auriculars mouse gray; sides of neck like the back; chin and throat rather light smoke gray; breast and abdomen, dull strontian yellow, washed with yellowish citrine except on the middle of the abdomen; crissum dull barium yellow; lining of wing white, the axillars washed with barium yellow.

Measurements of type.—Wing, 66 mm.; tail 44.5; exposed culmen, 36.5;

height of bill at base, 5; tarsus, 15; middle toe without claw, 10.

This race extends geographically from southern Tenasserim to the southern end of the Malay Peninsula. It differs from *Arachnothera longirostris melanchima* of eastern Sumatra in its lighter, more yellowish (less greenish) upper parts, and in the more golden hue of the yellow of the under surface.

### Arachnothera longirostris heliocrita, subsp. nov.

Subspecific characters.—Resembling Arachnothera longirostris antelia, from the Malay Peninsula, but with bill smaller; upper parts darker, duller, more grayish or brownish, the olive green areas more greenish (less yellowish) in tone; and yellow of posterior lower parts slightly lighter and somewhat less extensive.

Type.—Adult male, No. 170469, U. S. Nat. Mus.; Selitar, 9 miles from the town of Singapore, Singapore Island, Federated Malay States, May 17, 1899; Dr. W. L. Abbott.

Measurements of type.—Wing, 67 mm.; tail, 44.5; exposed culmen, 32.5;

height of bill at base, 5; tarsus, 16; middle toe without claw, 10.

This race has been noted only on the island of Singapore. It may be distinguished from *Arachnothera longirostris melanchima*, of eastern Sumatra, by its shorter bill; duller, less greenish (more grayish or brownish) upper parts; and the somewhat paler, more golden (less greenish) tint of the yellow of the posterior lower surface.

## Anthreptes malacensis heliolusius, subsp. nov.

Subspecific characters.—Similar to Anthreptes malacensis wiglesworthi,

from Sulu Island, but much larger.

Description.—Type, adult male, No. 201279, U. S. Nat. Mus.; Basilan Island, Philippine Islands, January 31, 1906; Dr. E. A. Mearns. Pileum, cervix, back, and sides of neck, iridescent metallic bottle green with some purplish reflections; rump and upper tail-coverts, metallic royal purple; tail fuscous black, the middle feathers more blackish, and with metallic purple sheen, all the rectrices edged with metallic purple and metallic bottle green; wings fuscous black, with the quills edged with orange citrine; middle coverts, edges of greater coverts, and the scapulars, chestnut; lesser coverts metallic royal purple; sides of head citrine, the upper part of these narrowly burnt sienna; chin, throat, and jugulum, tawny, bordered laterally with burnt sienna; breast deep wax yellow; abdomen light dull strontian yellow; crissum olive yellow; sides and flanks, light yellowish olive; lining of wing pale grayish brown, washed with citrine.

Measurements of type.—Wing, 68 mm.; tail, 44; exposed culmen, 16;

tarsus, 17; middle toe without claw, 10.5.

This form is intermediate between Anthreptes malacensis wiglesworthi and Anthreptes malacensis chlorigaster. The female is similar to the female of Anthreptes malacensis bornensis Riley, but is of a darker, more bronzy green above, and is much duller, more olivaceous below.

229

#### Anthreptes malacensis heliocalus, subsp. nov.

Subspecific characters.—Similar to Anthreptes malacensis heliolusius, from Basilan Island, but tail and exposed culmen longer; male somewhat brighter and of a more golden yellowish below; female less bronzy above, particularly on rump, and with the golden yellow of the middle of abdomen brighter.

Type.—Adult male, No. 113786, U. S. Nat. Mus.; Great Sanghir Island,

Sanghir Islands, June 30, 1886; Dr. Platen.

Measurements of type.—Wing, 71 mm.; tail, 48; exposed culmen, 18; tarsus, 17.5; middle toe without claw, 11.

#### Anthreptes simplex simplicior, subsp. nov.

Subspecific characters.—Similar to Anthrepetes simplex simplex, from Sumatra, but with lower parts, particularly the breast, sides, and flanks, much paler, more grayish (less greenish); and upper surface less golden (more greenish).

Description.—Type, adult male, No. 178268, U. S. Nat. Mus.; Central Borneo, 1899; Dr. A. W. Nieuwenhuis; original number 596. Forehead metallic dark green; upper parts dark citrine, slightly washed on the occiput with dark gray; tail citrine, duller terminally, the shafts of the feathers fuscous; wings fuscous, the edgings of the quills citrine, their superior coverts edged with dark citrine; auriculars mouse gray; sides of neck like the back; chin and throat buffy grayish white; rest of the lower parts light grayish olive, washed with dull yellowish, except the middle of the abdomen and the crissum, which are dull grayish reed yellow; lining of wing brownish white, the edge of wing more brownish and mixed with the color of the crissum.

Measurements of type.—Wing, 63 mm.; tail, 52; exposed culmen, 14;

tarsus, 14.5; middle toe without claw, 9.

This well-differentiated race is apparently confined to Borneo.

## Chalcostetha calcostetha heliomarpta, subsp. nov.

Subspecific characters.—Similar to Chalcostetha calcostetha calcostetha, from Java, but with bill averaging longer; in the female, with upper parts, throat, jugulum, and abdomen paler, and whitish tips on the rectrices larger.

Description.—Type, adult female, No. 179390, U. S. Nat. Mus.; Simalur Island, western Sumatra, December 1, 1901; Dr. W. L. Abbott. Pileum between neutral gray and mouse gray; remainder of upper parts rather greenish deep olive, the middle portion of the upper tail-coverts dark brown; tail brownish black, the middle feathers and the outer webs of the others with a metallic bluish green sheen, and all but the middle pair broadly tipped with white; wings fuscous, their quills and coverts, excepting the lesser series, edged externally with citrine, the lesser coverts with the green of the back; sides of head brownish gray; sides of neck like the back; chin and throat brownish white; jugulum olive buff, washed with yellowish; middle of breast, together with the upper abdomen, between wax yellow and citrine yellow; lower abdomen primrose yellow; sides and flanks, dull olive buff, washed with pale yellow; crissum grayish white, washed slightly with pale yellow; lining of wing white, washed with pale yellow; edge of wing pale colonial buff.

<sup>1</sup> N[ectarinia]. calcostetha Jardine, Nat. Hist. Nectariniadae, 1843, p. 263 ("E. Ind. Islands.") Since this, the earliest name for this species, the Chalcostetha insignis of most authors, has not, in "E. Ind. Islands," a type locality definite enough for modern nomenclatural purposes, we designate Java as the type locality.

Measurements of type.—Wing, 57.5 mm.; tail, 45.5; exposed culmen, 19; tarsus, 14.5; middle toe without claw, 10.

So far as known, this race is confined to the island of Simalur. It is distinguishable from Chalcostetha calcostetha pagicola by its somewhat larger size, and, in the female, by lighter throat and darker abdomen.

#### Cinnyris ornata heliobleta, subsp. nov.

Subspecific characters.—Similar to Cinnyris ornata<sup>2</sup> microleuca from Pulo Taya, off southeastern Sumatra, but somewhat smaller; the male with upper surface darker, more greenish (less golden); yellow of posterior lower surface paler, more greenish (less golden), and flanks more greenish; the female

above less golden in hue, and below paler, less golden, posteriorly.

Description.—Type, adult male, No. 175122, U. S. Nat. Mus.; Tanjong Dungun, Trengganu, Federated Malay States, September 21, 1900; Dr. W. L. Abbott. Upper parts dark citrine; tail brownish black, the three outer rectrices tipped with dull white, most broadly on the outermost; wings fuscous, the quills and all the coverts, except the primary series, narrowly margined externally with dark citrine; lores of the same color as the crown; center of chin, of throat, and of jugulum, raisin black; sides of chin, of throat, and of jugulum, together with the anterior part of the checks, metallic indigo blue; remainder of the sides of head, and the sides of neck, dark citrine; a narrow, somewhat broken, line across the breast at the posterior edge of the raisin black jugulum, prouts brown; pectoral tufts cadmium yellow; breast and abdomen, strontian yellow, the crissum paler; sides and flanks, wax yellow, washed with olivaceous; lining of wing white, washed with barium yellow; bill and feet black.

Measurements of type.—Wing, 51 mm.; tail, 35; exposed culmen, 17;

tarsus, 13.5; middle toe without claw, 8.5.

#### Cinnyris ornata proselia, subsp. nov.

Subspecific characters.—Resembling Cinnyris ornata heliobleta, from the Federated Malay States, but somewhat smaller; male with upper parts darker, more golden olive, and yellow of posterior lower parts darker, more golden; female darker, more golden (less grayish) above, and darker, more golden posteriorly below.

Type.—Adult male, No. 178889, U. S. Nat. Mus.; Car Nicobar Island,

Nicobar Islands, January 21, 1901; Dr. W. L. Abbott.

Measurements of type.—Wing, 49 mm.; tail, 34.5; exposed culmen, 16.5;

tarsus, 14.5; middle toe without claw, 8.5.

This form is apparently confined to the island of Car Nicobar. It differs from Cinnyris ornata klossi (Richmond), from the other Nicobar Islands, in its smaller size; also, in the male, in much less golden (more grayish) upper surface, and rather lighter posterior lower parts; and, in the female, in the less golden hue of the upper parts, and lighter, less golden tint of the yellow of the posterior lower surface. It is, of course, readily distinguishable from Cinnyris ornata blanfordi (Baker)<sup>3</sup> by its much smaller bill.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For the change of the name of this species from Cinnyris pectoralis to Cinnyris ornata, ef. Oberholser, Smithson. Misc. Coll., LX, No. 7, October 26, 1912, p. 18, footnote.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Cyrtostomus pectoralis blanfordi Baker, Bull. Brit. Ornith. Club, XLI, No. CCLVI, January 27, 1921, p. 71 ("Kondol Is., Nicobars").

Mention, in passing, might be made of the fact that *Cinnyris ornata klossi* Richmond<sup>4</sup> is apparently a recognizable race, differing in both sexes from *Cinnyris ornata heliobleta*, of the Malay Peninsula in more golden (less grayish) upper parts, and darker more golden lower surface.

#### Cinnyris ornata heliomanis, subsp. nov.

Subspecific characters.—Similar to Cinnyris ornata ornata,<sup>5</sup> from Java, but in the male averaging more grayish (less golden) above, and slightly paler on posterior lower parts; in the female, with a more golden tinge to the olive of the upper surface, and with more deeply colored and more goldenhued posterior under surface.

Type.—Adult male, No. 182683, U. S. Nat. Mus.; Salintukan, eastern

Borneo, March 13, 1913; H. C. Raven.

Measurements of type.—Wing, 48.5 mm.; tail, 32.5; exposed culmen, 16; tarsus, 13; middle toe without claw, 8.

#### Cinnyris ornata heliozeteta, subsp. nov.

Subspecific characters.—Similar to Cinnyris ornata heliomanis, from Borneo, but much larger; in the male, with upper surface more golden (less greenish), and posterior lower parts of a deeper, more golden yellow.

Type.—Adult male, No. 180616, U. S. Nat. Mus.; Tanjong Rengsam, Banka Island, southeastern Sumatra, May 21, 1904; Dr. W. L. Abbott.

Measurements of type.—Wing, 55 mm.; tail, 37; exposed culmen, 17; tarsus, 13; middle toe without claw, 10.

#### Aethopyga siparaja heliotis, subsp. nov.

Subspecific characters.—Similar to Aethopyga siparaja cara, from Tenas-

serim, but larger, and tail more greenish.

Description.—Type, adult male, No. 173263, U. S. Nat. Mus.; Domel Island, Mergui Archipelago, February 23, 1900; Dr. W. L. Abbott. Forehead and fore part of crown, metallic invisible green; lores black; sides of head and of neck, together with occiput, cervix, scapulars, upper back, and lesser wing-coverts, between carmine and nopal red; lower back brownish slate; rump between lemon chrome and light cadmium; upper tail-coverts metallic diamine green, the middle rectrices dull metallic purple, margined with metallic diamine green; rest of tail brownish black, margined externally with metallic purple; wings dark hair brown, the primaries, secondaries, greater and middle coverts, narrowly margined with dark citrine; chin, throat, and jugulum, between scarlet red and nopal red; a long submalar streak metallic prussian blue; posterior lower parts rather light neutral gray; middle of breast dark brownish, the flanks slightly washed with olivaceous; lining of wing dull white; edge of wing hair brown, slightly washed with dull red.

Measurements of type.—Wing, 55.5 mm.; tail, 48.5; exposed culmen, 16; tarsus, 14; middle toe without claw, 13.5.

# Aethopyga siparaja heliophiletica, subsp. nov.

Subspecific characters.—Similar to Aethopyga siparaja siparaja, from Sumatra, but larger; and with less extensively blackish posterior lower parts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Proc. U. S. Nat. Mus., XXV, September 17, 1902, p. 297 ("Great Nicobar" [Island, Nicobar Islands]).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Type locality, Java.

Type.—Adult male, No. 179405, U. S. Nat. Mus.; Pulo Bangkaru, Banjak Islands, Barussan Islands, western Sumatra, January 18, 1902; Dr. W. L. Abbott.

Measurements of type.-Wing, 51.5 mm.; tail, 45; exposed culmen, 15.5; tarsus, 13.3; middle toe without claw, 13.3.

This race is sufficiently different from the four other subspecies found on the various islands of the Barussan chain to be worthy of recognition by name. From Aethopyga siparaja niasensis, of Nias Island, it may be distinguished as from Aethopyga siparaja siparaja; from Aethopyga siparaja tinoptila, of Simalur Island, by somewhat larger size, less extensively blackish, and less purely grayish (more olivaceous) posterior lower parts; and paler anterior upper and lower parts.

#### Aethopyga siparaja heliogona, subsp. nov.

Subspecific characters.—Similar to Aethopyga siparaja eupogon Cabanis, from Borneo, but smaller, and male with more extensively blackish, and less olivaceous (more purely grayish) posterior lower parts.

Type.—Adult male, No. 219086, U. S. Nat. Mus.; Depok, Java, March

29, 1909; William Palmer.

Measurements of type.—Wing, 49.5 mm.; tail, 41; exposed culmen, 14.5; tarsus, 13.5; middle toe without claw, 13.5.

With the addition of the above described races, the forms of Aethopyga siparaja now apparently recognizable are as follows:

- 1.—Aethopyga siparaja siparaja (Raffles). Sumatra to southern Malay Peninsula.
- 2.—Aethopyga siparaja tinoptila Oberholser. Pulo Siumat and Simalur Island, Barussan Islands, western Sumatra.
- 3.—Aethopyga siparaja melanetra Oberholser. Pulo Lasia and Pulo Babi, Barussan Islands.

4.—Aethopyga siparaja heliophiletica Oberholser. Banjak Islands, Barus-

san Islands.

- 5.—Aethopyga siparaja niasensis Hartert. Nias Island, Barussan Islands. 6.—Aethopyga siparaja photina Oberholser. Pagi Islands, Barussan
  - 7.—Aethopyga siparaja heliogona Oberholser. Java. 8.—Aethopyga siparaja eupogon Cabanis. Borneo.

9.—Aethopyga siparaja ochropyrrha Oberholser. Anamba Islands.

- 10.—Aethopyga siparaja lathami (Jardine).6 Central Malay Peninsula, from about 10° north latitude to about 5° north latitude.
  - 11.—Aethopyga siparaja heliotis Oberholser. Mergui Archipelago. 12.—Aethopyga siparaja nicobarica Hume. Nicobar Islands.
  - 13.—Aethopyga siparaja cara Hume. Tenasserim and Siam.
  - 14.—Aethopyga siparaja viridicauda Rothschild. Shan States.

15.—Aethopyga siparaja andersoni Oates. Burma.

16.—Aethopyga siparaja seheriae (Tickell). Bengal to Assam. 17.—Aethopyga siparaja miles (Hodgson). Nepal.

- 18.—Aethopyga siparaja goalpariensis (Royle). Northwestern Himalaya.
- <sup>6</sup> Nectarinia Lathami Jardine, Nat. Hist. Nectariniadae, 1843, p. 233 ("some part of Continental India"). This was described from a specimen the exact locality of which is unknown, but the characters fit the bird from the Central Malay Peninsula. We therefore designate the Malay Penisula at 7° north latitude as the type locality.