

ON A SPECIMEN OF *OTIS CALIFORNIANA* DOUGLAS IN THE NATIONAL MUSEUM.\*

Recent writers on American wild sheep (Allen, Bull. Am. Mus. Nat. Hist., XXXI, p. 22; Grinnell, Univ. Calif. Pub. Zool., X, p. 150), in remarks on *Ovis californiana* Douglas, state that this species is unrepresented by typical specimens in museums, and is now probably extinct at the type locality. It may be of interest to note that the United States National Museum fortunately possesses a good skull with a complete skin of a four year old ram, which, though not from the exact type locality (near Mount Adams, Yakima County, Washington), is, nevertheless, from a locality in the Cascades near enough to answer all practical purposes as typical material. The specimen was collected on the north fork of the Methow River, Washington, in 1899, and was presented to the museum by Theodore Lyman, of Harvard University. Professor Lyman tells me that sheep still exist in small numbers in the vicinity where this specimen was collected. The skin is in the faded summer coat, and does not differ, except in smaller size, from skins in similar condition from the Rocky Mountains. The skull indicates a valid species, somewhat smaller than *canadensis*, and with horns resembling the horns of *Ovis stonoi* more than those of *canadensis*. The horns are much lighter than in *canadensis*, and are about the size and general shape of horns of typical *stonoi*, though less spreading; and exhibit the triangular cross section and flat front in a marked degree. The condylobasal length of the skull is 279 millimeters; the length of upper tooth row, crowns, 82. The teeth are, as compared with *canadensis*, relatively larger.

—N. Hollister.

## TWO PREOCCUPIED NAMES.

Mr. Fred. Muir of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Experiment Station has called my attention to the following:

ZACALLES gen. nov. Pisces. Jordan and Snyder, Proc. U. S. Nat. Mus., 25, 1903, p. 448.

ZACALLES gen. nov. Ichneumonidae Insectorum Foerster, Verh. ver. Reiml., Bonn., 25, 1869, p. 204.

The fish genus may be known as **Calliblennius**.

In 1901 Samuel Garman proposed *Woodworthia* for a new genus of Gekkonidae from New Zealand. Bull. Mus. Comp. Zool., 39, 1901, p. 4, pl. 1, fig. 2-2x. This name has precedence over *Woodworthia* for a new genus in the group of the Polyclad Turbellaria proposed by Laidlaw in 1904. Ceylon Pearl Fisheries Rep. 2, 1904; Supl. Rep. 9, p. 128, pl. —, fig. 1 and 9.

The genus of worms may be known as **Idioplanoides** from its close relationship to the genus *Idioplana*.

—T. Barbour.

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## NOTE ON AN ISOPOD NAME.

In the Proceedings of the U. S. Nat. Museum, Vol. 42, 1912, pp. 173-174, in a paper entitled "Description of a new isopod crustacean belonging to the genus *Livoneca* from the Atlantic coast of Panama," the specific name *longistylis* was given to the species described. Since the publication of the paper, I found that Dana had previously used that name for a species of *Livoneca* from South America, which is described in U. S. Expl. Exp., Vol. 14, 1853, pp. 754-755. My species may, therefore, be named ***Livoneca tenuistylis***.

—Harriet Richardson.