DESCRIPTION OF A NEW SUBSPECIES OF AFRICAN MONKEY OF THE GENUS CERCOPITHECUS

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The species of monkey here described was obtained by the Smithsonian African Expedition in British East Africa, in 1910, and I am indebted to the authorities of the U. S. National Museum for the privilege of making it known to naturalists.

CERCOPITHECUS CENTRALIS LUTEUS, subsp. nov.

Type locality.—Wambugu, southwest of Mount Kenia, British East Africa. Type, U. S. National Museum, No. 163086. Original No. 7190.

General characters.—Remarkable for the buff underparts of the body.

Color.—Black line formed of long hairs over eyes, succeeded by a cream buff broader band; rest of head and upper parts of body ochraceous buff, the hairs being grayish at base, then banded with black and ochraceous buff and tipped with black, but the paler color predominates the dark; flanks paler, outer side of arms and thighs dark gray, the hairs tipped with white; outer side of legs to ankles smoky gray, hairs white tipped; chin black; cheeks, throat, and entire underparts of body and inner side of limbs buff; hands black; feet iron gray; tail at base above like back, then gray rather whitish tips to hairs, and tip black; beneath whitish.

Measurements.—Total length, 990 mm.; tail, 570; foot, 120; ear, 28.

Skull.—Total length, 90.7; occipito-nasal length, 79.4; hensel, 60.3; zygomatic width, 61.1; intertemporal width, 43.6; palatal length, 31; median length of nasals, .94; length of upper molar series, 23.8; length of mandible, 67; length of lower molar series, 29.9.

This species is somewhat similar to C. c. johnstoni, from the south side of Mount Kilmanjaro, but differs altogether in its buff underparts and inner side of limbs, thus contrasting strongly with the yellowish white of C. centralis and the grayish white of C. c. johnstoni and C. c. whytei. Two examples, both young adults, females, were in the collection.