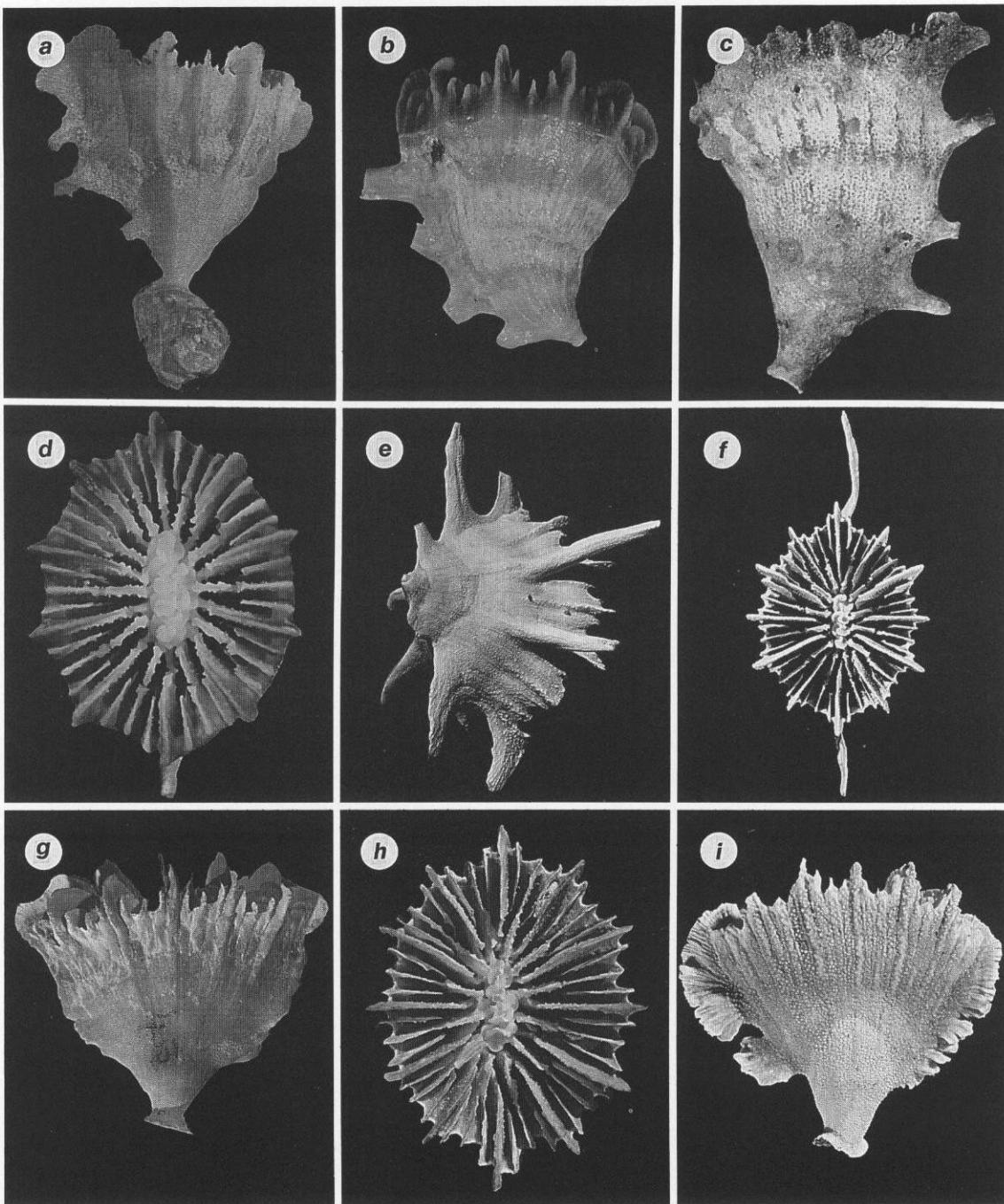


FIG. 8 a-d. — *Caryophyllia dentata* (Moseley, 1881): a, holotype, "Challenger" stn 174 (BMNH 1880.11.25.42), side view, x 2.9. — b, d, DEKI stn 3 (USNM 96858), side and calicular views of a decameral specimen, x 3.4, x 4.3, respectively. — c, DEKI (Neira) (NNM 23076), side view of hexameral specimen, x 2.8.

FIG. 8 e-f. — *Caryophyllia spinigera* (Saville Kent, 1871) "Albatross" stn 5371 (USNM 92690): e, corallum with prominent C₁ spines, x 2; f, calicular view, x 2.

FIG. 8 g-i. — *Caryophyllia spinicrens* (Moseley, 1881): g-h, holotype, "Challenger" stn 210 (BMNH 1880.11.25.43), side and calicular views, x 3.1, x 3.3, respectively. — i, "Albatross" stn 5256 (USNM 96903), small corallum with delicate edge crests, x 3.6.

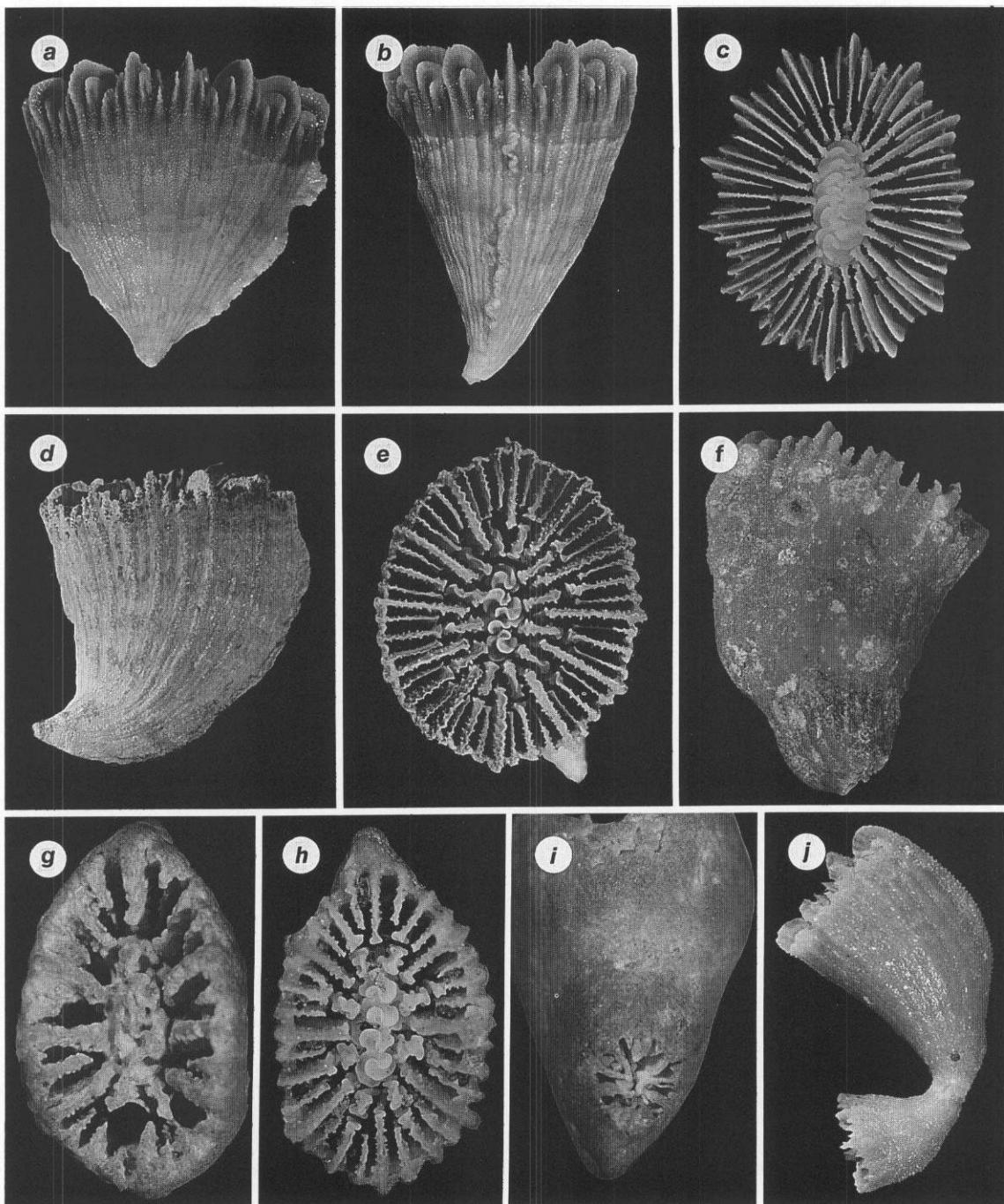


FIG. 9 a-c. — *Caryophyllia karubarica* sp. nov., holotype, KARUBAR stn 58 (MNHN), side, edge, and calicular views, x 2.0, x 2.15, x 2.15, respectively.

FIG. 9 d-e. — *Caryophyllia unicristata* sp. nov., holotype, KARUBAR stn 7 (MNHN), side and calicular views, x 3.1, x 4.1, respectively.

FIG. 9 f-j. — *Premocyathus dentiformis* (Alcock, 1902): f, h, "Albatross" stn 5217 (USNM 62708), side and calicular views, x 6.4, x 7.8, respectively. — g, i, holotype, "Siboga" stn 59 (ZMA Coel. 1093), calicular and basal views, x 9.4, x 8.4, respectively. — j, KARUBAR stn 15 (MNHN), specimen showing regeneration from basal region, x 7.1.

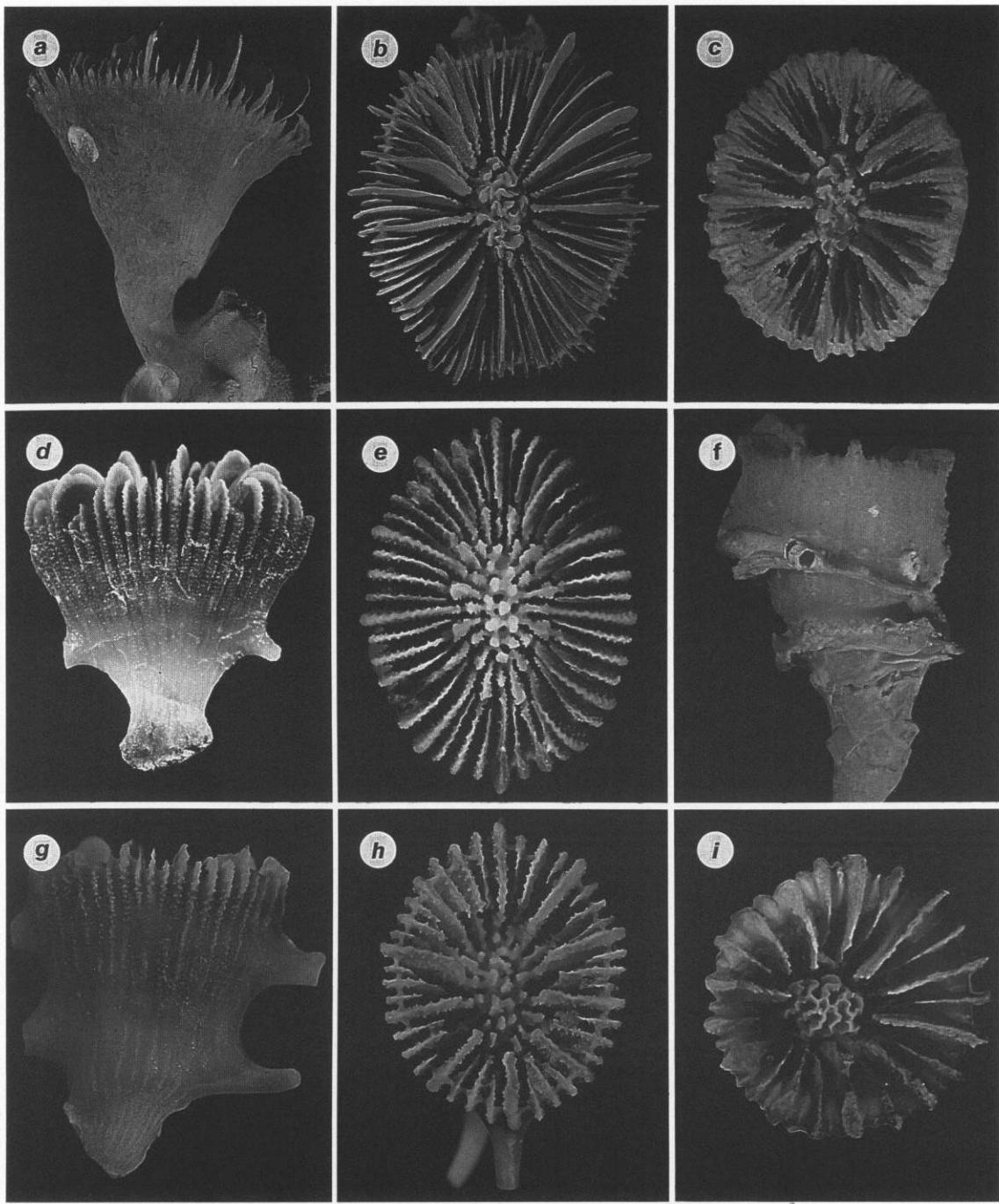


FIG. 10 a-c. — *Crispatotrochus rubescens* (Moseley, 1881): a-b, "Albatross" stn 5519 (USNM 60586), side and calicular views of a large corallum, $\times 1.4$, $\times 1.6$, respectively. — c, "Siboga" stn 105 (ZMA Coel. 579), syntype of *Cyathoceras tydemani*, calice, $\times 4.6$.

FIG. 10 d-e. — *Trochocyathus philippinensis* Semper, 1872, MUSORSTOM 1 stn 72 (MNHN), side and calicular views of corallum with costal spines, $\times 4.3$, $\times 6$, respectively.

FIG. 10 f, i. — *Labyrinthocyathus* sp. A, KARUBAR stn 36 (MNHN), side and calicular views, $\times 4.4$, $\times 5.6$, respectively.

FIG. 10 g-h. — *Trochocyathus semperi* sp. nov., holotype, CORINDON 2 stn 251 (MNHN), side and calicular views, $\times 6.4$, $\times 7.5$, respectively.

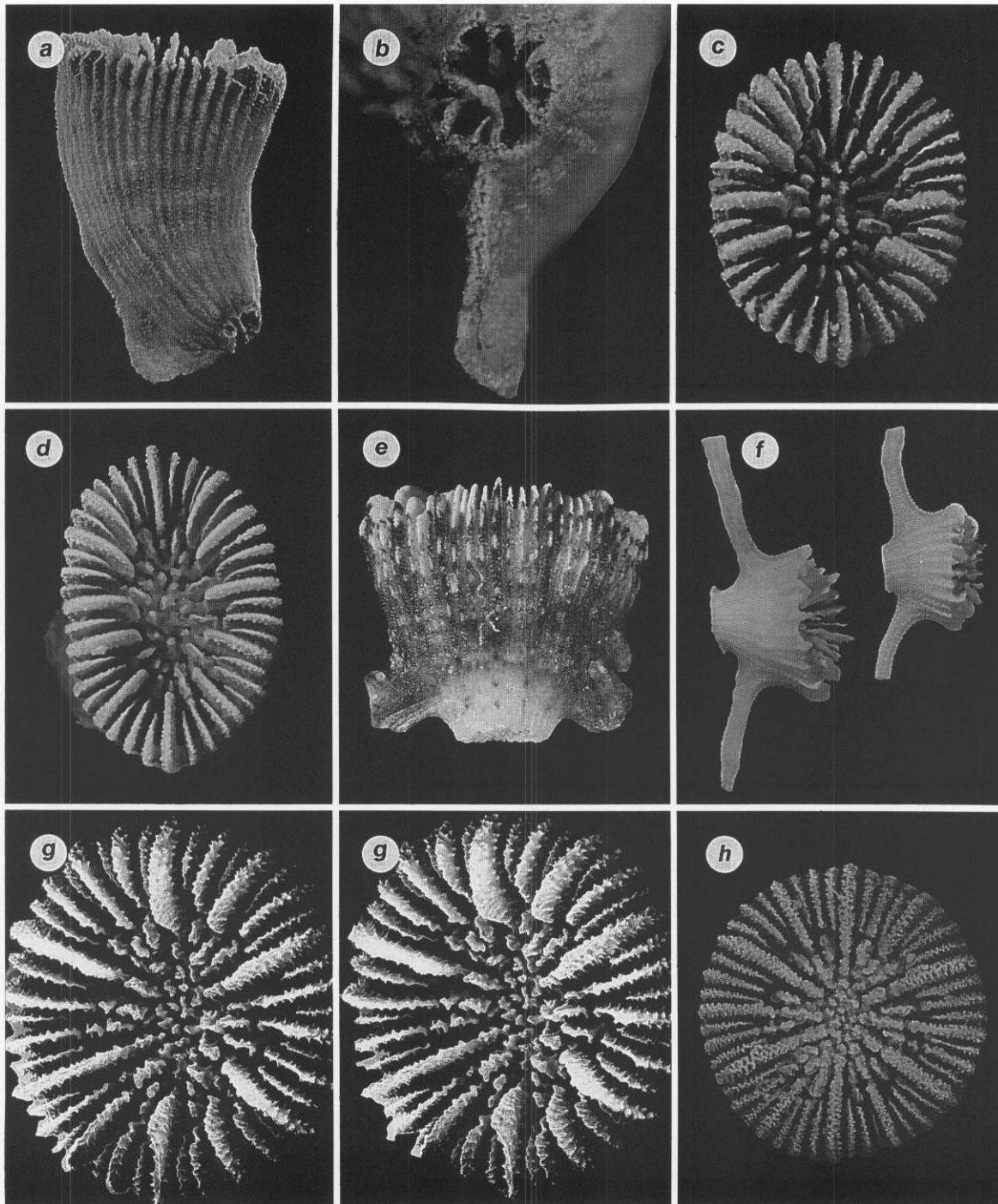


FIG. 11 a-d. — *Trochocyathus apertus* sp. nov.: a-c, holotype, "Albatross" stn 5164 (USNM 97087), side, open base, and calicular views, x 5.2, x 13, x 7.2, respectively. — d, paratype, MORTENSEN'S JAVA EXP., stn 9 (ZMUC), calice, x 5.3. FIG. 11 e. — *Trochocyathus cooperi* (Gardiner, 1905), MUSORSTOM 2 stn 47 (MNHN), side view of an anthocyathus, x 4. FIG. 11 f. — *Trochocyathus semperi* sp. nov., CORINDON 2 stn 251 (POLIP), 2 small coralla with costal spines, x 5.6. FIG. 11 g-h. — *Trochocyathus discus* sp. nov.: g, paratype, KARUBAR stn 3 (USNM 97105), stereo calicular view, x 7.5. — h, holotype, KARUBAR stn 3 (MNHN), calice, x 5.

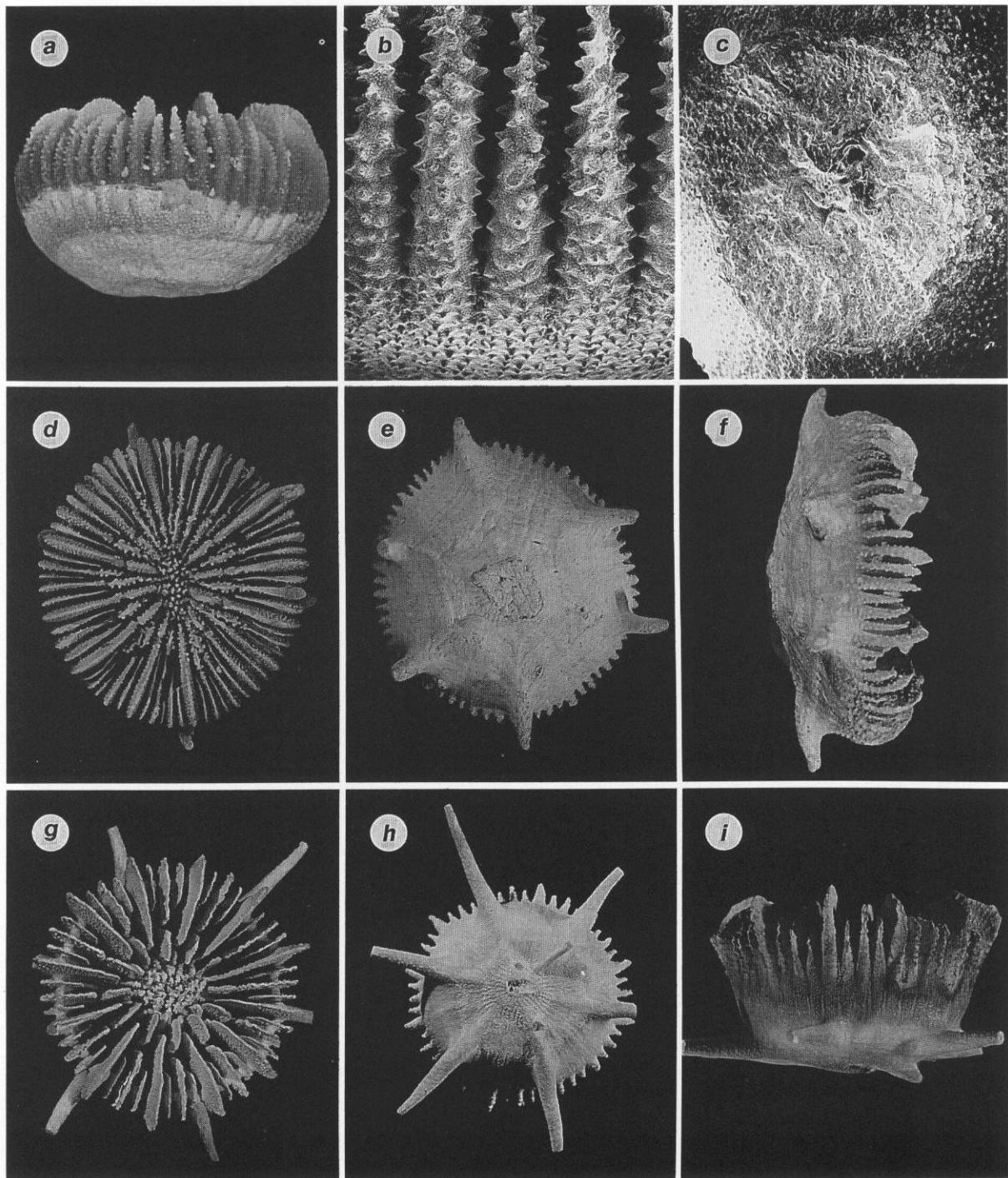


FIG. 12 a-c. — *Trochocyathus discus* sp. nov.: a, holotype, KARUBAR stn 3 (MNHN), side view, $\times 5.2$. — b-c, paratype, KARUBAR stn 3 (USNM 97105): b, costal granulation at calicular edge, $\times 25$; c, basal scar, $\times 14$.

FIG. 12 d-f. — *Trochocyathus brevispina* sp. nov., holotype, KARUBAR stn 3 (MNHN), calicular, basal, and side views, $\times 2.1$, $\times 2.1$, $\times 2.5$, respectively.

FIG. 12 g-i. — *Trochocyathus longispina* sp. nov., holotype, MUSORSTOM 1 stn 50 (MNHN), calicular, basal, and edge views, $\times 2.6$, $\times 2.1$, $\times 2.8$, respectively.

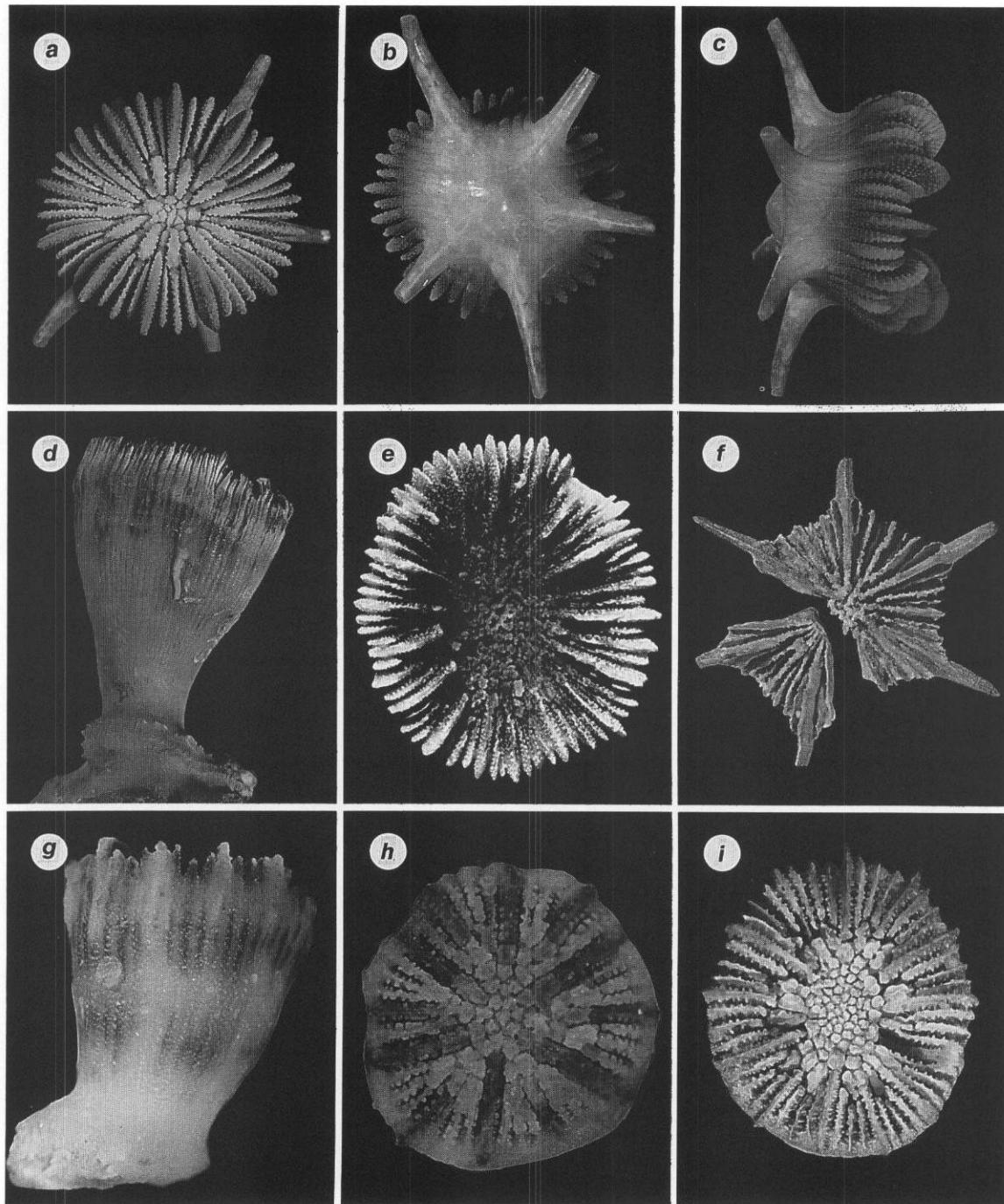


FIG. 13 a-c. — *Trochocyathus hastatus* Bourne, 1903, syntype, Tutanga (BMNH 1903.12.1.2), calicular, basal, and edge views, all $\times 3.4$.

FIG. 13 d-e. — *Paracyathus rotundatus* Semper, 1872: d, "Alpha Helix" stn 79-M21 (USNM 80015), side view, $\times 2.6$. — e, holotype, Philippines (NMW 8177), calice, $\times 4.2$.

FIG. 13 f. — *Stephanocyathus spiniger* (Marenzeller, 1888), "Siboga" stn 159 (ZMA Coel. 1305), holotype of *Odontocyathus stella*, $\times 3.2$.

FIG. 13 g-i. — *Paracyathus* sp.: g, "Challenger" stn 190 (BMNH), side view, $\times 9.2$. — h, DEKI (Ambon) (NNM), calice, $\times 13$. — i, "Siboga" stn 256 (ZMA Coel. 1306), calice, $\times 5.3$.

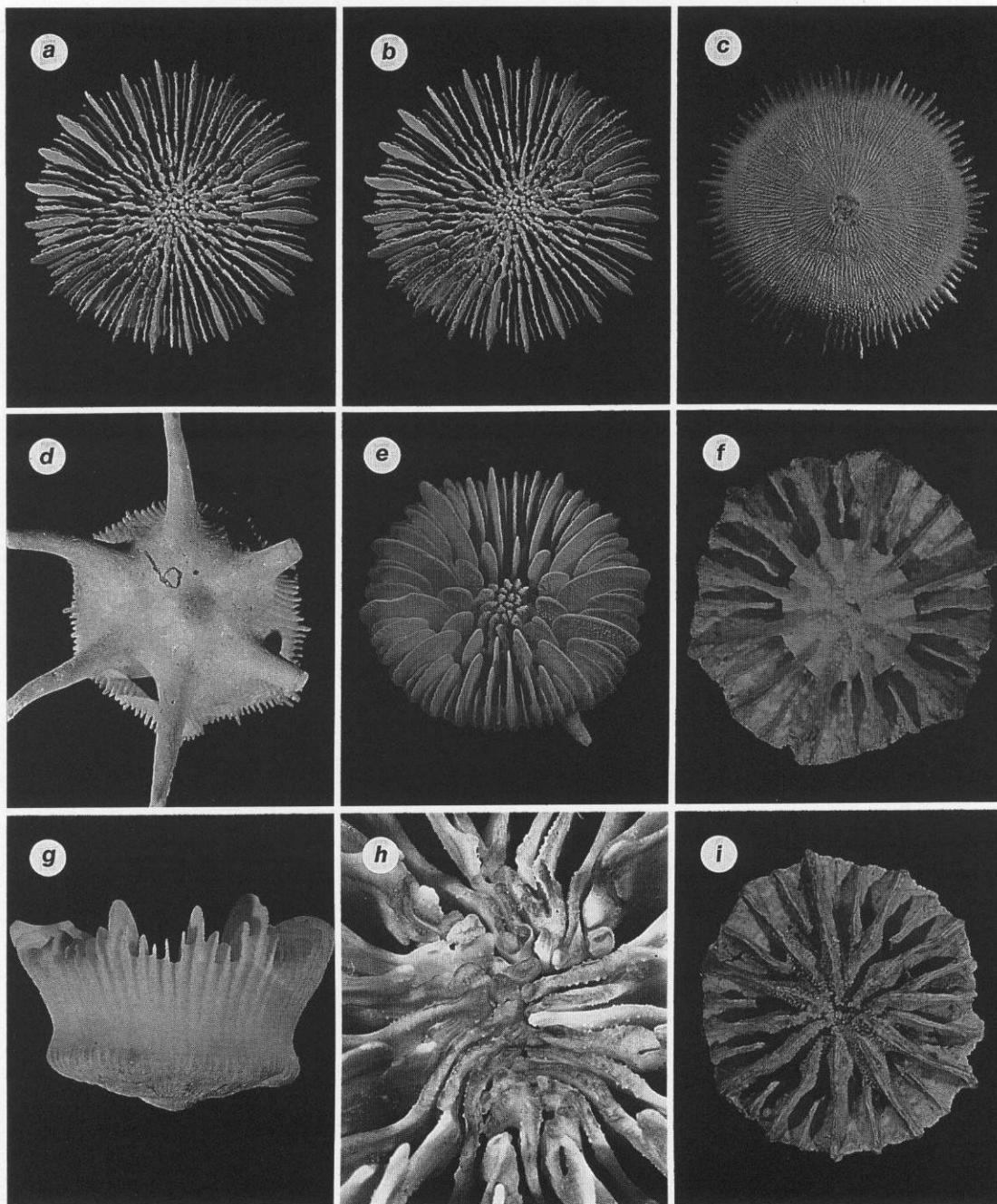


FIG. 14 a-c. — *Stephanocyathus regius* sp. nov., holotype, "Hakuho Maru" stn KH 72-1-26 (USNM 97122), stereo calicular and basal views, both $\times 1.7$.

FIG. 14 d. — *Stephanocyathus spiniger* (Marenzeller, 1888), "Siboga" stn 156 (ZMA Coel. 1304), base of syntype of *Odontocyathus sexradii*, $\times 1$.

FIG. 14 e. — *Stephanocyathus explanans* (Marenzeller, 1904), KARUBAR stn 40 (MNHN), oblique calicular view, $\times 2$.

FIG. 14 f. — "*Sabinotrochus*" *bipatella* Alcock, 1902, holotype, "Siboga" stn 284 (ZMA Coel. 1322), $\times 6$.

FIG. 14 g-h. — *Stephanocyathus weberianus* (Alcock, 1902): g, syntype, "Siboga" stn 284 (ZMA Coel. 1322), side, $\times 2$. — h, KARUBAR stn 91 (MNHN), labyrinthiform columella, $\times 2$.

FIG. 14 i. — "*Sabinotrochus*" *flatiliseptis* Alcock, 1902, holotype, "Siboga" stn 211 (ZMA Coel. 1315), $\times 4.4$.

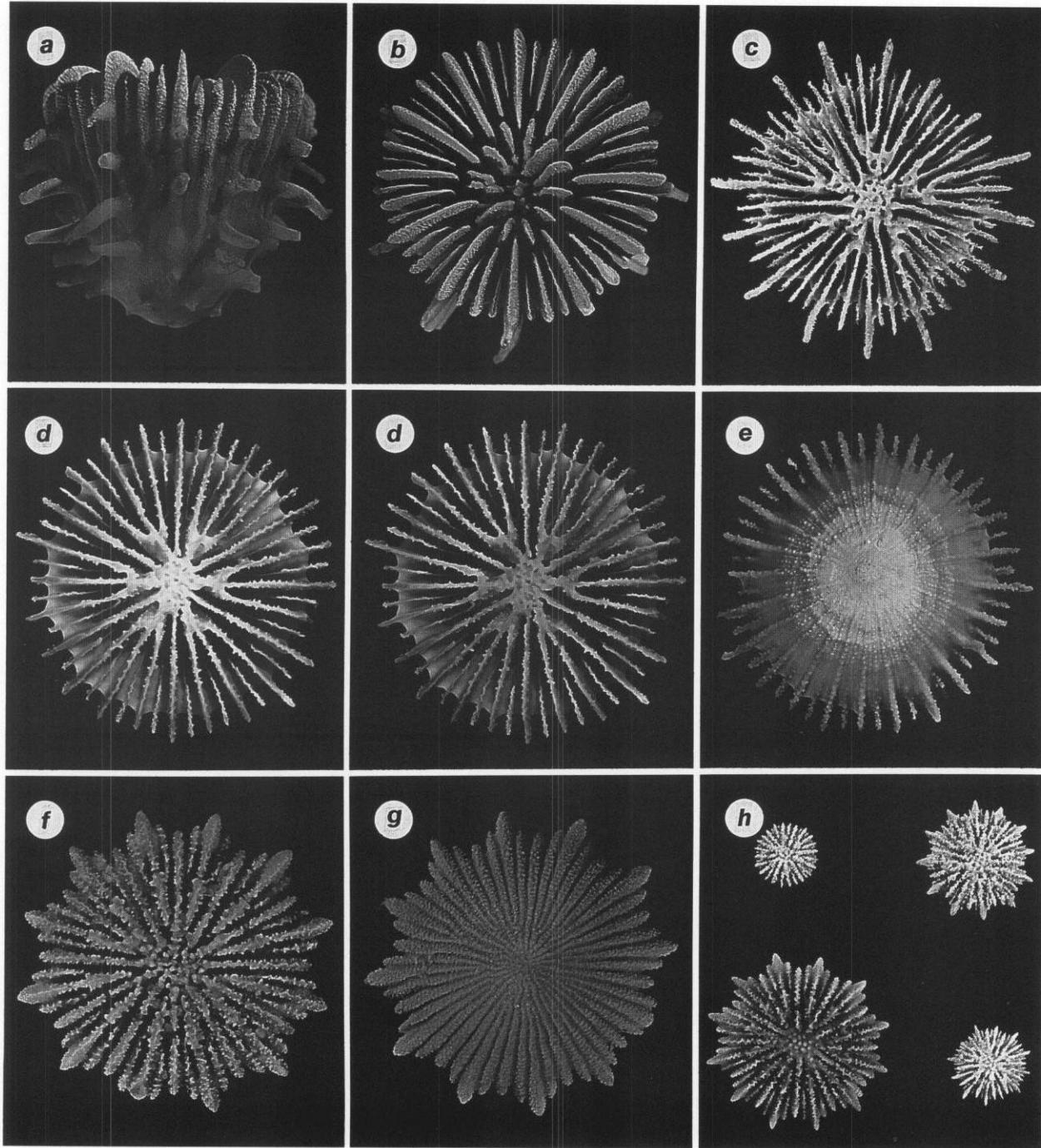


FIG. 15 a-b. — *Ericiocyathus echinatus* sp. nov., holotype, "Albatross" stn 5425 (USNM 97169), side and calicular views, both $\times 2.4$.

FIG. 15 c. — *Deltocyathus andamanicus* Alcock, 1898, "Albatross" stn 5417 (USNM 97185), calicular view, $\times 2.5$.

FIG. 15 d-e. — *Deltocyathus philippinensis* sp. nov., holotype, "Albatross" stn 5506 (USNM 97178), stereo calicular and basal views, both $\times 3.6$.

FIG. 15 f-h. — *Deltocyathus stella* sp. nov.: f-g, holotype, KARUBAR stn 1 (MNHN), calicular and basal views, both $\times 4.2$. — h, paratypes, KARUBAR stn 1 (MNHN), 4 coralla showing growth stages, $\times 3$.

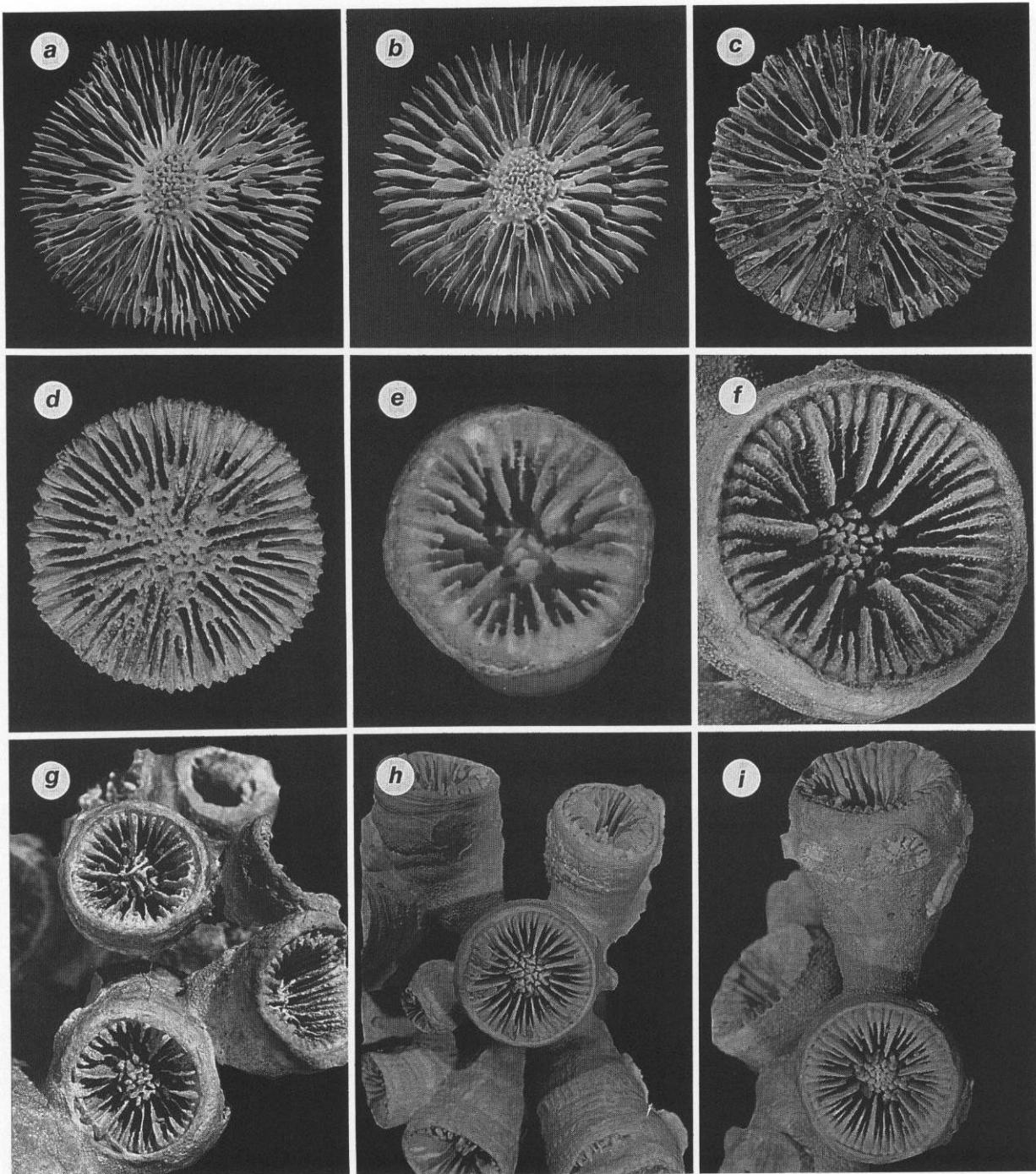


FIG. 16 a-c. — *Deltocyathus rotulus* (Alcock, 1898): a, "Albatross" stn 5582 (USNM 92727), corallum having P₁₋₄, x 1.4. — b, "Albatross" stn 5585, corallum with very small P₁₋₃ (USNM 97207), x 1.6. — c, "Siboga" stn 45 (ZMA), a worn syntype of *D. fragilis*, x 2.8.

FIG. 16 d. — *Deltocyathus suluensis*, Alcock, 1902, syntype, "Siboga" stn 95 (ZMA Coel. 5442), x 3.6.

FIG. 16 e. — *Conotrochus brunneus* Moseley, 1881, holotype, "Challenger" stn 194 (BMNH 1880.11.25.62), x 10.1.

FIG. 16 f-i. — *Lochmaeotrochus oculatus* Alcock, 1902: f, h-i, KARUBAR stn 13 (MNHN): calice and corallites from same colony, x 5.6, x 2.5, x 2.5, respectively. — g, syntype, "Siboga" stn 259 (ZMA Coel. 700), x 3.4.

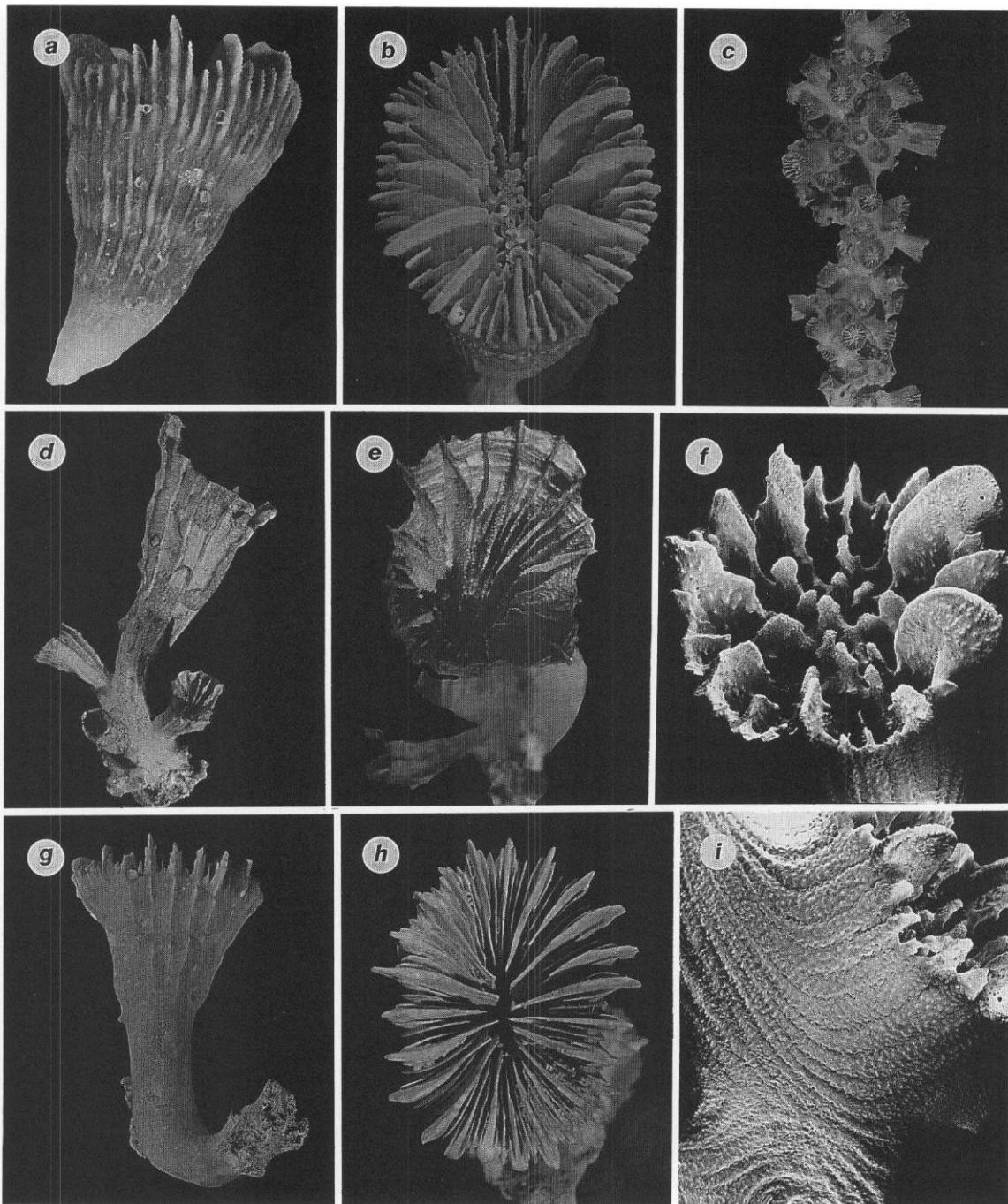


FIG. 17 a-b. — *Asterosmilia marchadi* (Chevalier, 1966), MORTENSEN'S JAVA EXP., stn 8 (ZMUC): a, side of corallum showing several detachment scars, $\times 3.4$; b, oblique calicular view, $\times 3.4$.

FIG. 17 c, f, i. — *Phyllangia papuensis* Studer, 1878, MUSORSTOM 2 stn 47 (MNHN), colony, calice, and costal granulation, $\times 0.75$, $\times 11.3$, $\times 12.1$, respectively.

FIG. 17 d-e. — *Thalamophyllia tenuescens* (Gardiner, 1899), CORINDON 2 stn 248 (MNHN), side and calicular views of a colony, $\times 1.6$, $\times 2.7$, respectively.

FIG. 17 g-h. — *Desmophyllum dianthus* (Esper, 1794), "Siboga" stn 259 (ZMA Coel. 1242), side and calicular views, $\times 1.2$, $\times 2$, respectively.

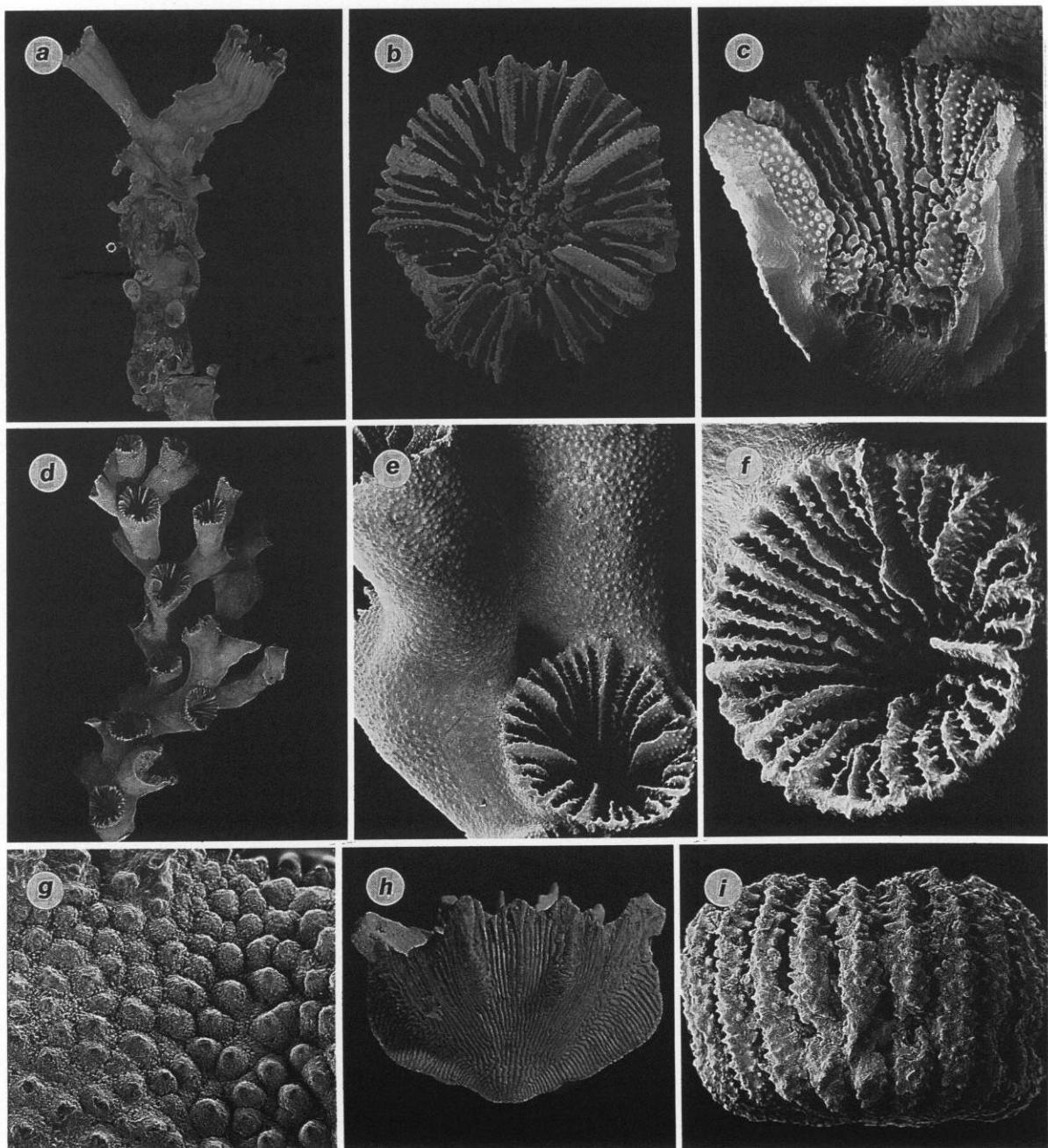


FIG. 18 a-b. — *Rhizosmilia elata* sp. nov., holotype, "Albatross" stn 5244 (USNM 97304), corallum and calice, $\times 0.83$, $\times 4$, respectively.

FIG. 18 c-g. — *Sympodangia albatrossi* sp. nov.: c, g, paratypes, KARUBAR stn 18 (USNM 97311): c, longitudinal fracture showing septal dentition, $\times 15.1$; g, costal granulation over a barnacle, $\times 43$. — d, holotype, "Albatross" stn 5398 (USNM 97308), $\times 1.8$. — e-f, paratypes, "Albatross" stn 5398 (USNM 97309), branch and calice, $\times 10.1$, $\times 23$, respectively.

FIG. 18 h. — *Alatotrochus rubescens* (Moseley, 1876), MUSORSTOM 3 stn 102 (MNHN), side view showing enlarged C₁, $\times 2.5$.

FIG. 18 i. — *Peponocyathus minimus* (Yabe & Eguchi, 1937), "Albatross" stn 5586 (USNM 97360), side view showing incipient transverse division, $\times 22$.

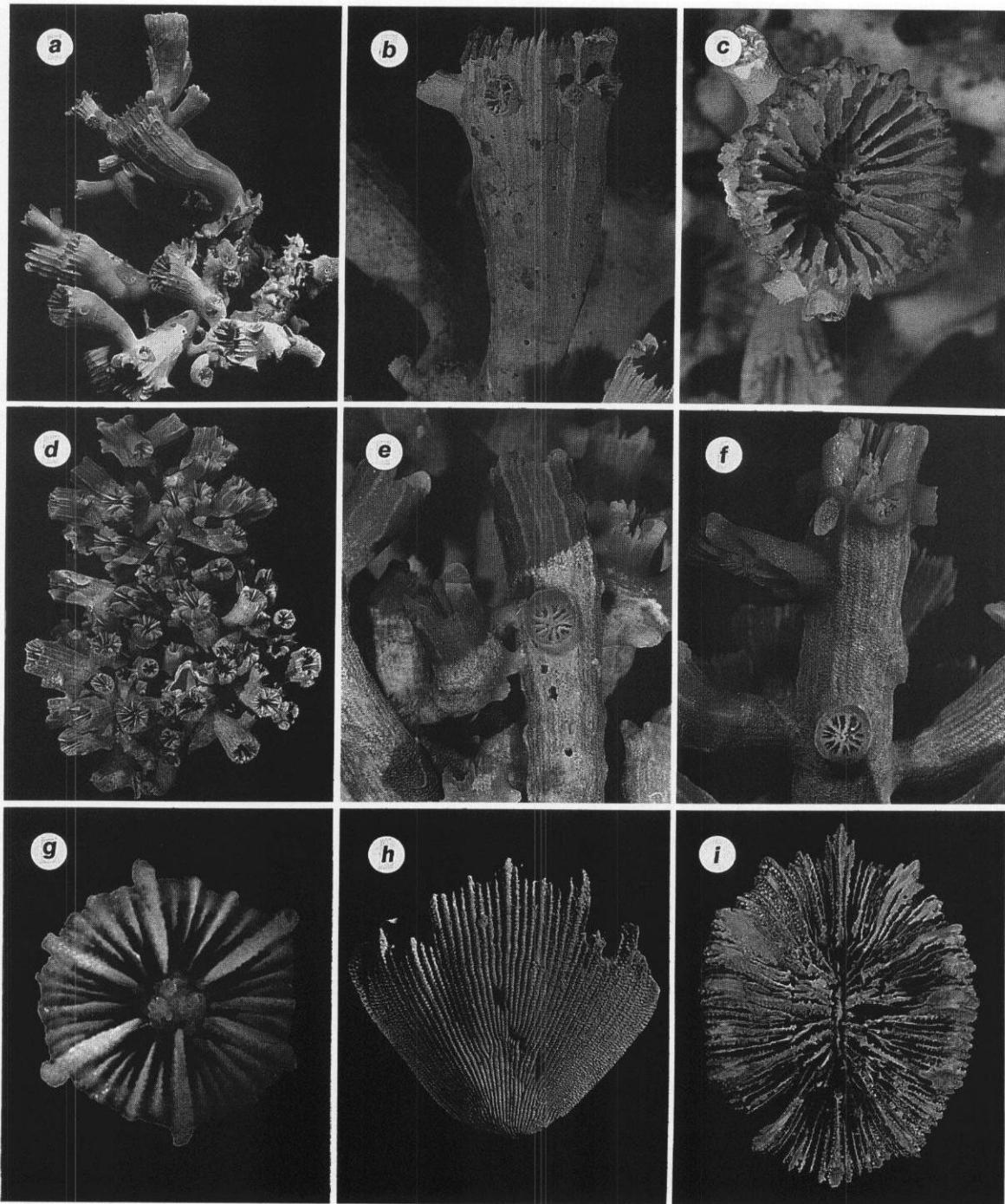


FIG. 19 a-c. — *Coenosmilia arbuscula* Pourtalès, 1874, "Albatross" stn 5543 (USNM 97312), colony, corallite with small buds, and calice, $\times 0.8$, $\times 2.1$, $\times 3.2$, respectively.

FIG. 19 d-g. — *Confluphyllia juncta* sp. nov.: d-f, holotype, KARUBAR stn 25 (MNHN): d, colony, $\times 0.8$; e, corallites united by coenosteal bridges, $\times 2.4$; f, distal branch, $\times 2.4$. — g, paratype, KARUBAR stn 25 (USNM 97316), calice showing columella, $\times 7.5$.

FIG. 19 h-i. — "*Tropidocyathus*" *pileus* (Alcock, 1902), KARUBAR stn 2 (POLIPI), side and calicular views of corallum with S5, $\times 2$, $\times 2.3$, respectively.

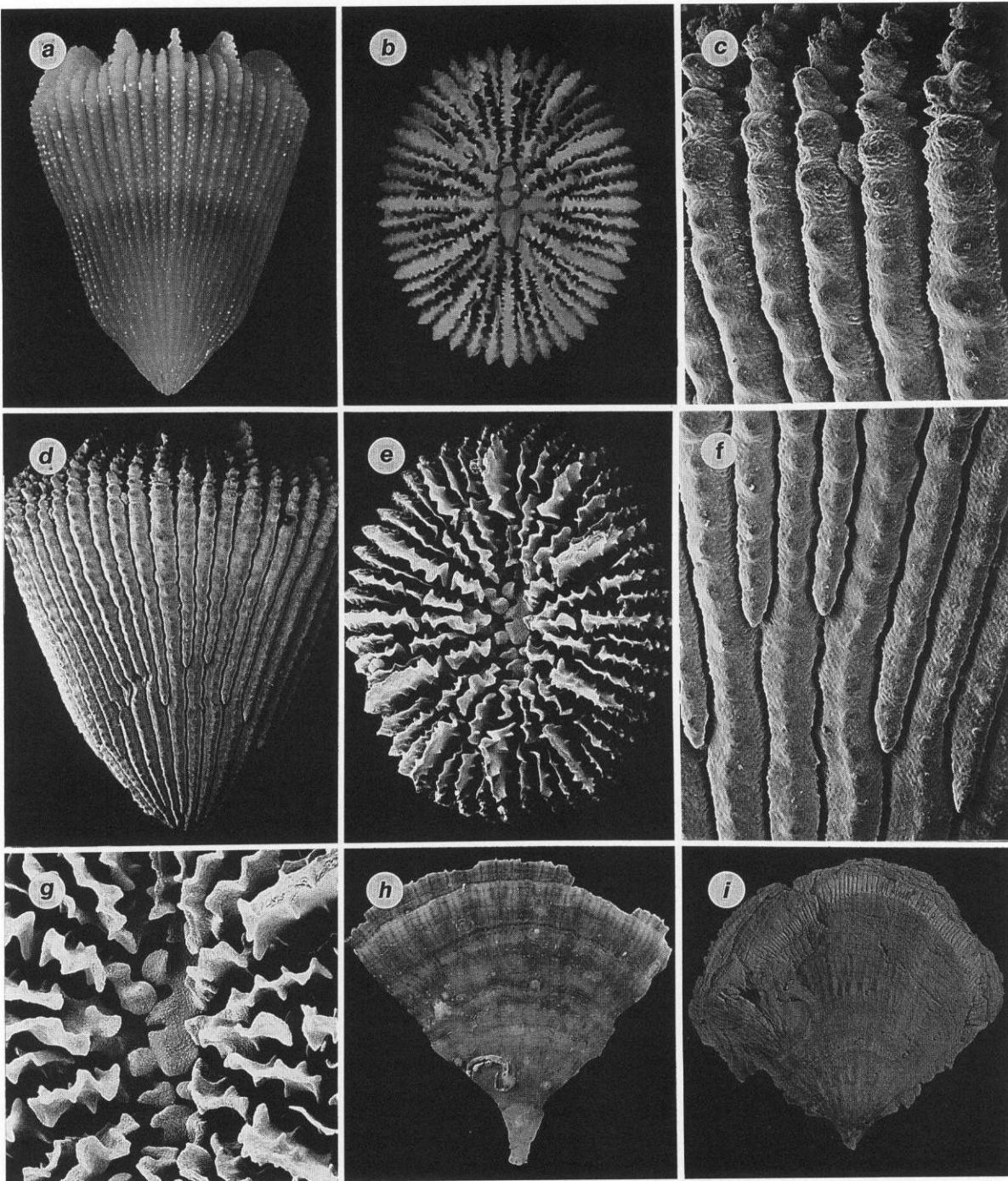


FIG. 20 a-g. — *"Tropidocyathus" labidus* sp. nov.: a-b, holotype, KARUBAR stn 2 (MNHN), side and calicular views, x 5.4, x 6.6, respectively. — c-g, paratypes, KARUBAR stn 2 (MNHN): c, costal granulation near calice, x 30.5; d-e, side and calicular views, x 9.1, x 9.8, respectively; f, higher cycle costal origins near base, x 30.5; g, enlargement of pali and columella, x 20.

FIG. 20 h. — *Flabellum pavoninum* Lesson, 1831, MUSORSTOM 3 stn 131 (USNM 97455), side view, x 2.1.

FIG. 20 i. — *Flabellum patens* Moseley, 1881, KARUBAR stn 31 (MNHN), side of corallum showing band of discolouration (erosion) caused by *Lumbrineris* polychaete, x 1.

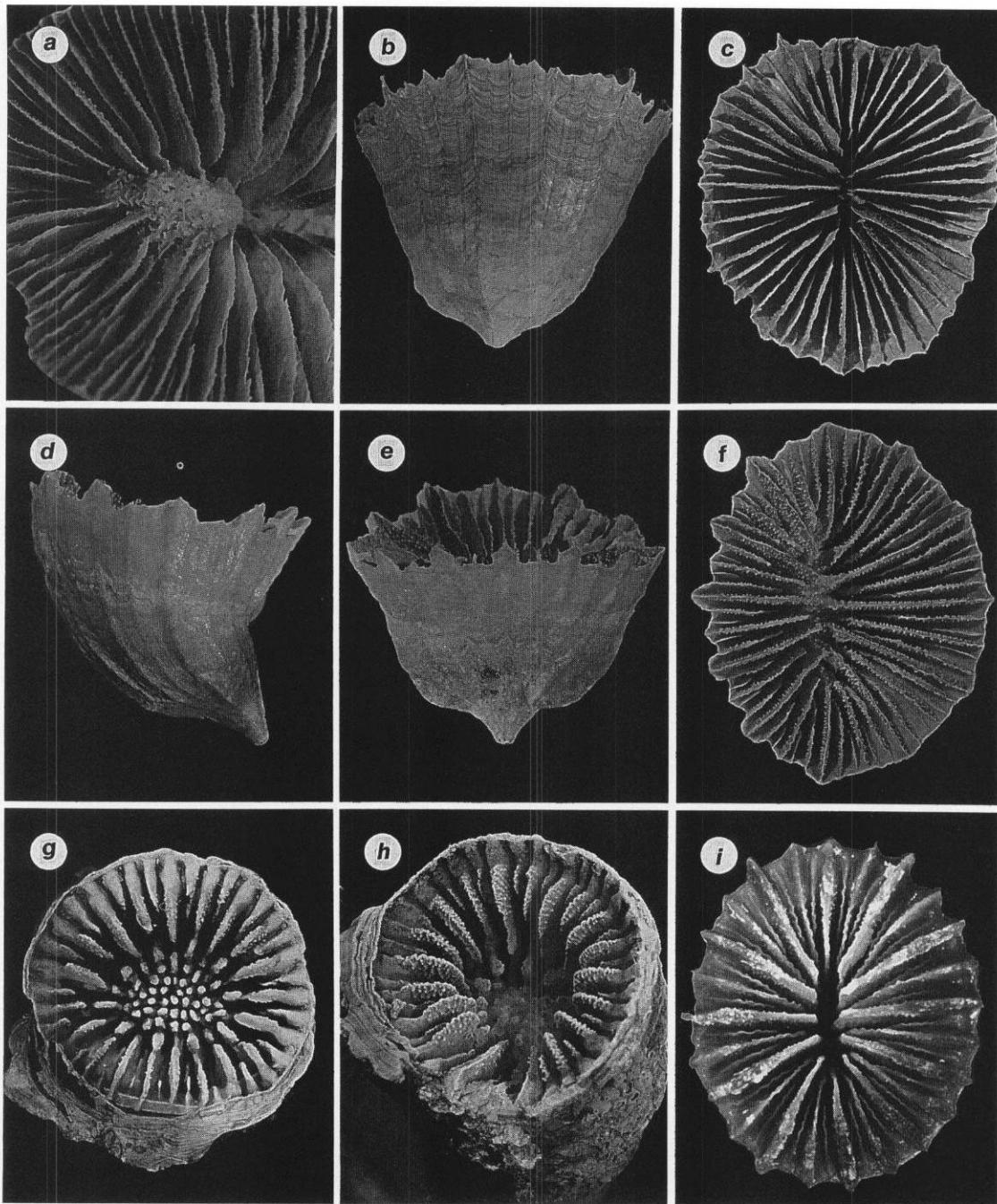


FIG. 21 a. — *Flabellum lamellulosum* Alcock, 1902, MUSORSTOM 1 stn 71 (MNHN), columellar gall of a petrarcid ascothoracid crustacean, x 3.

FIG. 21 b-c. — *Flabellum conuis* Moseley, 1881, "Hakuho Maru" stn KH72-1-8 (USNM 97472), side and calicular views, x 1, x 1.1, respectively.

FIG. 21 d-f. — *Flabellum* sp., MUSORSTOM 2 stn 78 (MNHN), edge, side, and calicular views, x 1.7, x 1.6, x 1.8, respectively.

FIG. 21 g-h. — *Gardineria paradoxa* (Pourtales, 1868): g, Barbados (USNM 80893), calice, x 4.1. — h, KARUBAR stn 5 (MNHN), calice, x 4.1.

FIG. 21 i. — *Javania pachytheca* Cairns, 1995, "Albatross" stn 5634 (USNM 97496), calicular view, x 6.3.

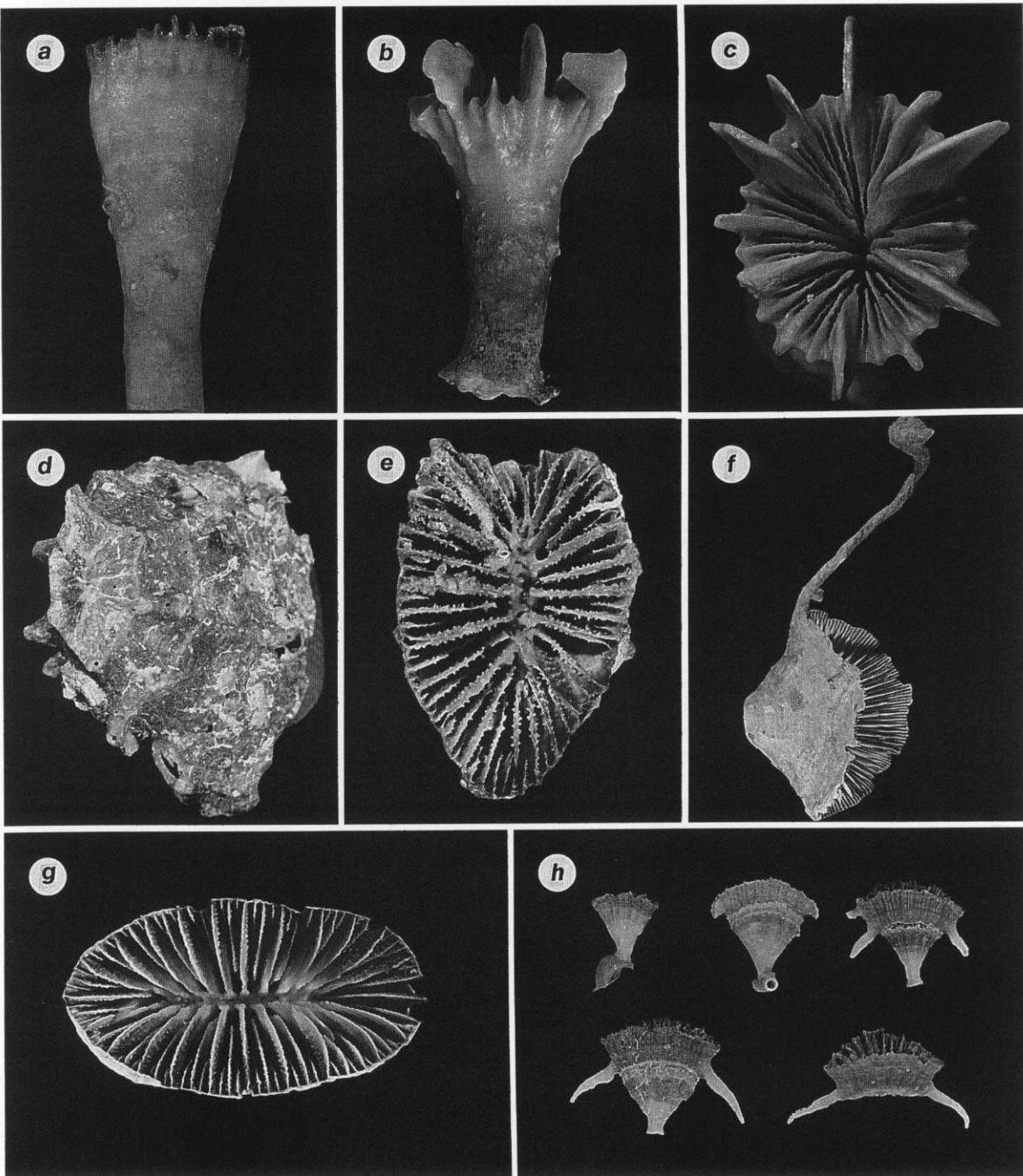


FIG. 22 a. — *Javania pachytheca* Cairns, 1995, "Albatross" stn 5634 (USNM 97486), side view, x 3.1.

FIG. 22 b-c. — *Javania* sp., KARUBAR stn 44 (MNHN), side and calicular views, x 1.9, x 3.4, respectively.

FIG. 22 d-e. — *Rhizotrochus "typus"* H. Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848, DEKI stn 25 (NNM 23096): d, oblique view of base showing scar of transverse division, x 2.9; e, calice, x 2.9.

FIG. 22 f. — *Truncatoflabellum paripavoninum* (Alcock, 1894), KARUBAR stn 71 (MNHN), corallum with suberitid sponge attached, x 0.52.

FIG. 22 g-h. — *Truncatoflabellum mortenseni* sp. nov.: g, holotype, MORTENSEN'S JAVA EXP. stn 5 (ZMUC), calice, x 3.3. — h, paratypes, MORTENSEN'S JAVA EXP. stn 5 (USNM 97522), 5 small coralla illustrating stages of the transverse division process, x 1.7.

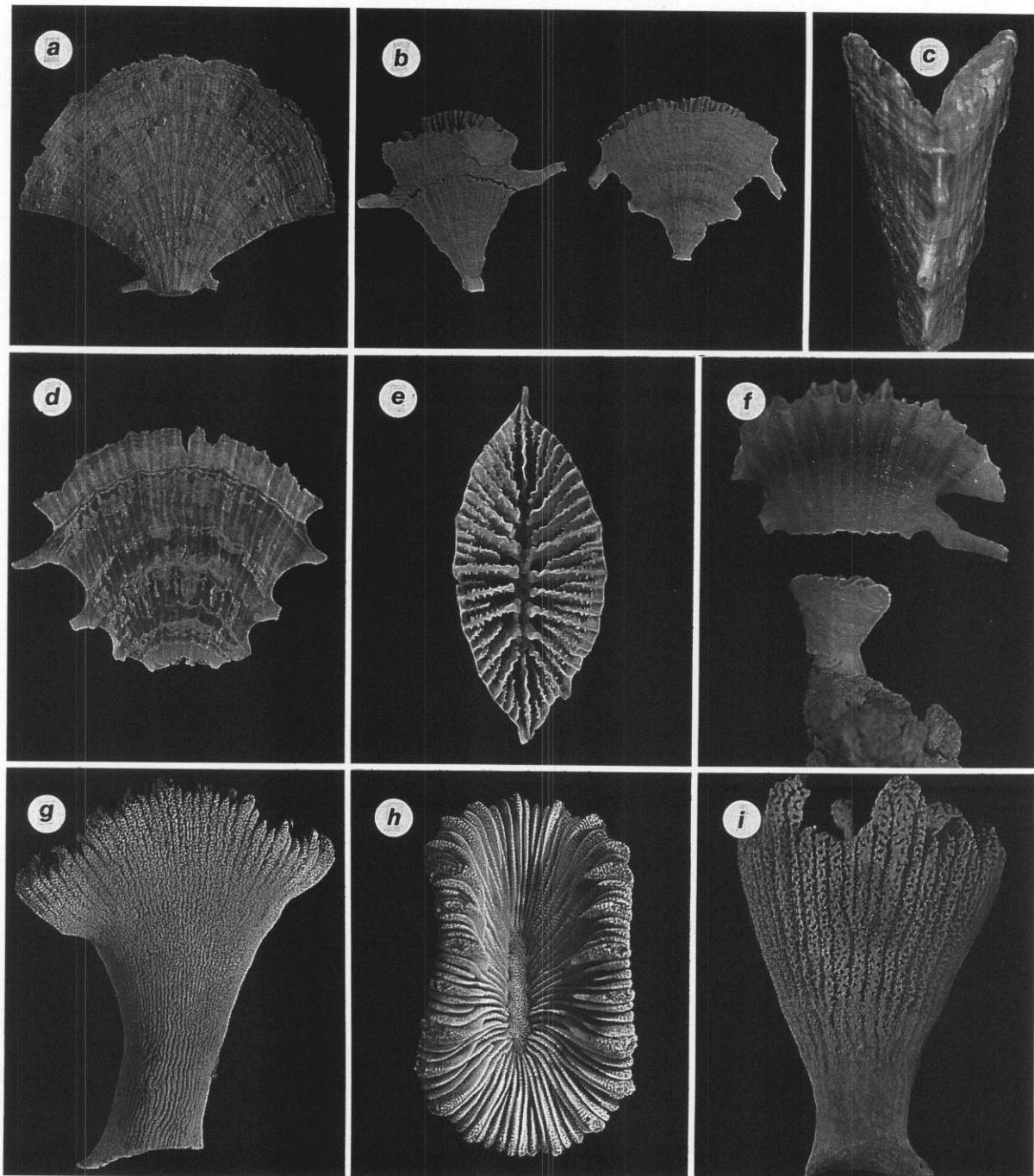


FIG. 23 a-b. — *Truncatoflabellum spheniscus* (Dana, 1846), "Hakuho Maru" stn KH72-1-30 (USNM 97501): a, side view, x 1.1; b, 2 anthocauli, one in process of dividing, x 1.8.

FIG. 23 c-f. — *Truncatoflabellum angustum* sp. nov.: c-e, holotype, MUSORSTOM 3 stn 143 (MNHN), edge, side, and calicular views, x 4.5, x 3.3, x 3.7, respectively. — f, paratype, MUSORSTOM 3 stn 130 (MNHN), anthocyathus and anthocaulus of same specimen, x 5.8.

FIG. 23 g-h. — *Balanophyllia desmophylloides* Vaughan, 1907, MUSORSTOM 1 stn 3 (MNHN), side and calicular views, x 1.5, x 1.7, respectively.

FIG. 23 i. — *Balanophyllia parvula* Moseley, 1881, KARUBAR stn 49 (MNHN), side view, x 3.3.

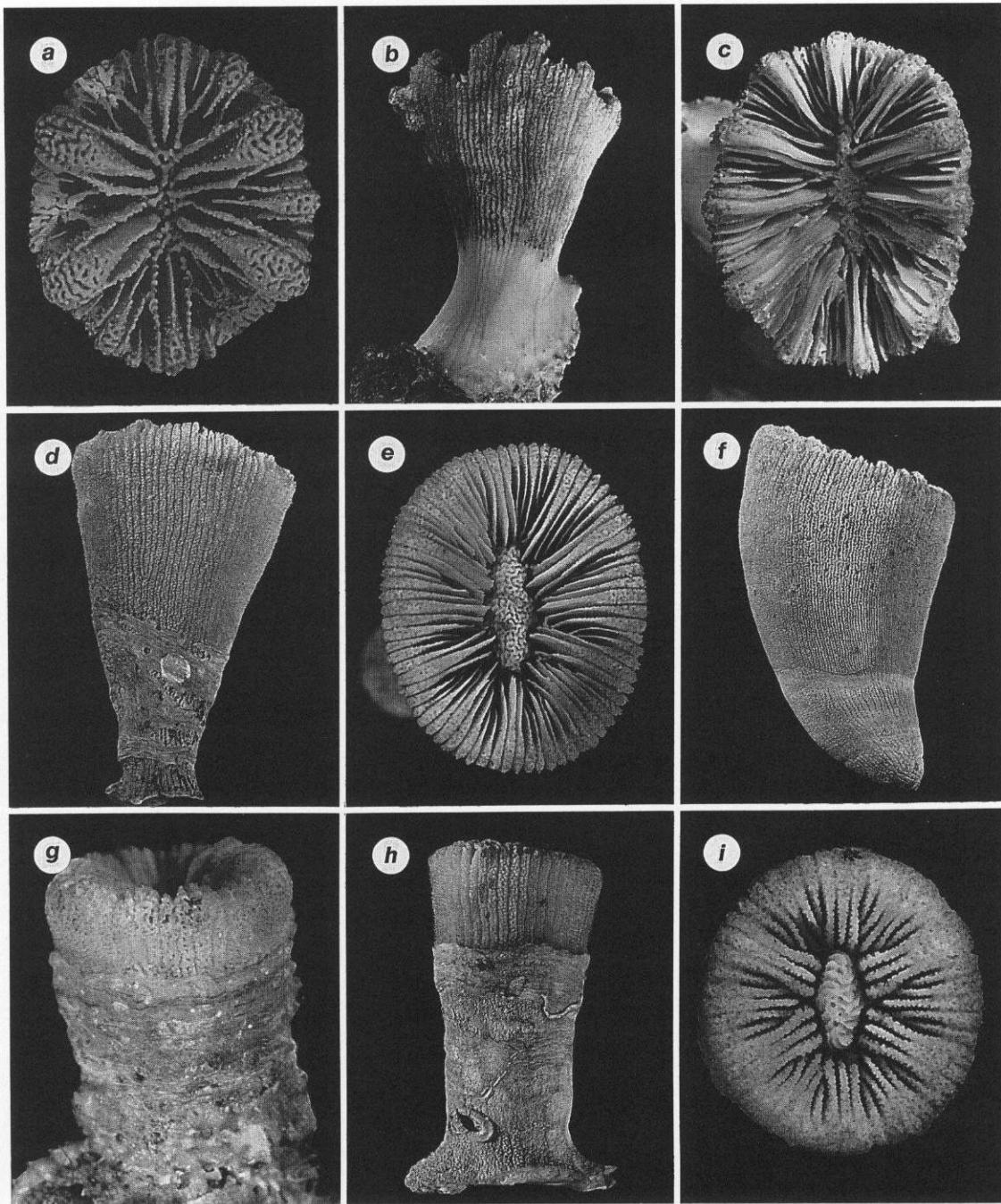


FIG. 24 a. — *Balanophyllia parvula* Moseley, 1881, KARUBAR stn 49 (MNHN), calice, $\times 4.7$.

FIG. 24 b-c. — *Balanophyllia serrata* sp. nov., holotype, MUSORSTOM 1 stn 69 (MNHN), side and calicular views, $\times 1.1$, $\times 1.6$, respectively.

FIG. 24 d-f. — *Balanophyllia cornu* Moseley, 1881: d-e, "Albatross" stn 5280 (USNM 97574), side and calicular views of attached form, $\times 2.1$, $\times 3.1$, respectively. — f, "Albatross" stn 5313 (USNM 92880), side view of curved form, $\times 1.4$.

FIG. 24 g-i. — *Balanophyllia gemma* (Moseley, 1881): g, i, holotype, "Challenger" stn 201 (BMNH 1880.11.25.147), side and calicular views, $\times 5.2$, $\times 6.6$, respectively. — h, "Albatross" stn 5135 (USNM 97592), side view showing epitheca.

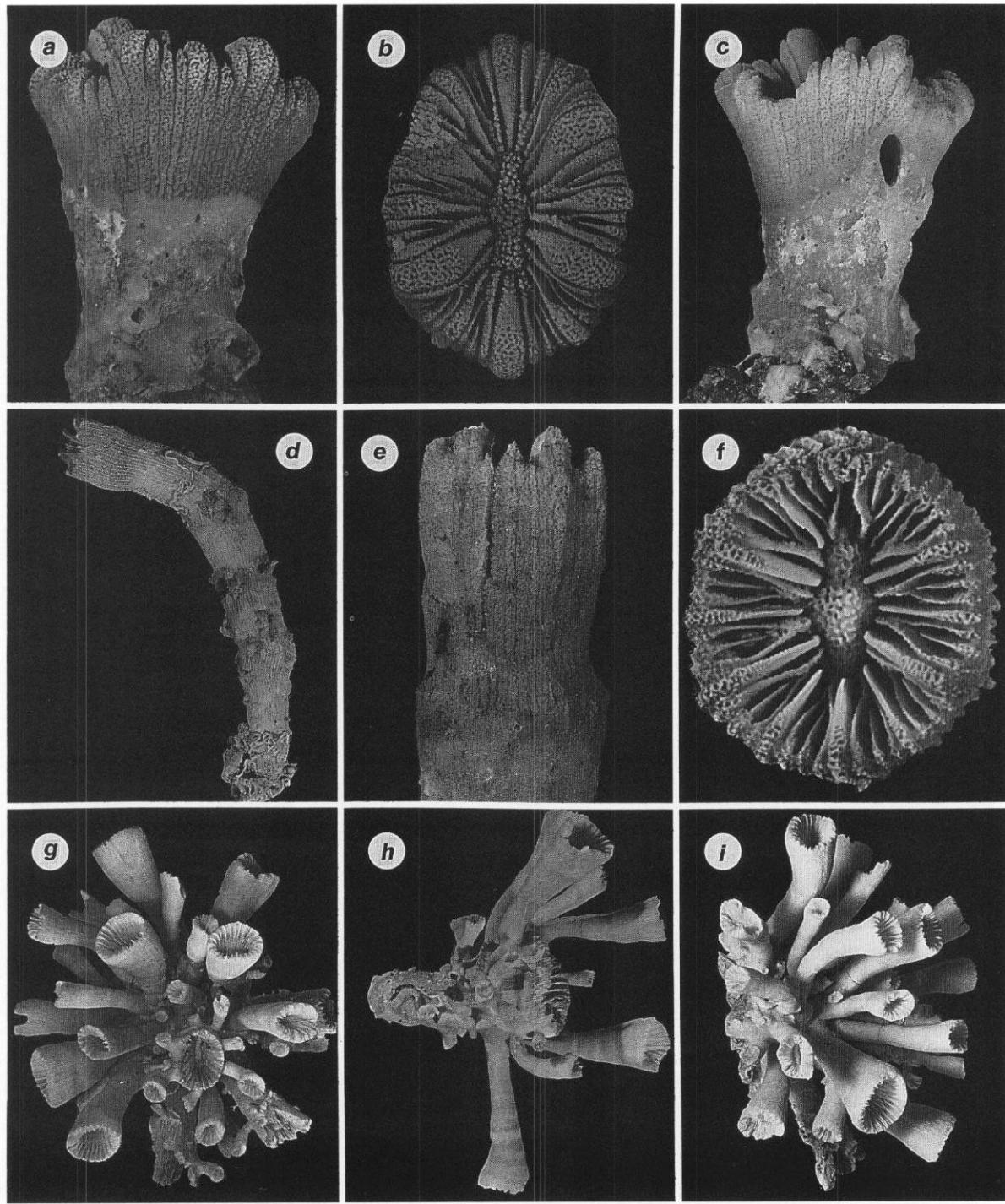


FIG. 25 a-c. — *Balanophyllia crassiseptum* sp. nov., holotype, KARUBAR stn 50 (MNHN): a-b, side and calicular views, x 3.2, x 3.8, respectively; c, other side showing boring of an acrothoracican cirripede, x 2.9.

FIG. 25 d-f. — *Balanophyllia rediviva* Moseley, 1881, KARUBAR stn 22 (MNHN), corallum, costae, and calice of same specimen, x 1.1, x 3.2, x 6.5, respectively.

FIG. 25 g-i. — *Balanophyllia generatrix* sp. nov.: g, i, paratype, "Siboga" stn 41 (ZMA 5538), top and side view of same pseudocolony, both x 0.6. — h, holotype, KARUBAR stn 82 (MNHN), x 0.6.

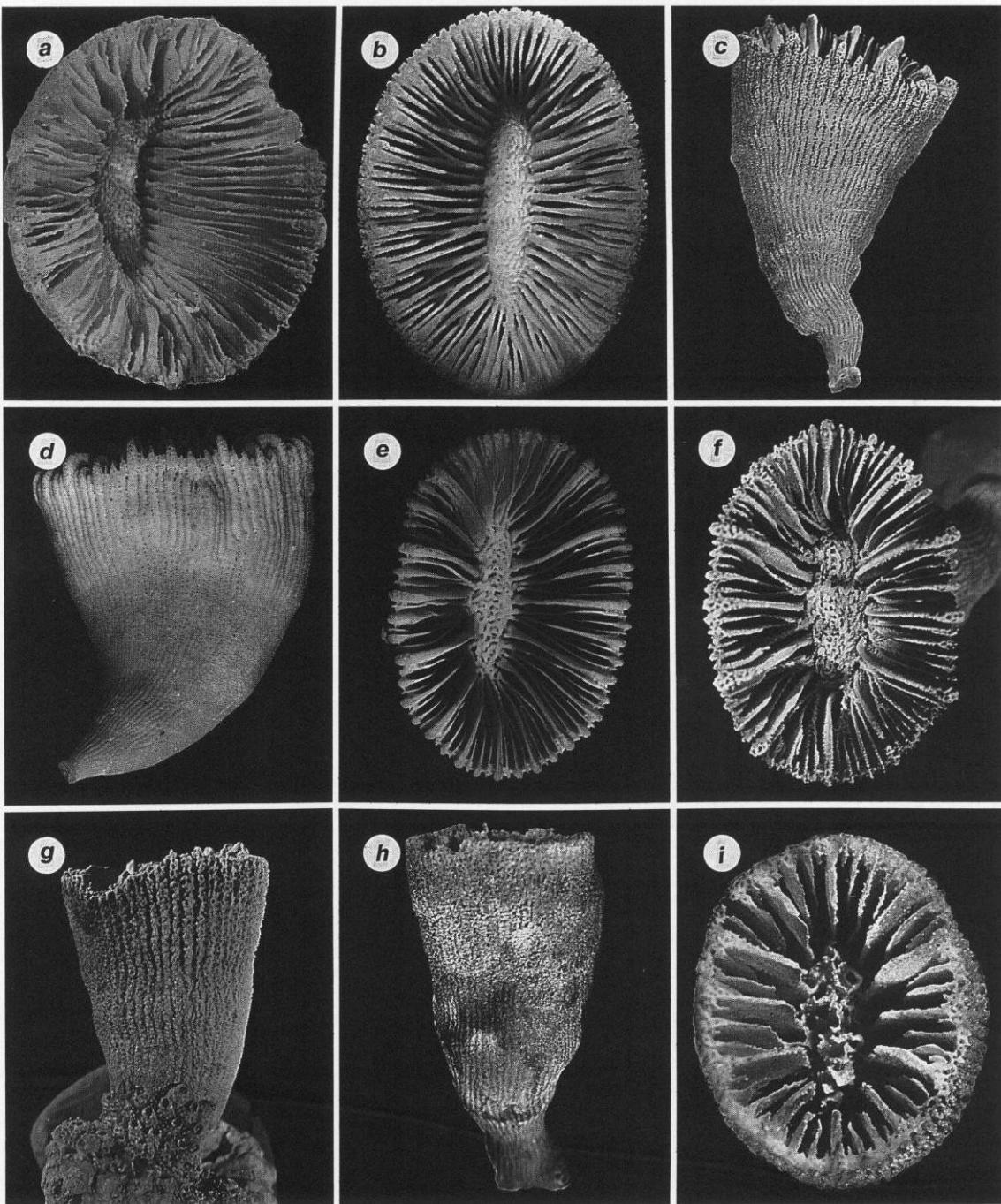


FIG. 26 a-b. — *Balanophyllia generatrix* sp. nov., paratype, "Siboga" stn 41 (ZMA Coel. 5538), 2 calicular views, both $\times 3.4$.

FIG. 26 c-f. — *Balanophyllia imperialis* Saville Kent, 1871: c, f, "Hakuho Maru" stn KH72-1-30 (USNM 97608), side and calicular views, $\times 2$, $\times 3.8$, respectively. — d-e, holotype, Singapore (BMNH 1984.4.27.3), side and calicular views, $\times 1.4$, $\times 1.7$, respectively.

FIG. 26 g-i. — *Leptopsammia stokesiana* H. Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848: g, MORTENSEN'S PACIFIC EXP. (Jolo Island) (NNM), side view, $\times 3.8$. — h-i, holotype, Philippines (BMNH 1855.12.27.1), side and calicular views, $\times 2.9$, $\times 5.5$, respectively.

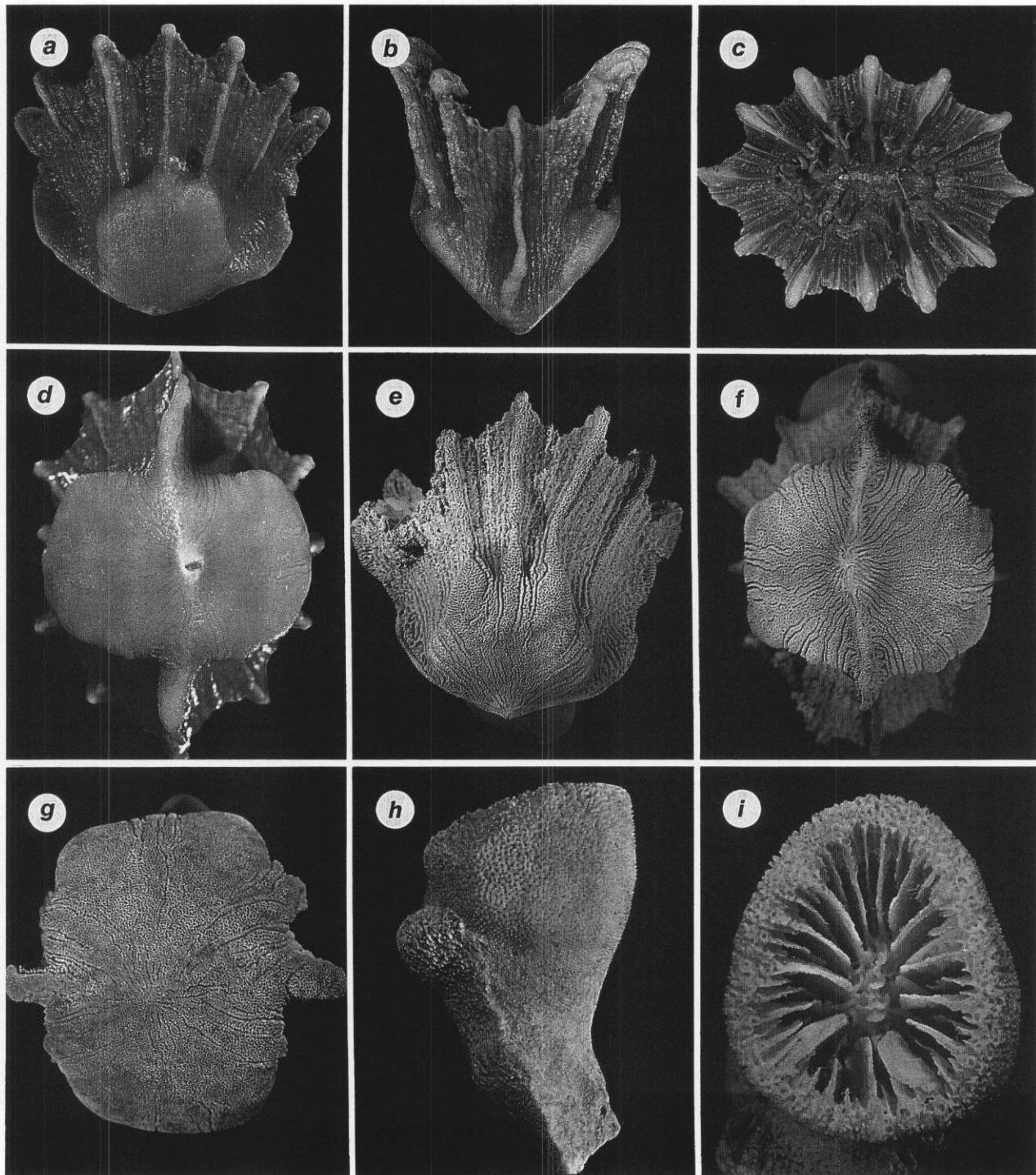


FIG. 27 a-g. — *Endopachys bulbosa* sp. nov.: a-d, holotype, KARUBAR stn 62 (MNHN), side, edge, calicular, and basal views, $\times 1.1$, $\times 1.2$, $\times 1.15$, $\times 1.4$, respectively; e-g, paratypes, KARUBAR stn 62 (MNHN): e-g, side and 2 basal views showing basal thickening and broad C₁₋₂, $\times 1.3$, $\times 1.8$, $\times 1.9$, respectively.

FIG. 27 h-i. — *Leptopsammia crassa* van der Horst, 1922, holotype, "Siboga" stn 258 (ZMA Coel. 8462), side and calicular views, $\times 2.8$, $\times 4.5$, respectively.

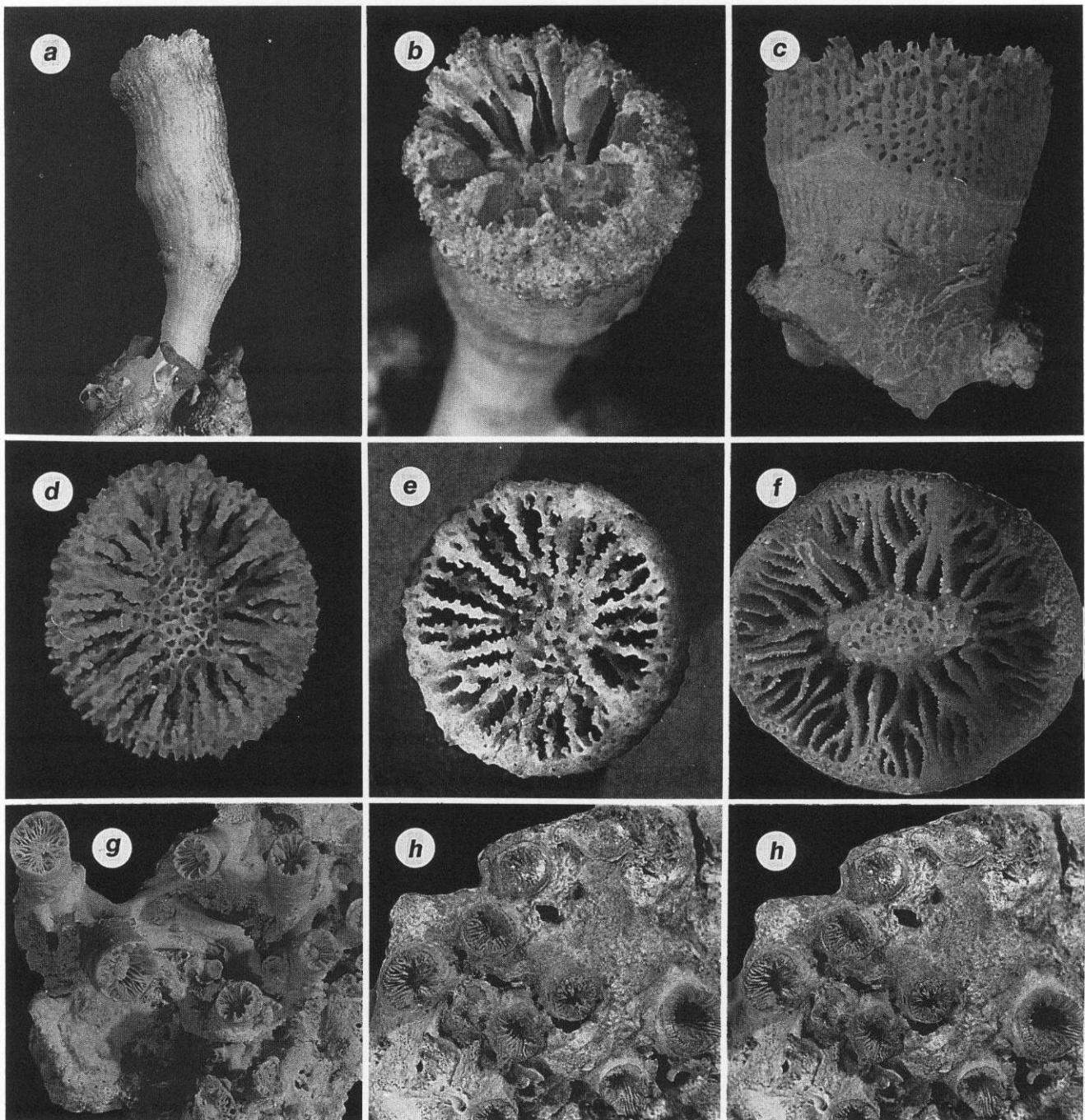


FIG. 28 a-b. — *Leptopsammia poculum* (Alcock, 1902), holotype, "Siboga" stn 260, side and calicular views, x 2.6, x 7, respectively.

FIG. 28 c-e. — *Endopsammia philippensis* H. Milne Edwards & Haime, 1848, "Siboga" stn 213 (ZMA Coel. 568), (*Balanophyllia regularis* of van der Horst, 1922), side and calicular views, x 5.8, x 6, x 6.8, respectively.

FIG. 28 f-g. — *Rhizopsammia verrilli* van der Horst, 1922, syntype, "Siboga" stn 282 (ZMA Coel. 5478), calice and reptoid colony, x 6.1, x 1, respectively.

FIG. 28 h. — *Rhizopsammia minuta* van der Horst, 1922, holotype, "Siboga" stn 279, ZMA Coel. 6896, stereo view of colony, x 1.7.

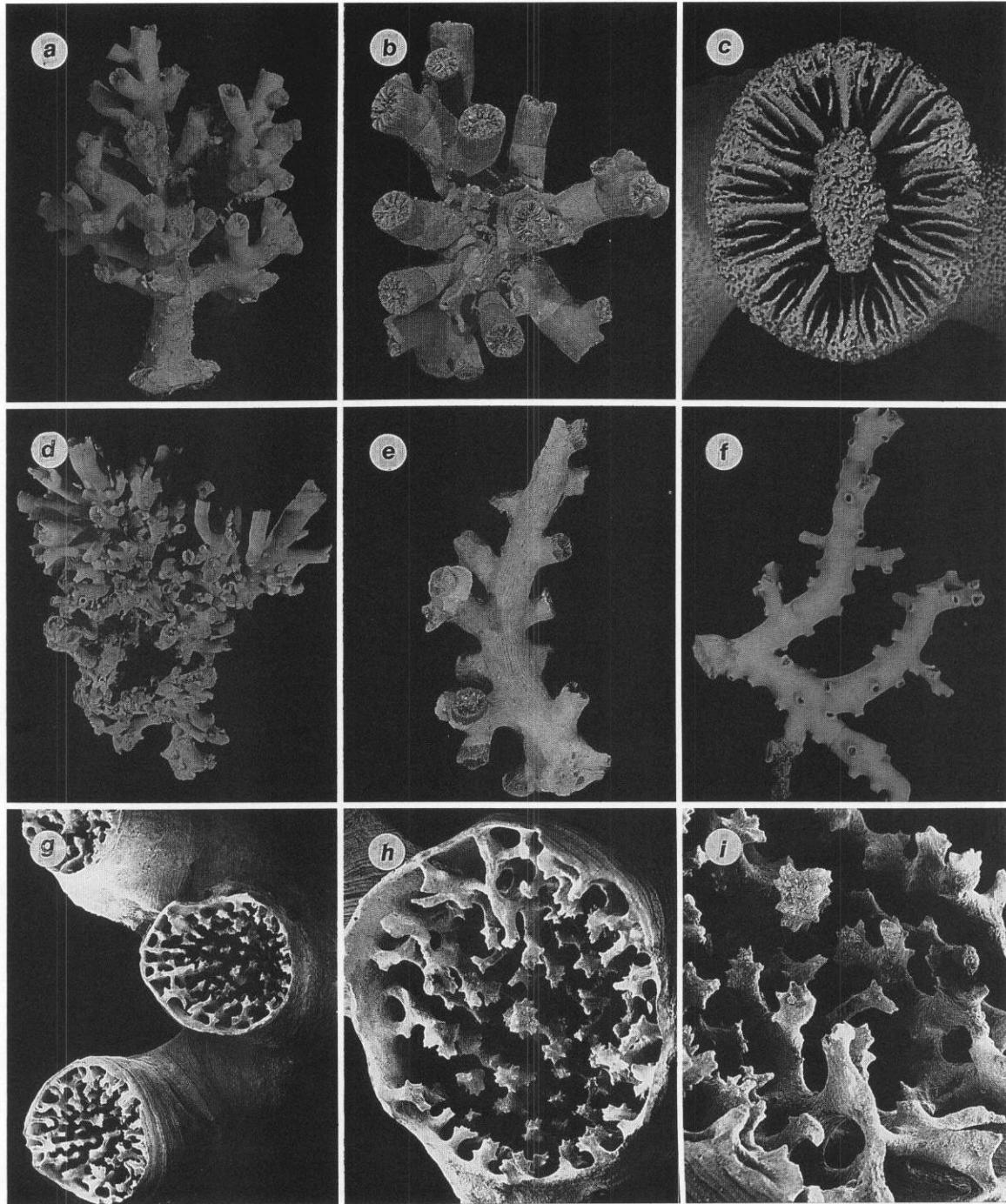


FIG. 29 a-c. — *Dendrophyllia arbuscula* van der Horst, 1922: a, syntype, "Siboga" stn 277 (ZMA Coel. 5477), x 0.75. — b-c, "Albatross" stn 5279 (USNM 97630), colony and calice, x 0.81, x 4.4, respectively.

FIG. 29 d. — *Cladopsammia echinata* Cairns 1984, KARUBAR stn 86 (USNM 97628), colony, x 0.55.

FIG. 29 e. — *Dendrophyllia* sp. cf. *D. ijimai*, "Siboga" stn 49a (ZMA Coel. 5467), branch, x 1.

FIG. 29 f. — *Enallopsammia pusilla* (Alcock, 1902), KARUBAR stn 25 (MNHN), colony fragment, x 0.36.

FIG. 29 g-i. — Incertae Sedis, "Albatross" stn 5179: g, 3 corallites and epitheca, x 9.7; h, calice, x 22; i, enlargement of septa and columella, x 42.

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- Only the "SYSTEMATIC ACCOUNT" (p. 66-198) and the photographs (p. 209-237) are indexed.
- Generic (and subgeneric) names used herein in combination with specific (or subspecific) names, or in citation, are given between brackets. / separates variant spellings; spelling retained herein in first position.
- Taxa of generic and specific level that receive full taxonomic treatment herein are in **bold**.
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