Visitor Experiences at the

National Museum of American History

INSTITUTIONAL STUDIES



Visitor Experiences at the National Museum of American History

David A. Karns Andrew J. Pekarik Zahava D. Doering

August 1999

Institutional Studies Office Smithsonian Institution 900 Jefferson Drive, S.W. Washington, D.C. 20560-0405

(202) 786-2289

Upon request, this report can be made available in larger type, Braille, audiocassette, and on disk using WordPerfect. Please contact the office at the above address.

Preface

This study, conducted at the National Museum of American History (NMAH) in May 1999, continues our exploration of the experiences that visitors value in museums.

The study reflects the cooperation of several people in its execution and analysis. At NMAH, Martha Morris, Deputy Director, Lonnie Bunche, Associate Director for Curatorial Affairs, Harold Closter, Associate Director for Public Services, and Nancy McCoy, Director of Education and Visitor Services, have consistently supported our efforts.

In the Institutional Studies Office, Kerry R. DiGiacomo was responsible for data collection and Steve J Smith for the initial file preparation. Kerry also provided technical review of the report and guided it to publication.

Visitors — 755 in all – took the time to respond to our questions and offer comments. We appreciation their participation; without it, the study could not have been conducted.

Errors in interpretation are the responsibility of the authors.

Zahava D. Doering, Director Institutional Studies Office

Table of Contents

Preface Table of Contents Abstract	ii iii iv
Background Major Results and Interpretation	1 3
Appendix A: Questionnaires	10 14 18

Abstract

In May 1999, the Institutional Studies Office surveyed about 750 visitors to the National Museum of American History as part of on-going efforts to understand the experiences that visitors value in museums. Two separate but equally representative samples, one of entering visitors and one of exiting visitors, were interviewed in the course of a week.

Visitors approaching NMAH come with the expectation of a range of satisfying experiences, similar to what they have enjoyed in other history museums. At least half of the visitors are looking forward to gaining information, enriching their understanding, and seeing the 'real thing.' As they enter, they say that their most desired experience is a Cognitive experience (37%) or an Object experience (31%). After their visit, they report that they found the experiences that entering visitors were looking for, and that an Object experience (35%) or an Introspective experience (30%) was their most satisfying experience. Exiting visitors were much more likely to select an Introspective experience and much less likely to select a Cognitive experience (22%), compared to entering visitors. The NMAH visitors acquire unexpectedly satisfying Introspective experiences during their visit.

Background

Several years ago, the Institutional Studies Office began a new line of research on museums and their visitors. We wanted to understand, from the visitors' point of view, what experiences they value in museums. First, we developed a set of survey questions that could be administered to visitors at Smithsonian exhibitions and museums indicating what visitors look forward to and find satisfying. We then conducted sample surveys that included these questions at nine Smithsonian museums. This document reports on the most recent of these studies, conducted at the National Museum of American History (NMAH) in May 1999.¹

The List of Experiences and the Survey Questions

Out of conversations with visitors, we have progressively developed a list of the experiences that people told us are satisfying to them in museums. We arrived at the wording for these experiences through an extended process of listening to visitors and testing various phrasings.

This list of satisfying experiences currently includes 14 items. We categorized these experiences into four clusters on the basis of several different multidimensional analyses of visitor responses: (1) *Object experiences* give prominence to the artifact or the "real thing;" (3) *Cognitive experiences* emphasize the interpretive or intellectual aspects of the experience; (3) *Introspective experiences* focus on the visitor's personal reflections, usually triggered by an object or a setting in the museum; and (4) *Social experiences* center on one or more other people, besides the visitor. Obviously the list does not cover every possible activity in the museum. We expect that it will continue to change as our research develops. (See Appendix B: <u>Examples of Satisfying Experiences</u>)

Object Experiences

Seeing "the real thing"
Seeing rare/uncommon/valuable things
Being moved by beauty
Thinking what it would be like to own such things
Continuing my professional development

Cognitive Experiences

Gaining information or knowledge Enriching my understanding

Introspective Experiences

Imagining other times or places
Reflecting on the meaning of what I was looking at
Recalling my travels/childhood experiences/other memories
Feeling a spiritual connection
Feeling a sense of belonging or connectedness

Social Experiences

Spending time with friends/family/other people Seeing my children learning new things

Visitors have little difficulty choosing from the list the experiences they anticipate or the ones they have found satisfying in an exhibition or museum. This is true among those have strong preferences as well as among those who are unaware of patterns of past experiences.

The NMAH study included two representative samples of visitors entering the museum and a separate, representative sample of visitors leaving the museum.²

As asked at NMAH, here are the key questions:

For the entrance sample³:

- On this card are some experiences that people have told us were satisfying to them in the American History museum. [SHOW CARD] Which of these are you looking forward to having in this museum today? Choose all that apply. Anything else?
- Which one of those are you MOST looking forward to in this museum? [REPEAT SELECTED ITEMS IF NECESSARY]
- How strongly are you looking forward to it? Not so strongly, strongly, or very strongly?

For the exit sample:

- On this card are some experiences that people have told us were satisfying to them in the American History museum. [SHOW CARD] Which of these were most satisfying to you in this museum today? Choose all that apply. Anything else?
- Which one of those was MOST satisfying for you in this museum today? [REPEAT SELECTED ITEMS IF NECESSARY]

Where in the museum did you have that experience?

• How strong was your satisfaction with that experience? Not so strong, strong, or very strong?

The information provided by these questions can be summarized as follows:

For entering visitors:

1. all anticipated experiences (AAE),

2. the most anticipated experience (MAE), and

3. the strength of the most anticipated experience

For exiting visitors:

4. all satisfying experiences (ASE),

5. the most satisfying experience (MSE), and

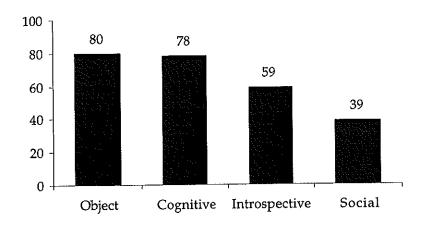
6. the strength of the most satisfying experience.

Major Results and Interpretation

Anticipated Experiences

Visitors entering NMAH were particularly looking forward to Object experiences and Cognitive experiences: 78 percent chose at least one Object experience and 80 percent chose at least one Cognitive experience. In addition, 59 percent chose at least one Introspective experience and 39 percent chose at least one Social experience (Figure 1). The three most anticipated experiences were Gaining information or knowledge, Enriching understanding, and Seeing the real thing. (See Figure 2 and Table 1.)

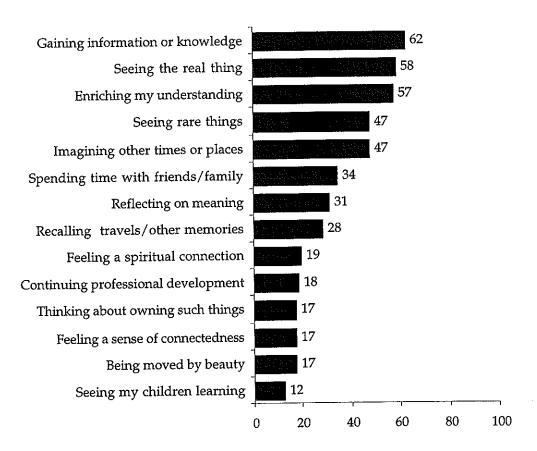
Figure 1
<u>All Anticipated Types of Experiences, in Clusters</u>
(In Percent)*



*Percent do not add to 100% as respondents could choose as many types of anticipated experiences as they wanted. Thus, 80% selected at least one anticipated experience, which was classified as an Object Experience.

When asked to choose the one experience that they were <u>most</u> looking forward to, one-third of entering visitors (32%) chose an Object experience and slightly more (37%) chose a Cognitive experience. Only half as many (15-16%) said that they were most looking forward to an Introspective experience or to a Social experience. (See Figure 3.)

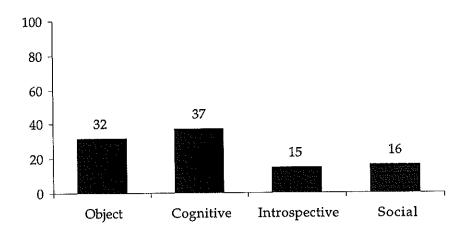
Figure 2
<u>All Anticipated Types of Experiences</u>
(In Percent of Visitors who Chose each Anticipated Experience)*



^{*} Percents do not add to 100% as respondents could choose as many types of anticipated experiences as they wanted. Thus, 62% anticipated "Gaining information or knowledge."

Figure 3

<u>Most Anticipated Types of Experiences, in Clusters</u>
(In Percent)

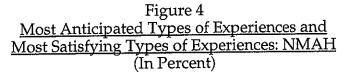


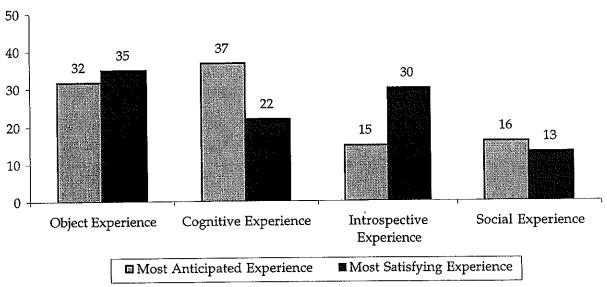
Overall these preferences were not especially strong. One-third of visitors (34%) said that they were looking forward to their most anticipated experience very strongly. The three strongest most anticipated experiences were Seeing the real thing (8%), Gaining information or knowledge (7%), and Seeing my children learning (5%). (See Table 2.)

Satisfying Experiences

In general, exiting visitors found the same types of satisfying experiences that entering visitors were looking for. At least one Object experience was chosen as satisfying by 75 percent, at least one Cognitive experience was chosen by 81 percent, at least one Introspective experience by 66 percent, and at least one Social experience by 40 percent. Specifically, the percentages of exiting visitors mentioning Recalling memories and Reflecting on meaning were dramatically higher than for entering visitors. Other Introspective experiences were also mentioned more commonly by exiting visitors than by entering visitors (see Table 1).

When asked to choose their <u>single</u> most satisfying experience in the museum, visitors were much more likely to select an Introspective experience and much less likely to select a Cognitive experience, compared to entering visitors. (See Figure 4 and Table 2.)





The strength of satisfaction with these preferred experiences was greater than the strength of anticipation. Overall nearly half (47%) of exiting visitors said that their sense of satisfaction with the experience was very strong. Specifically, 15 percent of exiting visitors cited very strong satisfaction with Seeing the real thing, and 11 percent with Gaining information or knowledge (see Table 2).

Location of Most Satisfying Experiences

Exiting visitors were also asked <u>where</u> they had their most satisfying experience in NMAH. Compared to the other types of experiences, Object experiences were located more frequent in the transportation-related exhibitions (16%), Cognitive experiences in the science and medicine exhibits (11%), Introspective experiences in the military technology area (24%) and in cultural history locations (17%), and Social experiences in the *First Ladies* exhibition. In addition, nearly half (47%) of the most satisfying Social experiences and almost one-third (30%) of the most satisfying Cognitive experiences took place in unspecified museum locations, suggesting that these kinds of experiences are less tied to one particular moment or place.

These data show that a visitor's most satisfying experience does not always occur in the exhibit that the visitor came to see. Entering NMAH visitors were asked if there was "something in particular that they wanted to see or do in the museum." By far the most attractive exhibition was *First Ladies*, named by more than a third of the entering visitors (36%), yet only ten percent of exiting visitors had their most satisfying experience in *First Ladies*.

Correlates and Predictors of Most Satisfying Experiences

Our analysis found that specific visitor demographic characteristics, personal interests and visit characteristics were correlated with the choice of most satisfying experience.⁴ The key results are summarized here.

- Men were more likely to find <u>Object experiences</u> to be most satisfying (compared to women). Visitors coming for a general visit, as compared to those visiting to see something specific in the museum, were also more likely to find Object experiences most satisfying.
- Visitors who live in the DC area were <u>more</u> likely to find <u>Cognitive experiences</u> most satisfying, compared to those from outside the area. Those who had made 1 to 3 previous visits to NMAH (compared to first-time visitors or those who had been to the museum many times) were also more likely to find Cognitive experiences most satisfying.
 - Young visitors, those under age 25, were <u>less</u> likely to find Cognitive experiences most satisfying compared to older visitors.
- Visitors age 55 and over were <u>more</u> likely to find <u>Introspective experiences</u> most satisfying compared to younger visitors. Those visiting alone, as compared to those in other social groups, and those visiting the museum for the first time were also more likely to find Introspective experiences most satisfying.
- Visitors age 55 and over were <u>less</u> likely to find <u>Social experiences</u> most satisfying, compared to younger visitors. Also, visitors with considerable experience in the museum (four or more previous visits) were also less likely to find Social experiences most satisfying compared to those with fewer visits.

NMAH Compared to other Museums

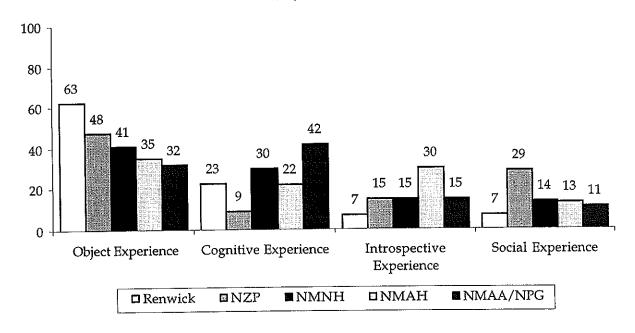
When we look at the distribution of the types of most satisfying experiences across the Smithsonian museums we have studied, we find that it differs according to the museum in question. Introspective experiences were most satisfying to a higher proportion of the audience in the National Museum of American History than in any of the other locations (see Table 3).

Cognitive experiences were the dominant type of most satisfying experience at the National Museum of American Art and the National Portrait Gallery (NMAA/NPG). By contrast, only about one in ten National Zoo (NZP) visitors whom we interviewed cited Cognitive experiences as most satisfying.

In the Renwick Gallery, a museum of American crafts, Object experiences were found most satisfying by nearly two out of three visitors. Object experiences were also the dominant type of most satisfying experience in the zoo and the National Museum of Natural History (NMNH). Social experiences were most satisfying to zoo visitors, compared to the other museums (see Figure 5).

Figure 5

<u>Most Satisfying Types of Experiences in Smithsonian Museums</u>
(In Percent)



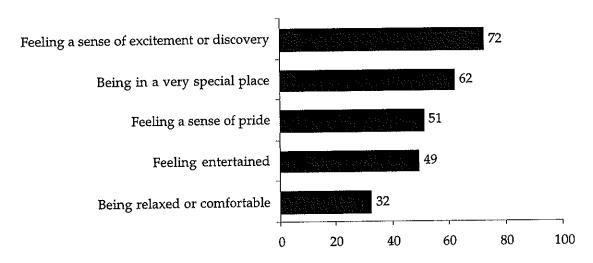
NMAH Visitor Feelings About the Smithsonian

In addition to their satisfying experiences, we asked visitors to consider a list of five feelings towards their Smithsonian visit in general and to indicate how strongly the respondent felt them to be, relative to one another.⁵

Overall, 72 percent of visitors reported "feeling a sense of excitement or discovery" and 62 percent reported "being in a very special place." About half of the visitors admitted

"feeling a sense of pride" (51%) and "feeling entertained" (49%). Only one-third (32%) reported "being relaxed or comfortable" (see Figure 6).

Figure 6
<u>Feelings towards the Smithsonian Visit</u>
(In Percent of Visitors who Selected Each Item)



These feelings were essentially the same for entering visitors as for exiting visitors. The visit to NMAH did not change any of these five feelings toward the Smithsonian visit.

Endnotes

- ³ As noted, we had two entrance samples. One sample, half of the entering visitors, was asked the question series reported here (anticipated experiences). A second entrance sample, that is, the other half of the entering visitors, was asked to select the experiences that they tend to find satisfying when visiting history museums in general:
 - For a moment, think back on your experiences in history museums, including this one, and think about which ones were most satisfying. I'd like you to choose from this list the experiences that have tended to be satisfying for you when visiting history museums. [SHOW CARD] Choose all that apply. Anything else?
 - Which one of those has tended to be the MOST satisfying to you when visiting history museums? [REPEAT SELECTED ITEMS IF NECESSARY]
 - In general, how strong has your satisfaction been with that? Not so strong, strong, or very strong?

Across all the visitors we interviewed, the differences were not statistically significant, so we concluded that visitors to NMAH overall were looking for the same kinds of experiences that they generally find satisfying when visiting history museums, wherever they are.

¹ A paper based on results from all the studies will appear as Pekarik, A. J., Doering, Z. D. & Karns, D. A. (1999) Exploring Satisfying Experiences in Museums. *Curator* 42(2). [forthcoming]

² The NMAH study was conducted between May 19 and 25, 1999; the response rate was 80%. A total of 475 interviews were completed at the entrance and 280 at the exit. The entrance interviews were more numerous because we used two different forms of the questionnaire in order to address separate issues.

⁴ These results are based on regression models for US residents who are not part of formal tours. Contact ISO for a table containing detailed results.

Visitors were asked the following question: "On this card is a list of feelings that people have told us about when visiting the Smithsonian. How strong are these feelings for you on this visit? If we give you five points total, how would you distribute them over this list so that it adds up to 5? You don't have to use all your points. You can split them up any way you want. For example, give all 5 points to one, give 3 to one and 2 to another, etc." Almost all respondents used all five points (94%).

⁶ The strength of these feelings parallels their frequency. If everyone felt each of these five feelings equally, the average strength for each one would be 1. The two strongest feelings were "feeling a sense of excitement or discovery" with a mean rating of 1.5 (see Table 7) and "being in a very special place" (overall mean of 1.2). The weakest feeling was "being relaxed or comfortable" (0.5). "Feeling a sense of pride" (0.8) and "feeling entertained" (0.8) were tied, although pride was primarily a response given by US residents.

Appendix A. <u>Questionnaires and Response Cards</u>

Museum Entrance x id	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
Hi. My name is I work for the Smithsonian. I'm talking to people about their visit today.	8. Now I'm going to ask you about your interest in some subjects. Use a scale from 1 to 5 where 1 means not interested and 5 means very interested. How interested are you in
*2. Where do you live? O Washington, DC O Other US	art photography history popular culture science and technology geography natural history biography
O MD/VA suburbs O Foreign 1. Is today your first visit to this museum? O Yes 1a. Before today, have you visited other Smithsonian museums? O Yes O No	artint hisint sciint natint photint popcul geoint bioint 9. On this card is a list of feelings that people have told us
O No 1b. How many times have you been here before today? ———————————————————————————————————	about when visiting the Smithsonian. show card How strong are these feelings for you on this visit? If we give you 5 points total, how would you distribute them over this list so it adds up to 5? You don't have to use all your points. [If needed: You see on this them we are way you want. For example, give all 5.
4. On this card are some experiences that people have told us were satisfying to them in the American History museum. SHOW CARD Which of these are you looking foward to having in this museum today? Choose all that apply. Mark all Anything else? O g. spending time with O k. gaining knowledge	can split them up any way you want. For example, give all 5 points to one, give 3 to one and 2 to another, etc.] s Being in a very special place d Feeling a sense of excitement or discovery r Being relaxed or comfortable p Feeling a sense of pride e Feeling entertained x Unused points
 c. children learning b. moved by beauty r. seeing rare, valuable things j. seeing real thing o. thinking about owning u. enriching understanding w. reflecting on meaning x. continuing prof. devel. s. spiritual connection i. imagining m. recalling memories f. feeling connected 	Now just a few questions about you *14. Who are you here with today? (code whole group) O Alone O Adult(s) with child(ren)/teens O 2 adults O 2+ teens
5. Which one of those are you MOST looking foward to in this museum? (repeat selected items if necessary) If first choice is g or c, ask for 2nd, 3rd. (character-uppercase) 1st 2nd 3rd	○ 3+ adults ○ Tour/school group 15. Was there something in particular you wanted to see or do in this museum today? ○ No ○ Yes What?
sat1st sat2nd sat3rd 6. How strongly are you looking forward to it? Not so strongly, strongly or very strongly?	*16. What is your age? age 17. What is the highest level of education you have completed? ○ HS grad or less ○ Bachelor's degree
1st \bigcirc 1 Not so strongly \bigcirc 2 Strongly \bigcirc 3 Very strongly2nd \bigcirc 1 Not so strongly \bigcirc 2 Strongly \bigcirc 3 Very strongly3rd \bigcirc 1 Not so strongly \bigcirc 2 Strongly \bigcirc 3 Very strongly	 ○ Assoc/Jr/Tech ○ Some graduate study ○ Some college ○ MA/Ph.D/Profess.
ADMIN BOX card Oa Ob Oc statu	O Asian/Pac. Islander O Native Am./AK Native

Other

O Ref. other

*19. Mark gender:

○ Female O Male

○ Interview ○ Ref: lang

OSI staff

O Inelig.

O Mall Side

○ Constitution

session

01 03

02 04

Museum Entrance xx	$C \circ C \circ M \circ S$
id id	interv OH OADOAZ Count
Hi. My name is I work for the Smithsonian.	8. Now I'm going to ask you about your interest in some
I'm talking to people about their visit today.	subjects. Use a scale from 1 to 5 where 1 means not interested
*2. Where do you live? statecty	and 5 means very interested. How interested are you in
2. Where do you hve. statecty	art photography history popular culture
○ Washington, DC ○ Other US	history popular culture science and technology geography
○ MD/VA suburbs ○ Foreign	natural history biography
1. Is today your first visit to this museum?	
O Yes 1a. Before today, have you visited	artint hisint sciint natint photint popcul geoint bioint
other Smithsonian museums? O Yes O No	
O No 1b. How many times have you	9. On this card is a list of feelings that people have told us
been here before today?q1btimes	about when visiting the Smithsonian. show card How strong
3. Aside from this museum, have you been to history	are these feelings for you on this visit? If we give you 5 points
museums elsewhere?	total, how would you distribute them over this list so it adds
O Yes Where was that?	up to 5? You don't have to use all your points. [If needed: You
O No	can split them up any way you want. For example, give all 5 points to one, give 3 to one and 2 to another, etc.]
4. For a moment, think back on your experiences in	
history museums, including this one, and think about	s Being in a very special place s d r
which ones were most satisfying. I'd like you to choose from this list the experiences that have tended to be	d Feeling a sense of excitement or discovery r Being relaxed or comfortable
satisfying for you when <u>visiting</u> history museums.	p Feeling a sense of pride p e x
Choose all that apply. Mark all Anything else?	e Feeling entertained
○ g. spending time with ○ k. gaining knowledge	x Unused points
Oc. children learning w. reflecting on meaning	Now just a few questions about you
O b. moved by beauty O r. seeing rare valuable things O s. spiritual connection	*14. Who are you here with today? (code whole group)
 ○ r. seeing rare, valuable things ○ j. seeing real thing ○ i. imagining 	○ Alone ○ Adult(s) with child(ren)/teens
O o. thinking about owning O m. recalling memories	O 2 adults O 2+ teens
○ u. enriching understanding ○ f. feeling connected	○ 3+ adults ○ Tour/school group
5. Which one of those has tended to be MOST satisfying?	15. Was there something in particular you wanted to see or
to you when visiting history museums? (repeat selected items if necessary. If first choice is (character-uppercase)	do in this museum today? O No Partwhat
items if necessary. If first choice is (character-uppercase) c or g ask for second)	O Yes What?
	*16 What is your ago?
1st 2nd 3rd sat1st sat2nd sat3rd	*10. What is your age:
6. In general, how strong has your satisfaction been	17. What is the highest level of education you have completed?
with that? Not so strong, strong or very strong?	○ HS grad or less ○ Bachelor's degree
1st O 1 Not so strongly O 2 Strongly O 3 Very strongly	○ Assoc/Jr/Tech ○ Some graduate study
2nd 1 Not so strongly 2 Strongly 3 Very strongly	- 201mg (1-1-8)
3rd ○ 1 Not so strongly ○ 2 Strongly ○ 3 Very strongly	
ADMIN BOX card Oa Ob Oc statu	O African American/Black O Hispanic/Latino
lesséign	
session O Interview O	Ref: lang Caucasian/White Multiple Other
Ol O3 O Mall Side OSI staff O	Ref. other *19. Mark gender:
O 2 O 4 O Constitution O Inelig.	○ Female 61372
	∩ Maie
- X	11 - Vividio

Museum Exit id	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} & \text{interv} & OC & OM & OS \\ \hline & OH & OAD OAZ \end{array} $	Count
Hi. My name is I work for the Smithsonian. I'm talking to people about their visit today.	8. Now I'm going to ask you about subjects. Use a scale from 1 to 5	where 1 means not interested
*2. Where do you live? statecty	and 5 means very interested. How art	v interested are you in photography
O Washington, DC Other US	history	popular culture
○ MD/VA suburbs ○ Foreign	science and technology	geography
1. Is today your first visit to this museum?	natural history	biography
 Yes la. Before today, have you visited other Smithsonian museums? ○ Yes ○ No 		photint popcul geoint bioint
O No 1b. How many times have you been here before today?	9. On this card is a list of feeling about when visiting the Smithso are these feelings for you on this	nian. show card How strong
4. On this card are some experiences that people have told us were satisfying to them in the American History museum. \$\frac{\text{HOW CARD}}{\text{CARD}}\$ Which of these were most satisfying for you in this museum today? Choose all that apply. Mark all Anything else?	total, how would you distribute up to 5? You don't have to use can split them up any way you w	them over this list so it adds all your points. [<u>If needed:</u> You want. For example, give all 5
O g. spending time with O k. gaining knowledge	s Being in a very special place d Feeling a sense of excitement	
O c. children learning O w. reflecting on meaning		·
O b. moved by beauty O x. continuing prof. devel		p e x
Or. seeing rare, valuable things Os. spiritual connection	e Feeling entertained	
○ j. seeing real thing ○ i. imagining	x Unused points	
O o. thinking about owning O m. recalling memories	Now just a few questions about y	ou
O u. enriching understanding O f. feeling connected	*14. Who are you here with today	y? (code whole group)
5. Which one of those was most satisfying for you in this	• '	s) with child(ren)/teens
museum today? (repeat selected items if necessary)	○ 2 adults ○ 2+ tee	
If first choice is g or c, ask for 2nd, 3rd. (character-uppercase)	O 3+ adults O Tour/s	chool group
1st 2nd 3rd	15. Was there something in partic	
sat1st sat2nd sat3rd	do in this museum today?	nortivinot
7. Where in the museum did you have that experience?	O No	partwhat
	O Yes What?	
	*16. What is your age?	
6. How strong was you satisfactiong with that	17. What is the highest level of ed	•
experience? Not so strong, strong or very strong?	O HS grad or les	•
1st \bigcirc 1 Not so strong \bigcirc 2 Strong \bigcirc 3 Very strong	○ Assoc/Jr/Tech	•
2nd○ 1 Not so strong ○ 2 Strong ○ 3 Very strong	○ Some college	
3rd O 1 Not so strong O 2 Strong O 3 Very strong	*18. What is your racial/ethnic id	-
		Black O Hispanic/Latino
ADMIN BOX card Oa Ob Oc stat		
segment location	O Rac land	O Multiple
session O Interview	* *10 Mark gender	Other
O DI SMIX	O Ref. other O Female	
O 2 O 4 O Constitution O Inelig.	O Male	27264
*	12 -	

Response Cards

Question 4 (presented in one of three sorts)

P ____ Feeling a sense of pride
P ___ Feeling a sense of excitement of discovery
P ___ Being in a very special place
P ___ Feeling entertained
r ___ Being relaxed or comfortable

z ___ Unused points

Question 9 (presented in one of three sorts)

K. Gaining information or knowledge

X. Continuing my professional development

S. Feeling a spiritual connection

C. I say my children learning new things

F. Feeling a sense of belonging or connectedness

J. Seeing "the real thing"

O. Thinking what it would be like to own such things

U. Enriching my understanding

W. Reflecting on the meaning of what I was looking at

B. Being moved by beauty

I. Imagining other times or places

R. Seeing uncommon/rare/valuable things

G. Spending time with friends/family/other people

M. Recalling my travels/childhood experiences/other memories

Appendix B. Examples of Satisfying Experiences

<u>Object experiences</u>. In object experiences the focus is on something outside the visitor, in this case the material culture object or 'the real thing.'

SEEING 'THE REAL THING'

I liked having things there like the Kodiak bear. I always thought that the Polar bear was larger than the Kodiak bear, which, I guess, is wrong. [laughs]

-National Museum of Natural History

SEEING RARE/UNCOMMON/VALUABLE THINGS

Well, I would say the special and the valuable things. The special, that had some kind of meaning in history, that's something special. Just like that drag racer there. There's something special about it. It's the first one built [to go] 275 miles an hour. There's special things about every little thing that's here.

-National Museum of American History

BEING MOVED BY BEAUTY

If it's a piece that has that kind of impact on me, it will do more than click. It will almost take your breath away. [In the National Gallery] I would turn the corner and 'Boom' there would be some really famous painting. Usually an impressionist. I like impressionists. It would cause me to stop in my tracks and I would sit there and study that painting for 10, 15 minutes. And those certainly register in my mind.

-National Museum of American Art

THINKING WHAT IT WOULD BE LIKE TO OWN SUCH THINGS

I'm very pleased you chose Barbie to show the strides women have made in flight—stewardess to astronaut! Way to go, Barbie. I love the exhibit. Now I want to find the Shimmerons in the doll shows to bring my Barbie-in-aviation collection up to date.

—National Air and Space Museum

CONTINUING MY PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

I was hoping to draw mammals and birds...mostly hobby. Some of it I do for work.... If I know that there's a project that I have coming up... I'm a biologist.... I work with endangered species.

—National Museum of Natural History

<u>Cognitive experiences</u>. Individuals whose experience is clearly enhanced by contextual presentations tend to describe cognitive experiences as most satisfying. While the objects might still be important, these visitors find their primary satisfaction in the interpretive or intellectual aspects of the experience.

GAINING INFORMATION OR KNOWLEDGE

I find this [National Portrait Gallery] more satisfying than the American History Museum, which I feel in some way is much more low-brow. I don't think it's trying to dig deeper than people already want to know. In other words the history is things they all know about really well, and it's just a lot of things to look at. Whereas I feel this is things you're not going to know about, people you're not going to know. You might have heard their name, you might have seen their name at some point. I mean I've studied this, and am very interested in it, and I don't know half the people in the room, so I feel like most people are going to come here, and they're going to learn a lot if they want to look at it.

—National Portrait Gallery

ENRICHING MY UNDERSTANDING

Well, that old boat up there on the third floor. I guess it was before they even broke off from the English. The fact that that's how crude of a boat they were trying to fight out of. Compared to just modern day technology of warfare. There you have it. A big shell, that big around, I don't know what they call it, that actually sunk the boat. I mean, that would be really primitive for nowadays. You can't quite comprehend people going out to fight a war on something like that.

—National Museum of American History

<u>Introspective experiences</u> are those in which the individual turns inward, to feelings and experiences that are essentially private, usually triggered by an object or a setting in the museum. Gurian (1995), for example, describes visitors to the United States Holocaust Memorial Museum as preparing themselves "to take on the visit as a journey of personal introspection."

IMAGINING OTHER TIMES OR PLACES

Down in the African American section where you had the sharecroppers, cabins and things, I was imagining what it must have been like there. And different exhibits where you see the houses set up with the Japanese-American too, is another one, where you saw where they lived. . . . So I think just about what it must have been like for other people to be in these actual settings. . . . I think you understand what people have gone through to get you to where you are today. I mean, you know, there was sacrifice on all, and commitment.

-National Museum of American History

REFLECTING ON THE MEANING OF WHAT I WAS LOOKING AT

Well, I just find that you can learn about the people by the possessions they bought or they designed. For instance the plates that Mrs. Johnson, Lady-Bird Johnson designed—you can tell that she's walking a fine line between what she felt was important, the flowers, and her husband's political career, which was the eagle, and trying to put a very masculine, kind of hunting-looking eagle with the flowers, and how she did a pretty good job of it.

-National Museum of American History

RECALLING MY TRAVELS/CHILDHOOD EXPERIENCES/OTHER MEMORIES

There's a display case with dollhouse furniture. And there's a bathtub and a sink and a toilet exactly like I had when I was a little girl and I played with dolls. That was really interesting to see. I had that! I wonder what happened to it.

-National Museum of American History

FEELING A SPIRITUAL CONNECTION

Well, for us, [the Mammals exhibition] is a spiritual thing, also. Because, through this, we see God's creation. These are things that we didn't have as we grew up, okay? We only heard about them, or saw them on television, but this is a way of us looking back at what God created way back, way back, before the existence of man in time. You know, it started with all of this, with the animals.

—National Museum of Natural History

FEELING A SENSE OF BELONGING OR CONNECTEDNESS

This is my favorite museum. I like it because it has American artists. I like it because they have Californian artists represented. It's where I'm from.

-National Museum of American Art

<u>Social experiences</u>. Some visitors select an interaction with someone else as their most satisfying experience in the museum. This includes both "spending time" with family or friends or the satisfaction of watching one's children learn.

SPENDING TIME WITH FRIENDS/FAMILY/OTHER PEOPLE

And when I tell my friends about this museum it's not just about the art because it's—in the middle of the old building there's kind of an indoor garden with a cafeteria where you can buy a cappuccino and sit and talk. . . . In Copenhagen it costs money to get into any museum but that one has free admission on Wednesday mornings and Sundays. So it's quite popular to take your friends or family, see art, have a cup of coffee, talk, buy a postcard or two.

-National Museum of American Art

SEEING MY CHILDREN LEARNING NEW THINGS

Well I love when my children, when I've seen that they've learned things, that they're learning things. I know that's he's absorbing things. I feel like I've achieved something when my children—because I guess they say you live through your children—when I feel that my children have learned things and are absorbing things, because that's how you know you've made a good person. You're making a good person, right? They'll know things.

—National Museum of American History

Appendix C. Supplementary Tables

Table 1

<u>All Anticipated Experiences and All Satisfying Experiences</u>

<u>National Museum of American History (NMAH)</u>

(Percent of visitors mentioning experience and percent of total number of experiences mentioned)

		f Visitors Experience	Percent Experiences	
<u>Experience</u>	Anticipated	Satisfying	Anticipated	Satisfying
Gaining information or knowledge	61	62	16	14
Enriching my understanding	50	57	13	12
Seeing the real thing	49	58	13	13
Seeing rare things	46	47	12	10
Imagining other times or places	39	47	10	10
Spending time with friends/family	22	34	6	7
Reflecting on meaning	21	31	6	7
Recalling travels/other memories	18	28	5	6
Being moved by beauty	17	17	4	4
Seeing my children learning	17	12	4	3
Feeling a sense of connectedness	16	17	4	4
Feeling a spiritual connection	14	19	4	4
Thinking about owning such things	11	1 <i>7</i>	3	4
Continuing professional development	t 8	18	<u>2</u> 102	<u>4</u> 102
N	<u> </u>	399		1600

Table 2

Most Anticipated Experience (MAE) and Strength of Anticipated Experience, Most Satisfying Experience and Strength of Most Satisfying Experience National Museum of American History (NMAH)

	(Percent	(Percent of visitors)		1		
	Most Anticipated	Not Very	Very	Most Satisfying	Not Very	Very
Anticipated Experience	Experience	Strong	Strong	Experience	Strong	Strong
OBJECT EXPERIENCES	9	Ç	o	c L	, C	, i
Seeing the real thing	8 1 :	10 -	∞ (Ç7 °	or ·	CI •
Seeing rare things	10	_	7	∞	4	m
Being moved by beauty	က	7	П	0	0	0
Thinking about owning such things			0	Н	0	0
Continuing professional development	0	OI	0	⊷l	⊷ 1	 -
Sub-Total	32	21	11	35	16	19
COGNITIVE EXPERIENCES						
Gaining information or knowledge	25	18	^	15	4	11
Enriching my understanding	12	∞i	₩	7	വ	7
Sub-Total	37	26	11	22	σ	13
INTROSPECTIVE EXPERIENCES						
Imagining other times/places	9	ব্য	2	10	9	4
Reflecting on meaning	2	7	0	10	9	4
Recalling travels/other memories	2	2	0	∞	9	7
Feeling a sense of connectedness	က	7	, 1	2	, 	₩
Feeling a spiritual connection	2	 (ᆔ	⊣	,	Ol
Sub-Total	15	Ħ	41	30	20	11
SOCIAL EXPERIENCES						
Spending time with friends/family	9	4	2	8	ιΩ	က
Seeing my children learning	10	ſΩ	ιΟI	r∪l	(C)	7
Sub-Total	16	6	7	13	∞	ഗ
Total		99	34	100	23	47
\mathbf{Z}	445	294	151	391	206	185

Table 3

Most Satisfying Experiences in Eight Smithsonian Museums

(In Percent)

Z	280 150 637	399 509	179 68 168	$ \begin{array}{c} 120 \\ 87 \\ 231 \end{array} $
s <u>Total</u>	100% 101% 100%	100% 100%	100% 101% 100%	100% 101% 99%
kxperience: <u>Social</u>	29	13	10 4 74	20 15 8
Most Satisfying Experiences Cognitive Introspective Social	7 15	30 15	17 23 9	18 30 19
M <u>Cognitive</u>	23 9 30	22 42	ion 19 51 27	2, 34 11 42
Object	63 48 41	35 32	rial Collect 54 23	28 45 30
Survey Location	Smithsonian Museums Renwick Gallery (American Crafts) Nat'l Zoological Park (NZP) Nat'l Museum of Natural History (NMNH)	Nat'l Museum of American History (NMAH) Nat'l Museum of American Art (NMAA) / Nat'l Portrait Gallery (NPG)*	Exhibitions in Smithsonian Museums Twelve Centuries of Japanese Art from the Imperial Collection (Arthur M. Sackler Gallery) (AMSG) Puja: Expressions of Hindu Devotion (AMSG) 23	Geology, Gems and Millerals (MMN11) Mammals (NMNH) Amazonia Habitat & Science Gallery (NZP) Where Next, Columbus? (National Air and

^{*}Since these museums are physically connected, studies involved both museums, and answers were not significantly different, results are combined.