PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

BIOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF WASHINGTON

GENERAL NOTES.

A NEW NAME FOR TANAGRA SCLATERI BERLEPSCH.

Dr. C. W. Richmond (Proc. U. S. Nat. Mus., 35, No. 1656, Dec. 16, 1908, 644) has shown that *Tanagra* Linnæus can not be used for the birds that have usually been placed in this genus, but that *Thraupis* Boie will have to be used. He fixes the type of *Tanagra* upon *Fringilla riolacea* Linn., therefore *Tanagra sclateri* Berlepsch (Ibis, 1880, 112) becomes untenable on account of *Tanagra sclateri* (*Euphonia sclateri* Sundevall, Oefv. Vet. Ak. Förh. Stockh., 1869, 596), and the bird described by von Berlepsch under the above name may be called **Thraupis episcopus nesophilus**.

—J. H. Riley.

THE NAMES OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN GOATS.

The specific name montanus, applied to the Rocky Mountain Goat (Ovis montanus Ord, 1815), is preoccupied by Ovis montana Schreber, Die Säugthiere, plate 294 D, published, according to Sherborn (P. Z. S., 1891, p. 587), in 1804; and by Ovis montana Tiedemann, Zoologie, I, p. 404, 1808, both synonyms of Ovis canadensis Shaw and Ovis cervina Desmarest, 1804. The earliest available name for the Mountain Goat is Rupicapra americana Blainville, 1816. Though described from "North America," it may properly be restricted to the first recognized form, long known as Oreamnos montanus, inhabiting the Cascade Mountains, and the nearby ranges. Blainville, in his preliminary arrangement of the ungulates, divided his comprehensive genus Cerophorus into what he called sub-genera, of which Rupicapra, with three species, including "A. americana" is one; but in his diagnoses of new species which follows he first characterized the goat under the combination Rupicapra americana

The name applied to one of the two subspecies of *Oceannos montanus* described by Dr. J. A. Allen in 1904, O. m. columbianus (Bull. Amer. Mus. Nat. Hist., XX, p. 20), is preoccupied by the *Capra columbiana* of Desmoulins, 1823, a synonym of *Ovis montanus* Ord. On my calling Dr.

^{*}Not Antilope americana Ord, as stated by Palmer, Index Gen. Mamm., p. 613; but a nomen nudum, really referring to the animal he later diagnosed under the name Rupicapra americana, the Rocky Mountain Goat.

Allen's attention to this fact, he has suggested that I rename his race, and I therefore propose for it the name Oreannos americanus columbia. The Rocky Mountain Goats, with the exception of Oreannos kennedeyi Elliot, will stand then as follows:

Oreamnos americanus americanus (Blainville).

- 1815. Ovis montanus Ord, Guthrie's geogr., 2d Amer. ed., II, p. 292 (not Ovis montana Schreber 1804; not Ovis montana Tiedemann 1808).
- 1816. R[upicapra] americana Blainville, Bull. sci. soc. philom. Paris, p. 80. (North America.)
- 1817. Mazama dorsata Rafinesque, Amer. monthly mag., II, p. 44 (new name for Oris montanus Ord).
- 1817. Mazama sericea Rafinesque, Amer. monthly mag., II, p. 44 (new name for Rupicapra americana Blainville).
- 1822. Antilope lanigera Smith, Trans. Linn. soc., XIII, p. 38 (new name for Rapicapra americana Blannulle).
- 1823. Capra columbiana Desmoulins, Dict. class. hist. nat., III, p. 580 (new name for Oris montanus Ord).

Oreamnos americanus missoulæ Allen.

1904. Oreannos montanus missoula Allen, Bull. Amer. mus. nat. hist., XX, p. 20. (Missoula, Montana.)

Oreamnos americanus columbiæ new name.

1904. Oreannos montanus columbianus Allen, Bull. Amer. mus. nat. hist., XX, p. 20 (Shesley Mountains, northern British Columbia; not Capra columbiana Desmolins 1823).

As we must date *Ovis montana* from Schreber 1804, instead of from Cuvier 1817, the name requires consideration, with *canadensis* and *cervina*, in the next contribution to the nomenclature of the Rocky Mountain Sheep.

—N. Hollister.

THE TYPE LOCALITY OF PROECHIMYS STEEREI GOLDMAN.

When the original description of *Procchimys steerei* Goldman was published* the type locality was given as "Rio Purus, a southern tributary of the Amazon, in northwestern Brazil," this being at that time the only data available in regard to the specimens on which the species is based. A letter from Dr. J. B. Steere, the collector, bearing date of January 8, 1912, contains the additional information that the specimens all came from Hyutánahan, a small village of rubber gatherers, on the north side of the Rio Purus, in the upper part of its course. The species seemed to -E. A. Goldman.

^{*} Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash., XXIV, pp. 238-239, Nov. 28, 1911.