# BIOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF WASHINGTON 

## DEACRIPTION゙ OF THIRTY APPARENTIN NEW (BRHZZLY ANO) BROUN BEARS FROM NORTH AMERICA.

MU. U.ART MERRLAM.

The present publication contains preliminary deseriptions of thirty apparently undescribed speces and subspecies of the hig Bears- Cirizzlies and hig Brown Bears-of various parts of Western America from northern Mexico to Aretic Alaska. This will be followed in the near future by more complete deseriptions with fuller comparisons, known ranges, measurements and other matter, illustrated hy photographs of skulls and treth.

Most of the species here published have been in manuscript fore several years, and have been held back awaiting the acquisition of fuller material. Through the kindly cooperation of the principal museums of Ameriea* and of a considerable number of sportsmen and huntors, enough skults-more than in00-have поW bern brought together to admit of working out the characters of most of the species, though much remains to be done in the Way of mapping their geographic ranges.

It will he a surprise to many to be told that motil within a few monthenomuseum in America contained cither a skin or a skull of the adult male of the great Plains Crizzly Ursushorribilis-the " White Bear" of Lewis and Clark-the first Cirizzly to receive a scientific name. Until recently, not only were the characters of this splendid species unknown, but there was no certainty

* American Museum of Natural Histors. New Vork: Cormegic Museum, Dittshurg; Field Museum of Natural History, Chicago: Museum of Comparative \%oolory ( Cambridge; 1'rovincial Museum, Victoria, B. C.: Vetoria Memorial Musem, Otawa: Peabody Museum of Vale ['uiversits; Musemm of Vertebrate Zoologs, Lhiversity of California ; and the luseums of the line wities of Iowa, Nelraska and Wyming,
as to which of three neighboring spocies was entitled to the name.

The specimens in hand prove that in several parts of the Rocky Mountain region of the United States and British Columbia and in parts of southeastern Alaska, two perfectly distinct species-in some cases three-occupy the same territory. This is a rather startling announcement but one concerning which there is not the shadow of a douht.

The list of persons who have aided me by the loan of material is too long for publication in the present connection, but it is al pleasure as well as a duty to express my appreciation of the invaluahle assistance rendered by the loan or presentation of skins and skulls of (irizzly and Brown Bears utilized in the preparation of the following deseriptions. The persons who have helped me in this way are: Miss Amic MI, Alexander, C. E. Aiken, Dr. J. A. Allen, Edward F. Ball, II. C. Begre, Mrs. C. C. Beggs, John P. Bird, Robert K. Blake, IV. C. Bradhury, Fred K. Burnian, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. ('ameron, Elton Clark, Charles B. Cory, Charles R. Cross, Jr., Howarl Eaton, J. D. Figgins, Joseph Grimnell, Samuel Henshaw, Dr. IV. J. Holland, Dr. R. Houston, James T. Jardine, Francis Kermode, J. H. Kidder, Paul Kleineidam, Prof. S. H. Knight, Frederick Lambart, J. D. McGuire, George Mixter, Dr. Wm. Jason Nixter, C. Frelerick Norton, Prof. C. C. Nutting, John M. Phillips, Warburton Pike, Wilson Potter, (ieorge D. Pratt, Dr. E. P. Richardson, Arehibald Rogers, Carl Rungius, Homer E. Sargent, Professor IV. B. Scott, Charles Sheddon, (ieorge Shiras, 3 d \& tth, P. A. Taverner, E. R. Wiarren, A. Bryan Williams, W. W. Wood.

## Ursus alexandrae * sp. nov.

Tupe from Kusilol Lake, Kenai Jeninsula, Nlaska, Sept. 190t, No. 475:- $0^{7}$ old, Mus. Vert. Zool., Ciniv. Calif. Orig. No. 218. (skull, skin and skeleton complete.)

Characters.-Size large; sknll long and narrow with exceptionally hroad rostrum; pelage very uniform in color, scarcely or not grizaled. Claws enormons ( 21 foreclaw of type specimen measuring: length from upper hase 91 mm . ; height at hase es mm. brealth 11.5 mm .). The

[^0] killed by Dall Delleese 110 mm .
(obor.-(Type specimen, very wh mate, in frest shot fall pelage:) pate, almos grayish, hown, beoming gellowish homs betwern cars, contrasting with pale hown of muzale; leges and feet only stightly darkor


 Bionerical surver Coll-presented by Wilson Potter), is pale bufly in"linine to light "reddish brown" thonghont, without. wrizaly appearance: lens omly slightly darker. (Ine killed hy Dall be Weene of (anyon (ity, Coloma, sept. 7, 1897, is deseribed hy him as "grayish-yellow," with lege and sides choentate brown.
(ramial characters.--ikull larer, long, rather narow, with moderately speathag \%ygmata, shont flattish frontal shich, ontstambing postorhitals (with age); womborad rostrom, amel long and high agittal crest. Frontal -hichl not markedly elevated above plane of rostrims; posterion root of \%yguma hot expanded. (anines large and long.

Nionll of male adult compared urith male adult lienaiensis-the mbly ot her lare hear known to inhabit Renai Peninsula: Bawal length, palate, and
 frontal shomb interomitally and acrose postornital processes much namomer, flatter, more horizontal, mot materially elevated above plane of rostrum; zygomata much less wiolely sprealing, squamosal part much narrower (not expanded) ; sagittal crest much longer, reaching anteriorly wor posterior $\frac{1}{3}$ of frontals [in kenaiensis ending on or near frontoparictal suture]; posterion third of frontals compressed, rising in a keel to sagittal erest ; condyle of jaw, amd glomid fossat wort (not produced ontwardly as in lienaimsis). Camine teeth, both upper and lower, but expecially the hwer, much larger and longer.

Remarks. - The skull of Crsus alexandrae is of a generalized type, lacking the seecial distinctive features that characterize several of its neigh-bow-as lenctionsis, sheldom, and others-mone of whel are (rizalies. Imong the erizalies it stamle alone in the great breath of the restrumwhich in hears of its size is only exeented by the widely different treus kencriensis, wheh can mot be claseel as a divizaly. Crsus alexandrae attains to the largest size known among the (irizaly Bears, the biggest skulls equalling those of the hage Ursus magister of Southem California.

## Ursus eltonclarki * sip. not.

T!pe from near lieshwater Bay, (hichagof 1sland, the more nomthern of the Sitka Islands, Alaskat. of alult No. 17906it L'. S. Nat. Mus., Biological survey Coll. Collected May 19, 1912, by bitom Clark and by him presented to Biological Survey.

Characters.-Size medimo or rather small; skull small, long, narmow, and rather low, with that frontal shield. Claws of true (irizaly typesmoothly polished; strongly curved and rather short; longest claw (in

[^1] specimen.
type specimen from upper base 70 mon; dark hhish or fhmberns horn color streaked with whitish or yellowish.

Color.- (ontor of type very dark and rich. Nose pale brown, darkening just in front of eyes; face, lead, and throat rich dark elocolate hrown, with golden brown wash in front of ears; ears and patels muder cach ear dusky; beciput and neck grizaled golden brown; back pale, orerlaid by buffy tips; legs and feet varying from backish brown th brownish black.
('ranial characters.- Wkull of male adult (the type) elongate, marrow; \%ygmata moderately spreating, onthowed, rounded posteriorly, spmamosal part mot vertically expanded; frontal shicd in same mane with rostrma, narrow, flat of slighty concave, acately rather short-pointeal posteriorly, the point entering sagittal crest about one-third the distance irom fronto-parietal suture topostorbital processes ; sagittal crest monderate, reaching a little more than half way from oceiput to postorbital processe; postorlital processes rather thick, outstanding; fronto-nasal region elevated (not dished); rostrum high and sloping gently upward in plane of frontals; lachrymal opening within orbit; patate long and narow; bostpalatal shelf long; postpalatal moteh long and narow; oecipitowhemod short, abont 80 mm . ; hasisphenoid deeply concave, withont trace of median ridge. Lower jaw long. Teeth moderate: canines rather lone; pma with morlerately shoping heel slightly opturned at tip, sulens: rery shallow; ma rather short, with cusplet on imer side of sadlle posteriorly; $m \underline{2}$ with anterior monety decidedly longer than posterior and fwin enspe of entoconid small and not deeply motehed; pm' large and hrod; $\mathrm{m}^{1}$ broad and rather short; $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ broal in anterior hall, then marrowing strongly, the heel nblignely truncate on outer side; cusps rather weak.
skult of arlult female similar, hat much smaller, distinctly disherd, pint of shield lyrate, \%ygomata more angular.
Adult mate sttmelarlit (the tupe) compared mith adult onyitos (the
 nasal region longer and more elevated; postorlital processes heavior and
 mandible more massive. ('anines larger and honger; mo shoter; m' and $11^{2}$ shorter and broader ( $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ broader in middle).

Ursus orgilos sp. nor.
 From lartlett Bay, Cast side (ilacier Bay, woutheastern Maska. August $2 \because$, 1912. A. Hasselborg.

Cranial characters.-Kize mertiun; skull long, rather narow, low, llat on top, slightly dished. Rostrum normal or rather small; maseas nearly horizontal, slightly decurved (not uplifted) anteriorly, slightly ascending posteriolly into frontal shieh; shield rather narrow, Hat, concare between orhits, acute pointed posteriorly; postorbital processes long, slender, ontstanding, sightly decurved and recurved (posteriorly); braincase long and low; squamosal shelves long; zygomata moderately spreading and
strongly outhowed, the broulest part more anterion than minal; sagittal (rest straghtand nealy homizontal; patatelong and rather narrow ; postpalatal shell long and flat; jugal howat anteriorly, rising well above
 long (90 man.) ; laner jaw long. Teeth of medimu or rather small size.
Remarlis. The sex of the type sknll is not known. Lesmming it to br a female, its male, or ome chsely relaterl, is No, gsiol U. S. Nat. Mus., Bionsucal sumey Coll., male ad., presented to me at. Sitka in 1890) hy fonernor brady of Alaska. This latter skull is considerably larger, has much larger cammes, hat slightly smaller upper molars. The two skallis are conely simitar in aeneral form and eharacterse except that in the make
 Shimh mone strongly concave between orbits, the postorbital processes hatrier (homaler) amblyme deenved.

## Ursus innuitus sl. nov.

Type No. 179:80 of oht, U. S. Nat. Mu*., Biolugical Survey ('oll. From (iolofinin Bay, sonth side of Fewarl Peninsula, northem Maska. Collected in 1886 by Edward F . Ball.

Cranict charactors.-Size large, basal length essentially same as in horribilis amb clexemdrae bint oceipitomatal length much less, owing to Shorthes- of occiput; Pronto-nasal region strikingly dished; rostrun short, exceedingly boad (of same brealth as in alexandrae, very mach broader than in horribilis), strongly depresed; frontal whell exceedingly browd internhitally, rising high and abontly from rostrum, nearly horizontal belime plane of postorbital processes, rather decply suleate medially and -trmgly swollen over orbits; posorbital processes large, subtriangular, ontstanding and decurven; matals nearly horizontal; palate and postpalatal whelf broad; \%ywnata broally spreating and outbowed posterionly, acute anteriorly ; nares broader than high; sagittal crest high posteriorly; lambenide cent large and full; coronoid hanle narrow and high; lamne hong aml that. (amines badly broken, apparently long; last loner premolar hroad, bromer posteriorly than anterionly, the ensp small and sloping posterionly without heel or marginal cusplets, lout with matow
 atrikingly lome and broal-agreeng ahonst exactly with that of true horribilis from cantern Montana.

Remarls-l'rsus inmilus appears to he related to hombibilis although their ranges are separated by an interval of about sono miles. Ignoring minor difterence, inmuitus difters from horribilis rather strikingly in the
 frontal sheld, and trmeate oceipht. The teeth, as above stated, are strikingly alike.

Ursus internationalis P . 1 ov .

 1912, by Fienterick Lambat of the ('amalian Bommary sumey.

Skull-imilar to that of phuron!er but shorter; frontal shield more deeply and broadly suleate (sides of culcus rising very gradually); postorlital procesese thicker and more decurvol; orbital rims more elevated (ahmost everted); sagital (rest hwer and more shoping (porolahly higher and more horizontal in adsanced age); palate and postalatal shelf much
 less ( 84 agamat ! 16 ). Last lower premolar conical and math smatler, lacking heel and without trace of posterior sulens or marginal ensplets (in phatonge, heel, sulcus, and posterior (anplets well developed); lat lower molar swollen; midnle lower molar swollen and (entex on immer ride.

## Ursus russelli


 *kill separate.)

Churacters.-size rather small. Color a cmones pale drah) hrowne somewhat darker on legs and feet; ears compicumbly hairy. Clan: smonth, moderately to strongly curved; brownish horn color with paler. (almost amber) tips.

C'ranial characters. - Sizull of medimm size, abont equaling ohl mates of ulascensis; bather short; farly brod across aygomatal frontal shehe
 motererted; poterion point of shich rathershort, emding abont one-third the distance fom fronto-parietal suture topentorbital processex; postorbital proceses peq-like, standing ont neally horizontally-mot depressed as in alascensis; muzzle rather narrow and high; \%ygomata slember, the posterior roots not expanded vertically; palate Hat-not excavated or arched as in several precies; hwer jaw masive, heavier moder second and thand molars than in alaseensis ; commod hade lalcate hut not narmoly so.
From ite neighbor on the east, Ursus richardsoni, to which it may prove more mearly velated than to any other sperees, and with the largerepecimens of which it agrese in size and in certan dental characters, it differs in mach more highly vanlted (ranimm; more highly sloping (less horizontal) braincase; mach mome elevated frontal region, and remen much marronere rostrum. The irontal shichl is much longer than in richerelsoni, the trmperal impresions corving backwad to moet mes another abont is the distance hetween postorhital procesices and honto-parictal -uture, insteal of tuming aboupty inward; postornital processes more slender than in richardsoni; sagittal erest shonter and less horizontal; uper molars very much larger, particularly broader. The zygomatic arehes are iowed outWard in bothepecies-not whaply anglat as in many of the large hears.

Ursus stikeenensis \%p. 110 s .
Type from Tatletney Lake, near heal of skema River, northern British

 No. 5ö?.

Chatacters.-Size medimm; skill shont and bodel; claws shout and -trongly curved for a (irizaly (longent fill man.-tips worm by digyinge, dark, marked with yellowish on tipe amb sides. Tprer molars hatere
 height at shombler 3: iuches (990 mom.).

Color.-General gromad color dark hrown, grizaled and washed with pate tipped hair:. Whazle pale hown, beemaing darker between eyes and on sides of face; top of head in front of cars washed with yellowish brown-almost fiming a golden brown bam between the darker ungriz$\%$ led frontal region and the more whitish color of the neck; general gromed color of body rery dark, bomatifully overlad on meck and back by pale bully-tipped hatise which give a whitish cast to the neck; ears dark; lege and feet hackish; mider parts dark brown hats on sides of throat longe amd grizaly.

Cranial characters.-Size medinm; skull short, broad, highly arched, strongly dished, with abmptly ascending frontals and large molar teeth. Mozale short, broal, brodening and strongly ascending posteriorly; nasal. strongly uptumed posteriorly; frontal shield rather broal, rising abruptly and swollen in front of and above orbits, suleate medially, shortminted, the point ending in sagittal crest about 30 mm . anterior to frontu-parietal suture ; postorbital processes large, broad, subtriangular, and lecirved, haincase long for size of sknll; zygomata rather broadly preading and slightly onthowed; palate and poetpalatal shelf broad. Molar: latge and broad.
Male adull stikeenensis compared with male adutl absaiokus (apparently it- nearest relative): size nearly the same though absarokus appears the larger; basal length and frontal breadth approximately same, but oecipitonasal length much greater in absarolius. In stikeenensis rostrum lower, Hatter, and more horizontal; frontal shield and posterior part of nasals: rising muth more abruptly; frontals much more swollen in front of orbits; point of thield much shorter (ending midway between plane of postorbitals aml fronto-parietal suture, while in absarokus it reaches posteriorly to suture); inion short; palate broder; lower jaw shorter; coronoid lower.

## Ursus nortoni * sp. nov.

Tupe No. 1-sitioi, of adnlt, V. S. Nat. Mus., Biological Survey Collecfion. From Vakutat, Maska. May, 1910. (i. Frederick Norton. Original No. A.5 (mother of $0^{7 x} \mathrm{cul}$ No. 178 isit).

Characters. - Belongs to the (irizaly group; related to stikenemsis. size medimu; coloration pale ; skull brod and massive.

Granial characters.-sknll large, broat, with molerately spreating rommed \%ygomata, bradly expanded squamosal shelf, brod frontal region, and moterately dished fronto-nasal area. Frontal shied broad and long, its lyate point reaching back tomidale of parietals; postorbital processer large and hroally outopeading; fostrmm broal, short, and somewhat depressed; palate and post patatal shelf broal; weciput broal,
 sented it to the biologitat Survers.
low, trmeate. Lncisors large; canines and molars rather small for size of sknll. Nikull of adult mate unknown.

## Ursus imperator s. 1 . $10 \%$ :

 U. S. Nat, Jus. (1)ied in Natiomal hoolngical Park.)

C'romial characters.-Size large (slightly larger than ubserokins); sknll of old mate ( the type) massive, morlerately arehed, strongly disherl, with exceedingly short fromtal shield, long and high sagittal crest, and long peg-like ontstanding postorhital processes. Mnzzle short, narrow for so large a skull, somewhat compressed helow nasals; hasals nearly horizontal; frontal shieh rising strongly just in front of orhite, Hattish, shallowly sulcate medially, cmang in short whtue point about 30 mm . behim plane of postornitals; postorlitals long, peg-like, homizontally ontetanding; bramease long; lachrymal duct opening on orbital rim; \%yronata moderately ontstanding and wothowed, the synamosal base hroally expanded; squmosal whes broad, arched over meatus; palate moderate; pmitpalatal wheli long; wecipito-sphenoid if mm.; mastoids short; lower jalw large, long, and maseive, with high reatical coromod hate. Teeth large.

Old mate imperator (the type) compared with old male absarokius ( No .
 procesces: longer and more wiflely outstanding ; rostrom higher and mome hori\%ontal (in absarokits lower anterionly amb mome shoping ) : sagital crest longer, its free enge nearly straght instean of arehed; somamosal root of ayema very much more expanden vertically; palate much longer: hower jaw honger and more massive.

Compared with ofd mule stikcenensis (No. 1710t9): Mnch langer :and
 more bromlly expanded; palate and postpalatal shelf mach longer; lower jaw mach longer; coromod hade much higher and more vertical.
 (obll, collected near Lake Hotei, Vellowstone National Park, July OO),

 trentency to "keeling"; fromtal shiold rather homal, thattish, sightly eomeres laterally, slightly sulcate medially, its shb-ly rate point reaching fronto-parictal suture; metomital procesces rather large and shot, outstanding, hhat or subtriangular, Hecurved; fromto-nasal region somewhat di:hed ; rostrum broal, high, and rather short; lachrymal duct entting orhital rim; sumanozal arm of zygoma moderately expanded, the anterion root strongly swollen under front of orhit; sagittal crest moderate, nearly covering parietal; occiput obliguely trmate; inion morlerate; palate broad; oceipito-sphenoid abont so mom. ; under jaw large and massive. Teeth large, much as in female absarokius but upper molar: broater; canimes and molars monch larger than in female lisus shoshone.


tions．La imperator posterion frontal rexion less elevaten；postortatal processes shorter；squamosal bate of asemat mach more expanded ver－ tieally－differences that seem trivial hy romparison with thws that characterize the male skills．

Old female imperator compared with artull frmale alsarokins（irom hoed
 tially same；nasals more homizontal；fronto－nasal region much more dished；frontal shield much hoader；postorthital processes mach more massive；squamosal root of zygoma broadly expanded［in absarolius mot expanded］；palate moch broaler；upper molars broder．

## Ursus absarokus＊＊ト．เロッ．

 head of Little Bighorn River，northern part of Bighorn Mts，Montana． lourchased lor the Biological Survey in May，1s！：＇，by J．Aden Loring．

Characters．－Size large，but much less than horvibilis and with much smaller molars－especially $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ ．External chamaters mbinown．

Skull of male（type specimen）．－Vanlt ol cranimm rather highly arehed； \％Somata moderately ontroneading amd somewhat howed；fontal shield of moderate breath，rising strongly from atomding rostrmm，consex at and behind plane of postorlital procesess，swollen on eads side of median line just behind phane of orbits；postorbital processe large，ontetanding， and slightly decorved，the tips hantly rombed；sagital eret hearly straight，highest posteriorly，reaching anterionly to fronte－parictal suture； postpalatal shelf broad and llat；hasalse large；hates momal or rathar small for si\％e of skull；rostrum high，of moterate length and hreath， rising strongly into frontal shiedt；top of commemel beally rommed，its apex short，not reaching pheteriorly to plane of eomlyle．Teeth rather large，equecially $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ which is lome and basal，the heet emarginate on onter side．

Shall of female（No．1：32ts U．S．Nat．Mus．From head of Big Poren－ pine Creek［not Pormpine River］between Masselwhell and Yellowstone Rivers，eastem Montana）．－（of gemeralized（irizaly type；large and rather massive；vanlt of cramimm rather Hat；bamease rather broal；frontal Shield of moxlerate hrealth，shighty convex，slightly depmesed on suldeate betweon orbite，elomgate－lyate posteriorly；postorbital procester weak and slighty deemed ；sagital crest mot yot reaching fomen－parietal suture；mazale moderate or rather short；zygomata moderately spreat－ ing amd rather angular：palater rather narow Theth large；molarge and whrectangular．

## Ursus tahltanicus sp．now：


 lected and presented by（i．Frederick Norton．
 stikeenemsis and canadensis；skull of fomate abmet same size as fomale stikeenensis，decidedly larger than mande canudensis）．（＇olon of type

[^2]-pecimen black (head absent, but entire body and legs almost coal black, lightly grizaled on anterion part of back hy tips of golden-l)wownish ).

Cranial churecters.- Whalt and ohd males: Rostrum rather marmew (in ohl age compmesed in front of ondite); vamlt of eramimn low, flattish; frontal shield of monderate brealth, that or depmesed (sometimes suleate medially ), rather shori-pointed, sloping gradually to plane of muzale, and omly slighty dished in fromon-nawal region; postorhital processes per-like, horizontally ontstanding; sagittab erest low, reaching forward about haliway (in extreme age a little more than halfway) from inion to postorbitals; zygomata liroadly speading and bowed; palate of median breadth; poetpatatal shelf hoad and that (in type, an aged skill, hess broal); squamosal
 jugal procese of maxillary rather strongly developed; lower jaw shortmuch shorter than in stikeenensis, shoshone, and cainadensis; its ramm: not flattened. 'Teeth rather simall: canines ant molars much smatler than in stikeenensis.

Skull of female relatively large (abont same length as female stikeenensis but much narmwer; much larger than female shoshone and canadensis; vault of cranimm moderately elevated, with tendency to fronto-parietal lomp; facial part of skull large and long; frontal shied long, rather narmw, lyre-shape posteriorly, meeting sagital crest some distance posterior to fronto-parietal suture; fronto-natabl rexion well dished; palate
 onsly onthowed; muder jaw long.

Yomig females are hest told by the teeth, epecially the lower camines. In tahtanicus the lower eanines are shonter and more sember than thone of stikeenensis. In the latter species they are longer and thiteker-ewerially thick in middle.

## Ursus toklat sp, nor:

T!ype No. Lisssi: of anl., IT. S. Nat. Mus., Biological Survey Coll. From head of Toklat River, morth hase of Alaska Range near Mt. Mekinley. Collected May olt, Imes, hy ('harles shellom and hy him presented to the Biological survey. Orig. No. :ist. Mother of cub No. Disist (Orig. No. (32.)

Characters. - Size medim; color variable, the upner parts ranging from ordinary "grizaly bear color" to creamy white: claws homy and smooth, usually dark throughout but in many eases more or less marked with white. Skull of both male and female rather highly arehed and dished, that of female much smaller and lower tham male and more strongly dished. Last upper molar large; heel very long.

Cranial charactors of adull mates.-size medimm; rostrum high, suh)terete abowe, nearly horizomtal; irontal shield abruptly elevated, swollen over onhts, suleate medially, rather long pointed (reaching fromenparietal suture) ; postorbital procesee rather small and strongly deewred; seflamosal shelves short; palate arched and exeavated longitudinally; zygomata very broudly spmedeng amd angilar (\%ygomatic

 last upper molar large, its heel momally very longe.

 frontal shieh rather flat, beroming flater with advanding age, suleate between orlits, varying from lyre-pinted to shomet-pinted; postorlatal proceses ontetanding horizontally ; rostrom nearly horizontal. In most repecimens the highest point of the eramimm cummates in a rather abmpt change of angle at or near the fronto-paretal sutnre, fombing a sort of "hump," a condition nemal also in skulls of female (irizalies from the "pprr V̌nkon and morthern British Colmubia.

Old. male toklat compared with old male alascensis: frontal region more elevated; sagittal crest shorter; yygomatic: brealth much greater; heed of last upper molar much longer.

Old male toklat compared with old male phatom!n: length about the same; ysgomatic hrealth very much greater, particularly with reference to hasal length; frontals much more highly arched; sagittal erest shorter and lower; last upper molar larger-the heel much longer.

Adult femate tollat compared with that of alascensis: size deededty smaller; valt of caniom deciledly lower, highest oser posterior part of frontals intead of wer midde of fontals; frontal shich namon, Hattemed, shpinge (not archerl and not materially swollen over orbits); postorbital procesces outstanding homontally; fronto-natsal regiom stromgly dished : pabate, pret-palatal shelf, and weripitn-sphemoded sherer; m² with heel muelh longer.

Adult female tokilat compared with adult female phasonyli: size dereidedly ereater; teeth math laterer, especially the camines and last upper molars.

## Ursus phaeonyx latifrons sules. nor.


 No. : : 2 (1)

Characters.-size medium; whall monderately arehed amd moderately dished; hase of skall elongate poterionly; fomtal shedd very boad
 rather abmptly, broally smbate merlially, consex over orbite; postorhital procesece rather large and ont-speading, slightly deeurved; whital rims thickencel; rostrmm rather high, mearly horizontal, its uper surface rommed (subterete) ; ygonata monderately sprealing amd boadly out-

 s! ! ; sagital erest well developerl; lower jaw as a whole, and inferion border of rames long; coronod moderately faldeate. Teeth of monderate vize ( wery batly worn in type sivil).

Compared with phatony.e-size and general (hanathers esiontially same,


## $18 t$ Piorectings of the Biologiral Soriety of Wrashington.

ontstanding; base of cranium longer (postpalatal length and occipito-- phemoid slightly greater) ; miter wile of zygomata straghter (less lowed) ; meatus tulke longer ; lower jaw longer ; angle and comble more elevated.

## Ursus shoshone sjo. nov.



flaraclers. - Size medimm or rather large, but much smaller than horribilis and bairdi-abont sanle size as absarokus but narrower and widely different. External characters maknown.
('ranial characters.-skall rather long and high, with llattishı long*hping frontal shied continuing plane of rostrmat to high point about midway between pestorbitals and fronto-parietal suture; molerately -rrealing \%ygomata; anterior (frontal) part of brancase keeling into sagittal crest; sagittal crest long and high; lambloid crest high; postorbital proceses peg-like, ontotanding, rather slender; masal region slightly dished amd suleate in middle third (nasals dipping toward one amother-may be imdividual); restrom of molerate brealth, strongly ascending in plane of frontal shehd lachrymal duct on inner aseet of onlital rim.
skull of adull female (from Ft. Fred Steele, Wyoming, No. 20:376l L'S. Nat. Mns., Biol. survey (ohl.): skull long, hw, and rather slender; fromal wheh narrow, long lyre-pinted posterindy, Hat interorbitally, slightly consex (transerely) from plane of postorbitals posteriorly; a slight depression on each frontal on immer (medial) side of postorhital poness; pestorlitals shender and ontstanding; rostrmatember; sagital (west short, reabhing only half way from inion to fronto-parietal sutme; lamblowl west monderate; meatus tube short ; apex of coromoid protuced posteriorly, oweranging deep) eoromod motela; ramme: llat and light. Theth rather shatl ; upper molars relatively large; fower molars narrow.

Adull male shoshone compared with adult male horviaeus: Rostrmm, nasals, and fontal shich more clevated and math more strongly asceme ing pesteriorly (less flationed and less horizontal) ; lambloid mudt more -tromely developerl.

Adnld mele shoshone compared with adult mele absarolius: Firmtal shield Hat, rising gradually in long contmones sope to highest point, about 25 mom. anterion to fronto-parietal suture [in cascurokits arehed, strongly conrex, and rising suddenly to lighest point. inmediately behind orhit: ; postorbital proceses more sember; fronto-natal region only shighty dished; rostrom more shender; bramease narmener; brealth aross -thatmonal shole les.

## Ursus shoshone canadensis sulxp, 口ow:

Tifpe from Mone l'ase, near Mt. Kohsom, Briti=h (Ghmbia, No. 1ithall or ad.. U. N. Nat. Mns. (bollected by N. Hollister :and Charles 1 ).


C'haracters (Type wedment). Size medinm; folor brown, grizaled with
loff; clans short for a cirizaly, rather thiek, monderately farmed, pate gellowish on upper surface and tips, hownish hom color on sides.

Color.- Anzzle very bale drab) bown, changing to darker hrown on
 iorly,* ears, hatek and thighs washed with bully whitish from abmulane of hoffy-tipperl hairs; fore leg and lower part of hind leg and feet very dark (almost hackish hrown); long hairs of throat and axillary region pale yellowish; of rest of ander parts dark hrown.
('ranial characters.-(Ad. male, the type) Similar in wembal to shoshome
 equally fort posterionly; postorbital processes long, sionder, fightly decurved; rostrum harmwing anteriorly (wedge shape); posterion half of masals rising in same plane with frontal sheld; sagitat crest long, high, and eonvex, reaching anteriorly about to mon. over frontals; irontal part of haincase kecling into crest as in sheshome; \%ymmata less outhowed: lower jaw longer; coronod hate boaderamblorter. ('anines rather shont ams thick. Iholars brom and rather shot, materially broader and mone maswive than in shoshome; $m^{2}$ horadly suhtriangular, the heel short and rommed posterionly.

## Ursus klamathensis E1. $11 \%$.

 From Bewiok, near month of shorel (wok, Klamath River, mortheastern California. Collected and presented ly ('lantes Farwell Edson.

Charucters.- si\%e of male large ; skull in general of the shoshome type, hot larqer and with heavier canines. Claws moderate, rathore strongly curved, hom eolor washed with yollowish hasally and with pate gellowish markinge at tips; marked longitndinally with tine parallet striae. Skin characters makown.

Curionsly enongh, Lisus lilamathensis sloes not require clnoe comparison with any of the other serece inhabiting California, its only near relative being Crans shoshour of the Rocky Mts. of haho. Fomale manown.

Cramial chametors.-skull large and rather highly arednem; highest on posterior part of frontals; rostrum longe high, and asemding in plane of frontal shield; fronto-nasal megon elevated, scareely if at all disherl; sagittal crest long and well developed; frontal whidd that, shping, and rather short-pointed; lachrymal duct opening on orbital rim (rather posterionly than anteriorly); zygonata momerately spreading, not expanded pasteriorly; anterion (frontal) partof bramease"keeling" intosagittal erest; occiput prodnced posteriorly (overhang much grater than in califomicus); squamosal shelses long amb broal; palate rather hat; oecipite-sphenod length ss mm. ; hasioceipital very broal anterionly; matomis vertieal, short; lower jaw long ; coromid blade high; ramme exoptionally broal

* The long whitish-tipperl hatirs of the ohl cont have fallen out on the cherks and anterior mart of hearl nearly in ears.

 expanded.
rertically. Canines laree; molars moderate; last upper molar relatively small, the heel emarginate or obliquely truncate on outer side; midde hower molar with anterior monety moch larger than posterior.
('ompared with ath old male shoshone from North Forls Teton River,

 of cranimm somewhat higher; frontal hield howder and hater; palatal length about the same; postpabatal length much greater (liso contrasted
 ital anterionly rery much broder; bower jaw dectifedly longer; ramus much broader reptically. (Ganines larger and honger; last unper molar shorter.

II si\%e and chatacters kitemathensis resembles perfogor of the enast region of British (inhmbia, but the fordifler markedly in certain epecife: characters. Omitting detaik, in kifamallomsis the rostrum and frontal
 kilamalhensis the ramms of lower jall is broally expanded vertically; in pereagor mormal; in klemathensis the camines are large, the molats molerate; in peragor both canines and molare are exceptomally small. In both the basioneripital is broms.
('mbtrasted with ohd male henshani of the sonthern siema, mate filamathonsis may be distinguished at a glance by ite mach larger si\%e much higher vanlt of cranimu, elevated fromen-natal region, and contimonely sloping frontal shield amb rostrum-in striking contrast with the depresed and strongly dished fronto-nasal region of hemsheme

Compared with Lisus californicus from the const region sonth of san Francisen hay, the differences are marked in the sknll and striking in the teeth. In klamathensis the vanlt of the cranium is lower posterionly and higher anteriorly; the frontal shied flatter laterally; the rostrum shorter; the base of the cranium (oceipito-splemoid) deededty shorter. The last mper and middle fower molarsare widely different, the heel of $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ in califormicus large, fong, and hond posteriorly, white in kitamathensis it is small and emarginate on moter side; the anterior part of me in californichs normat, white in lilamathensis it is disproportionally tare.

## Ursus pervagor זf. ๓いए.

Type from Iemberton Lake, British (blumbia, in edge of humid coast
 May, 188:3. John Fannin.

Cranial churacters--Gize targe; skull of adult male lomg, rather narrow, highly archer, moderately dished; sygomata monderately spreading and outbowed; frontal stope sadual; frontal shied of moderate breadth, rather flat, rising gramally to halfory hetween plane of postorbital procesess and fronto-parictal suture, tightly decurved posterionly, shallowly sulcate medially, swelling on cach side just behind phane of postorhitals; postorhital processes outstanding, thick, peg-like; postpalatal shelf hroal and lat; frontal part of hamease elevated, supporting fos-
terior part of frontal shieh; palate hang; squanosal shelf home fachermal duct opening out orbital side of orbital rim; mastoid processes loner
 ramms long ame wollen on outer side. Teeth small, partienlaty the canines and lower molars.

## Ursus caurinus sp.

Type from Berners bay, east sile 1,ym ('anal, smatheasem . Maska.
 \& 1911, by . 1 . lasweltome.

Characters.-Size rather lage; skall hone and rather narrow; (anines longe, the lower one mascive; clats smothly polished.

Color.- Lpperparts gellowish bulf; face and most of heal pale hown or drab) ; cars, homp, and materpate eompicumsly darker; legs and feet dark herwo or brownish hate.
(ramial characters.- Skill (both male and female) long ame narow, highly arehed, monderately dished, frontal shich namow, strongly asemding posterionly; postorhital processes weak and deenrved; frontal part of batincase elevated, foming an mpled base for posterior part of frontal shied; patate lomg; postalatal shelf bather marow; sumanos shelf long ; lachrymal duct opening within orlital rim; ramme of jaw rertically Hattened aml broad.

Compared with peragor: Frontal shiek namower; postpalatal shelf natower; lower jaw and inferior border of ramus dorter; famus flater on onter side and broader vertically; coromid bade narmer and more faleate. 'Pper canines longer; hwer canines conspicums longer and larger ; lower molar: longer; heelof large lowerpremolar shomge, without distinct posterior cheplets.

## Ursus colusus sp. not.

Tope from sacramento River, Calif. (probably from leetween colusa and Kacra!nento). Non. 38.37 or old, I. S. Nat. Mus. Collected ly the Wilkes 1'. S. Exploring Expl. am marked "C. I'. Ex. Ex. 1 . 16 " (the momerals mecertan, there being indication of a figure in front of the first 6). The words "(irizaly bear, sacmamento" are written on the right parietal in pencil.

Cranial characters.-skull of old male large, longe, and low-in genctal resembling largest skulls of californious but having very mueh smaller teeth and differing in mumerons cranial chameters.

Compared with old male californicus from Montemes: frontu-natal region and rostrum more depressed; postorhitals much smaller and less swollen; orbital rims less wollen; sagittal erest longer; shamosal hase of zygoma lese expanderl; patate broader anteriorly; ramme mach les: broad reatically; dentition weaker and strikingly diflerent. The eanines are too badly broken to abluit of satisfactory eomparison, lout obviously were smaller; the upper iucisors and both upper and lower molats are
very much smaller; the heel of $m{ }^{2}$ small and strongly emarginate on outer side, of same size and appoximately same form as in klamathensis hat even more strongly eomstricted on outer side inmediately behind secoml curp; lower molars of same size as in thamathensis though the jatw is much longer.

Compared with kilamathensis: postombitals, length of sagittal erest, form of 火yomata, and dentition escontally same; hut skull longer; vault of "ranimm much lower ; frontal shicld narrower and mueh shorter; temporal beade much more strongly incurved; fronto-nasal region dished insteal of elesated; rostrom much inver, more depressed, amd more horizontal; ramme honger, les broal vertically; diantema much longer.
 Thsemm) appeare to be a mot quite grown female of lissus colusus. The last upher molar is short and subtriangular, the heel emarminate on conter sile.

## Ursus californicus tularensis suhsp, now.

Tipme from old Fort Tajon, Canada do las Tras, Telachapi Itw, Calif.


Cremial charatoms. - Winll of adult and ohd males similar to califormicus lut smaller ; hase of craminm somenhat wherter; palate sightly shorter; oneipitn-nasal length decidedly lese; brancave decidedy shoter: \% yonmatie headth same or shightly greater-the sinll as a whole relatively homader than in califomions; potpalatal shelf border; lower jaw materially shorter; first upper molar decidedly smaller (hoth shorter and narrower) ; lower series of teeth smaller, ma and ma particnlarly smaller, moch namower and less massive; heel of last upper motar less broad than in crifornicus.

Adull male Tejon Cirizzly compared with lisus hemshawi (the t!pe) from the soultern Sierea: shll lareer and more massive; fronto-nasal region much lese dished; motrum latere, higher, and not depresed; yggomata mow brodly sprading; pestomatal shelf bonder; comomid larger and lesi falcate; ramme hroaler reetically; last upper molar mola larger, the heel long amb bowal pesterionly, centrasted with the shote subtrianglar heed of henshami.

Females (adnlt amb old) of the Tejon (irizaly are more easily distinminhed than males from their nearest relative, Ursus californicus. The skill of the female is much more like the normal female Grizaly type, not resembling the males as does the femate of californicus. Compared with fomale califormicus: skull decidedly smaller; fromtal shield behind plame of potorhtal proceses more elevated and comvex-mot depressed and concave as in coliformicus; point of shield longer and broader ; orbital rims more swollen; sagital crest shorter and lower ; palate at last 10 mm . shorter ; occipito-splenoid about 10 mm . shorter; lower jaw smaller and lighter; last upper molar decidedly smaller. Normal m ${ }^{2}$ subrectangular as in californicus [in henshani sulstriangular and small].

Ursus magister sp. nov:


 Henry 1 . stewatt.

 of the Monterey region, and even than Lresus hmribitis, the great bullalo
 Kemai Peninsulat); rexnal disparity great, skull of femate harlly half the balk of male; skull of male of rather a generalized type; not dished. ('lall: of ohl fomale from head of Trabuco Canyon, Siata Ana Mes., exeredingly longe strongly cumed, mainly yellowish above.
 oif sonty all wer except heat and grizaling wi back. Ahzzle gray or monec bown, paket above; top of head and neck very dark hown - paroly grizaled with pale tipped hairs; back dusky grizaled with grayish; loge amb maler parto wholly hackish.
ridemial cherracters. -skull long, vanlt of cramimn well areled, hut not ahomptly; wetrom long and high: fromto-maxal region elevated, in same phate with frontal shield and rostrmm; frontal shield flattish but not flat, -lightly sulcate medially and slightly swollen on each side between postontital processes, the point reaching fronto-parietal suture; zygomata (m) Y monderately wranding, angular, the posterior root womewhat expanden amil rising rather ahmptly from plate of squmowal shelf; sagital erest rather short; palate somperl out anteriorily, forming a basin-like depres--ion :mmonding the antorior palatine formina; oecipitn-whemod length 10:3.5 mm. Teeth large amb broad but by no means disproportionate to large size of skull; 1et upper molar broad; last upper molar absent, but from its alvembes and its form in the femate, ohvionsly boad, short, *trongy triangular, the hed small, marowed posteriony, olliquely

 ist hower molar apparently normal (much wom in type sedecmen); middle lower molar absent in type specimen but apparently normal, julging from the female (in which, however, it is badly wom).
slinll of femate of extreme age from Trabuco Canyon (No. 1565! 4 , I. S. Nat. Mus., Biological survey Coll., killed Jan. J, l!0s, by Andrew Joplin and blwarl halkinsom): Size small ; rostrum short and depressed; fronto-masal region strongly di-locl ; formatal shield flattish, shightly suleate interonitally, shompointed, bealed posterionly by elevated temporal impressions, rising rather ahmptly at orbits; sagittal crest long and neapy lomizontal; palate and postpalatal shelf broad, that poteriorly, eoncave anteriorly.

Measurments in Hesh of old male (the type): Height at shoulder from Alat of foot $+\mathrm{ft} .(=1220 \mathrm{~mm}$.$) ; total length, ermat to tail 31 / 2 \mathrm{it}$. *

[^3] $(=30 \mathrm{~mm}$ ．）；breadth $8 \mathrm{in} .(=04 \mathrm{~mm}$ ．）．The old Female from Trabura （anyon measured in the fle h ly Andrew Joplin，fift，is in．

## Ursus henshawi

Tupe Trom southern Sierra Nevada near Havilah，Kem（on，Calif．No．
 amd Henry W．Henshan．
Characters．－size rather small－hy far the smallest of the（＇alifomia Crizalies ；size and general cranial characters as in horiacts，lut fronto－ naval region strongly dished and rostrum strongly deprescol．Last mper molar short and broan，the heed short and subtriangular．Skin char－ acters unknown．

Cranial characters．－＊ull long，narrow，and ratherlow，with narmoly wrealing aygonata，gently soping flat－concave frontal shicht，matsive and somewhat arehed postorbital processes，swollen orbital rims，strongly depressed and dished fronto－nasal region，and low depresed rostrmm．
（ompared with an equally old male horriapus the type，from Copper－ mines，New Mexico）：similar in general，hat rostrum strongly depressed： nasals：flattened and horizontal anteriorly；fronto－nasal region strongl！ ＂dished＂（in homiaeus rather high and not dished）；frontal shield stromgly and broadly concave between orbits and between postorbital proceses （only faintly sulcate in horriaens）；more strongly sloping anterionly： postorlital processes shorter and bunter；orbital rims more frominent， relatively thin，somewhat everted，continuing to lachrymal moteln－their prominence anteriorly due in part to presence of a broad sulcus in aibending arm of maxillary immediately in front of orlit；lachrymal duct opening in orbit posterior to orbital rim（in horriarus，on or anterior to rimn）；anterior nare broader than high（contrary true in horriapus）；lambdoid（rest higher；inion much shorter；oceipital over－ hang much less；palate decidedly hroder；interpterygod canal shorter； hasisphenoid more deeply exarated on each side of median hine：expmend presphenod longer（probably not eonstant）；mastoid procereses math longer and more divergent；antorior part of pterygoide more broally expanded rertically and articulating with a like expansion of posterion arme of palatines（probably mot constant）．Vpper molar：decidedly broader（canines broken off）

 Colomia（iarcia，（Mihmahna，Mexico．Collected November 13，ism，is H．A．Chuff：

S＇haracters．－size，smallest of the tirizaly Bears．（ieneral color，pale buffy yellowish，varying to grayish－white，grizaled from larker color of maderfur．Specimens in worn pelage vary to yellowish－brown and even rusty．Hairs of throat and Hanks longer than elsewhere；belly sparsely haired，lacking the thick underfur of upper parts．

[^4]Deseription of tippe specimen in fresh fall pelage. - Mazale pale brown, mueh darker aromad eyes; top of head yellowish-bull; batek grayishbowne heavily overlaid with pale bully-gray tipe (color mome bully arose the shoulders, mone whitish-gray on the hack); hmop (lark hrown, *mall; rump grizaled erayish and brown, the light tipged hairs baling posterionly and on the sides, the dark hrown groumd eolor passing intu Wackish-hrown on thighs, legs, feet and tail; forelegs also bat kish-brown: lipe amd print of chin gellowish-buff, followed by area of dark brown; maderneck and moderparts generally long haired and grizaled, the prevailing color yellowish-hutf. Claws long, smootly, and moderately curved; brownish hom-color streaked with yellowish. Longest claw itimm. from mprer hase to tip (tip worn ofl').
('ranial chararlorse- Adnlt male: skinl small; simitar in general form to howiapus, but more wolf like; size of female horriaeus; rostrum strikingly marrow; frontal shield narow and only faintly sulcate medially; temporal impressions not bealed [in homiaeus strongly beaded]; oceipitu-sphemoll length nearly as great as in horriaens, hat palatal and pestpalatal lengthes much less; pesterior root of zygoma slemder; postorbital processes more slender, less depressed, and more pointed than in hurriaens. Toeth miformly smaller.

Ursus horriaeus texensis subrip. nov.
 Killed in havis. Mte, Texals, November:2, 1890, hy (\%. (). Finley amd Johm \%. Ve:alls.

Characters.-skull similar to horriaens in size and general characters, lint lower, Hatter, more smoothly rominded, and broader acrosis squannsals; irontal hield narrower and thatter ; postorbital processes more slender and beg-like and more horizontally outstanding; orbital rims less swollen; rostrum smatler (shorter and more slender); fronto-nasal region even lese dished; patate somewhat broader between molars, and deeply excavated hotween last molar: (not excavated in horriaens) ; interpterygoid (athal shorter; inferior border of jaw (symphysis to subamghar tuberele) math longer. ('anines and molars smaller.

## Ursus navaho sip. nov.

Type from hoar lit. Defiance (Mollhansen), prohably killed in (Mnsea

Charaders.-Niza small; skall short, bome amd moderately dished. helatiomship apparently with horrians.

Granial characters.-(Type specimen-a hadly damaged ohd male of which only the front part with eygomata and lower jaw remain): Shall -hort ; zyomata hroally wrealing and ontbowed, the anterior ront math -wollen, pusterior ront not expanded; fontal shichl Hat, short-poninten; pretorlital procese peg-like and ontstanding; temporal impresions: bealed with a fine bead; rostrmu short and small; nares rather small and nearly vertical; lachrymal duct opening on orthital rim, lout mowe in
than out; palate broad for sto small a skull: pestpalatal shelf horad; comond blade high. Toeth small: $m^{1}$ very small; m" short, with
 anterimily).
 radn Mhsemb): Skull short, disherl, with broally sprealing sightly bowed \%ygomata; truncate weciput, fattioh shishl, amblember widely outstanding postomitais. Rostrom small, tapering, rising posterionly into flat Iyrate shield; postorbital processes long, slemder, and directed forward as well as outwad; bramease rather beoth and depresed ; palate
 sambere ale in male.

Otd male maraho compared with old male horviatus (both types): Size
 and ontstanding instead of decurved; eygomata more bowed and apparently more spreating ; ramberseres. Teeth smaller.

Old male mexaho compared with ohd mate homiares athl whe mele tesionsis (all typers): Size somewhat less; rostmon and palate shopter; ramms of jaw shorter; molar teeth smaller; heel of lat upher molar more broally rounded posterionly. The postorbital procesces and gygmata are like those of terensis-the postorhitals small and ontstanding, insteal of de-
 horriaths.






 eave; lower jaw thicker and heavier.

## Ursus bairdi : $\quad$. $1(\%)$.




 monlerate lengetla, sumoth.

 Thazle pale brown (apparently whelage) phan and face blackioh, becoming slightly grizzled posterionly and on lower part of cheeks ly wash of yellowish-brown tipped hairs; entire body, legs ami feet very dark brown overlaid on back hy wash of light tips. (laws of moderate length, strongly curved, smothly polished, dark horn color marked towat tips with pale gellowish, amd most of them with whitish (emper ticially) (on upper side of hazeal halli.

## Merrium-I Descriputions of Near Becus from Ninth Ameriva.




 front of whits; face loms-sloping ; fomtal shiclal that, short-pointed, *lightly suleate of depmesend medially; shiohl aml matals in cesentially same phate except that anterion thind of nasals is: ightly upturned; pestorbital processe large, ontstamding, and blant; orthtal rims prominent; sagital (reat long, high potarionly; temporal imprestoms short, incurved, beadeal; \%gomata strongly onthowed, somarely epremting posteriorly; lathrymal dact slightly mothing orbital rim (not sumarely on rim as in
 the iree dige thickenedoneverted; palate and powalatal shelf moderate, rather mamow for solare a skill; mastoids lomg, divergent. Molars usatlly rather large.
hmmatmere males of bairdi, up (1) at least the sth or fith gear, hate

 region, which is high, nurion and strong!! pinched in immediately in front of the orhits.

Old mate bairdi compared with old male horribilis: si\%e somewhat shaller; frontal shield thatter and slightly narrower ; fronternatal region cherated (mexer dished or whlate between orbits); hase of rostrmm much mone compresed laterally in fromt of of hitw palate shomer and natower;

 whole shorter; ramme more swollen on onter side moler $m \mathrm{~m}$ and ma ; inferior lowder of ramme shofor and less upturned. Teeth smaller:


## Ursus whahensis ip. ตแッ.





 natron-trongly pinched in.
 I'tah. Ohtained fom Forest Ranger september ot, 1907, by (lanence
 pale lipe edginge aml home hats of median line of throat, dark brown, becoming grizaled pusteriorly; the of head wery datk, grizzled posterionly loy brown-ipperl hair.

E'ranial characters of male ad.--ize large; ;inll rery longe mad natow; \% yomata moderately preading; frontal shehl narow, thattemed, falling away on the viles immediately in front of mbite, leaving a high nawo-


## 194 Proreerling.s of the Biological Soriet!y of Wershingtom.

midway between fronto-parietal shture and plane of postorbital pron(ases; postorhital processes very long, slemder, peg-like, and horizontally extemded: rowtrm long, high, rather narrow and strongly compresed below the natals; palate and postpatatal shelf exeredingly long; pertpalat tal noteh namow; interpterygoid fossa exceptionally deep; basisphemod -trongly concave; molerjaw very long, ramus that and excepdingly broud rorticully; upper and lower molariform series of medium or rather small size; middle lower molar lecidedly narrow.

In imperfect skull of an old male (No. 16ian90) from Pine Valley Mt., sonthwest Itah, differs from the type in having still :maller teeth lonth above and below, the molars, th premolar, and eanines being but little laree than those of the female from the type locality.

The old male type of utahensis, compared with adult and old males of bairdi (the only neighthoring species of approximately the same si\%e), diflers as follows: Rostrmm longer and decidedly harower; base of rostrum in front of orbits more compressed; postorlital procreses longer amd mome sender; palate longer; postpalatal shelf narmwer; interptergenid canal much deeper; ramme of jaw lonere, decidedly broder (vertically), Hatter, and mmeh thimer maler $0_{1} l$ and Bd molars; mper molarifom teeth, midhe lower molar, amd lower canime mach smaller.

C'ranial characters of female: An adult iemate (No. $1802(0)$ ) from the type locality is similar in general elaracters to the male, but menelo smaller amb somewhat less extreme. Sinll long and natrow; fontals and frontonatal region esentially sance bat sagittal erest shorter; zygomata relat tively as well as actually moch narower (moch less sprealing) and mot outbowed; rostrma namowest anteriorly: molars smaller; sanines much smaller.

## Ursus kennerleyi s. n. nก.

Type from momitains near Los Nogales, somoral of ohd, skall No.
 komberly.

Characters.-Size rather shall; skill long, narmw and high, but mot moll arched; rostrum harrow and high, in satue plate with shiedd: fronto-nasal region strongly clevaled, making a convexity slightly above otherwise continuons plane of rostrom and frontal shied : rostrom and mastifontal region sub-terete, comstricted (but not strongly pinched in) in front of white; nares mach higher than broal ; frontal shiedd Hat, rather shor-pointed posteriorly, pasinge into sagital erest about $t_{3}$ distance from ironto-parietal suture to postorbitals ; pestombtal processes long, rather slemder, motanding and slightly decurved; frontal part of hatucase elevated; \%gomata momerately prading and outhowed; palate
 faleate; ramme flat and broal reetically. Teeth of medimm size (banly Worlt)

Remurks.-Ursus liemerleyi is a strongly marked member of the bairdiutahensis gromp. It is must noaly related to utahensis but mory mum
smatler amd with tereth of almot the same size. The skill, thongh an ond male, agrees in size (longith) with that of femate mulemsin.

Ursus shirasi w.

 Shiras thla and presenterl to Biolngi"al survey.
('haracters.- Size lage (eomewhat larger than the largest Crsus sitkensis); heal highly arched; color black, except muzzle, whel is dull
 pelisheal as in the (irizalice), rather strongly emed and of monderate
 mim. ), tth and sth rombled off on outer side.
('remial charecters.-skull large, brode, massive, and highly arehed; \%gemata latere, brodly onthowed and rounded ( mot angular) anterionly as well as posterioly; frontal shield remarkably short and broad (nearly twice as brod as long), deeply and broally suleate, with luge uplifted broally ontetanding postorbital proceses which areh over the orbits and are strongly decurved apically, completely rooting the orbits; temproal
 Pronto-pariotal suture) ; sagital cest long and high, homped over frontoparietal suture, thickened posteriony; fromto-masal region dished; rostrum broad and short, sloping strongly upwarl to meet hrontal shich; postpalatal shelf loner, hasioceipital ami basisplenoid subequal; infrajugal proces of maxillary obsolescent; coronoid hade broad; ramms strongly bellied under posterior molar.
Dentition.-Heary; canines latere, the upper to mom. high above enamel line of onter side: ph1 with tiny eusplet on inner side posteriorly ; molars lage and rather broad; $11^{2}$ with large and howl heel; mi with strongly developed cusplet on inmer side of saddle.
(bolon:-Entire animal exeept mazale conl black, shwing when pambimed alocely a bemmish wash atong middle of back; mazale fomm mose pad to between eyes dull brown.

Remarlis.-Ursus shirasi is a very large member of the Brown Bear aromp. Whether or not it is always hack, like the type specimen, is not known. But of all the American bears its skull is the most striking and distinctive. Thes short broal frontal shield rising on ead side into huge postorbital proceste which arch broally over the omitw serve to distinguisl it at a glance from all other species, rendering close comparisoms: minnecessary: In this comnection it is interesting to observe that shirasi and ite neighbor culophus, an inhabitant of the same island, present opposite extremes af departure from the normal mesine type-mbophes having a long narrow skull with senter clongate rostron, long and narrow frontal shield, and insignificant postorbital processes, while shirasi has an exceptionally broarl skill with broal shot rostrum, excessively broad and short irontal shield, and hage massive postorbital processes.

## Ursus kidderi tundrensis sulsip. แoை.

 Femm Shaktolik River, Nomton Summ, Alaska. ('ollected by matives september, Bs:t, and weemed through Rudoli Nemman, late Igent of the Daska Commercial ('or at Ilinliuk, Unakaska.

Fharacters.- size small, agrecoing in this resect with lidderi; skull rather long and heavy; frontals homd and that, bombly bint mot deeply sulcate medially ; postorbital procerese smatl ; comomid hate fateate and rather high. Similar to liedderi in esential cranial and dental elaracters, but dillering in having the frontal wheld and postorbital procerece ery much broseder and flater, ath the frontal sulcus less marked. .s in lidderi, there is little diftierence in the sexes exeent that the femates have narrower mazales, and narrower frontal whelds. I gomme male (No.
 has somewhat rhorter canimes thath the otheres.

From alascensis, the (irizzly of the same wemeral manion, skulls of the drensis (adnlt male in hoth cases) may be distinguisherl hy the following chatacters: si\%e latger (hasilar and occipitu-nasal lengthe folly an inch

 sember ; patate more that ; ramme of jaw thicker mader od and :al molars; emomod blade more falcate ; canines laver, decidedy longer, and somewhat lese curved; molars deceledly larmer


[^0]:    * Nimed in honor of Miss Amic M. Aexander of Oakland, California, whose collee. tion of Alaska lears is socond only on that of the Biological Survey and National Museum.

[^1]:    * Named in homor of Eiton (lark, of boston, who killed and mesented the type

[^2]:    

[^3]:    * Antarentls all errox.

[^4]:    ＊Namerl in honor of F．，W．Nelsom，who secured a series for the li．S．Biological こいぽか，

