

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT APPROPRIATION BILL, 1950

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## INTERIOR DEPARTMENT APPROPRIATION BILL, 1950

MARCH 28, 1949.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

Mr. KIRWAN, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following

### REPORT

[To accompany H. R. 3838]

The Committee on Appropriations submits the following report in explanation of the accompanying bill making appropriations for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year 1950.

#### SCOPE OF THE BILL

The bill provides regular annual appropriations for all of the various activities under the jurisdiction of the Interior Department.

#### PATTERN OF INTERIOR DEPARTMENT APPROPRIATIONS AND DEPARTMENT BUDGET JUSTIFICATION NOTES

The 1950 budget contains 166 appropriation items for the Interior Department. Over two-thirds of the amount in the budget falls under 12 appropriation items while less than one-third of the total is distributed between 154 appropriation items. There is no real pattern or principle upon which the appropriation structure is based. Aside from a segregation of items by bureaus and offices the appropriations do not conform to organizational, functional, or geographical classifications of activities of the Department. The committee feels that much improvement could be made in the appropriation structure



and recommends that consideration be given to the presentation of the Department's 1951 estimates on a uniform and simplified basis. Consideration should also be given to appropriations limiting the use of receipts from various sources pursuant to statute, with a view to appropriating such funds on a continuing indefinite basis wherever practicable.

The Department should take steps to improve the justifications submitted to the committee in support of the budget requests. The justifications should be clear, concise, and insofar as practicable, uniform in treatment. Narrative explanations may be reduced greatly if the Department establishes more uniform requirements covering activities to be reported upon and wherever feasible substitutes comparative data in tabular form for detailed narrative explanations.

The Department's budget office should proceed immediately to develop plans and standard forms to be utilized in connection with the 1951 budget.

#### APPROPRIATIONS AND ESTIMATES

A tabulation is presented at the end of this report detailing appropriations in the bill for 1950, the amounts appropriated for such activities for the fiscal year 1949, and the budget estimates for the fiscal year 1950, and also provides a comparison of the amounts recommended in the bill with the 1949 appropriations and the 1950 estimates.

The budget estimates of appropriations for the objects contained in the bill may be found in the 1950 budget document at pages 471 through 652, inclusive, and pages 1315 through 1324, inclusive.

A summary of totals follows:

The budget estimates for 1950 total	-----	<sup>1</sup> \$616, 805, 020
The committee recommends in the accompanying bill	-----	<sup>2</sup> 536, 211, 908
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This is a reduction under the estimates of	-----	80, 593, 112
		<hr/> <hr/>
The amount recommended in the bill is an increase over 1949 appropriations of	-----	126, 821, 934

<sup>1</sup> And contractual authority totaling \$54,300,000.

<sup>2</sup> And contractual authority totaling, \$41,112,500.

The enactment of Public Law 900 in the closing days of the second session of the preceding Congress authorized salary increases for Government employees after appropriations for the fiscal year 1949 had been largely determined. Deficiency and supplemental estimates for 1949 have been received and others may be expected during the present fiscal year. Since the committee could not be cognizant of the total funds to become available in fiscal 1949, it had to make comparisons of 1950 estimates on the basis of facts available at the time its hearings on the bill were conducted. Thus, comparisons discussed in this report relate only to funds appropriated prior to March 1, 1949.

The committee has carefully scrutinized the budget estimates for all activities of the Department and its bureaus. Additional funds to cover the cost of pay increases authorized by Public Law 900, Eightieth Congress, and other increases above 1949 funds have been recom-



mended commensurate with the committee's judgment of the needs and responsibilities of the Department and its programs. Reductions below the budget estimates have been made in numerous instances where the committee believes amounts less than those requested will be adequate.

Construction projects for which appropriations are requested are in nearly all cases recommended by the committee for approval, but appropriations therefor have been reduced 15 percent below the budget estimates.

In the report (No. 307) accompanying the appropriation bill (H. R. 3734) for civil functions, Department of the Army, 1950, the basis was set forth for recommending reductions of 15 percent below the budget estimates for construction projects. The same factors and recommendations are applicable to construction activities proposed for the Interior Department. Administrative officials should make every effort to accomplish authorized construction at the rate planned within the limits of funds provided in the bill. If this proves impossible the committee intends to recommend approval of such additional funds as are shown to be required to finance items of construction proposed in the budget, unless specifically hereafter denied.

The committee has noted requests for varying rates at which consultants could be employed on a temporary basis for the several bureaus and activities of the Department in fiscal 1950. To obviate piecemeal and inconsistent recommendations, provision for the employment of consultants throughout the bill has been made pursuant to the basic law (5 U. S. C. 55a).

There follows a discussion of the estimates and committee recommendations for the various bureaus and activities of the Department.

#### OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

In addition to the activities related to over-all policy determination and administration of the Department, there are several service and operating units organizationally under the Office of the Secretary, and several separate appropriations are included in the bill under the heading "Office of the Secretary."

*Salaries.*—For salaries, Office of the Secretary, the bill contains \$1,275,000. Salary increases due to Public Law 900 are estimated for 1950 to require \$87,000. After allowing for this increase, the amount recommended in the bill constitutes an increase above the 1949 appropriation in the amount of \$72,158. Total increases requested for the Divisions of Power, Budget and Administrative Management, Personnel Supervision and Management, and Administrative Services appear justified and are included in the amount recommended in the bill.

The direct appropriation requested for "Salaries, Office of the Secretary," is proposed to be augmented by reimbursement or transfer of \$156,544 from appropriations for other bureaus. Such transfers would provide greater increases in funds requested for activities supported by this appropriation than were adequately explained by the Department, and would partially finance the following:

(1) *Division of Administrative Services.*—This is a centralization of common services. Its financing partly by reimbursement appears proper, except that in the future the entire activity and its sources of funds should be adequately explained.



(2) *Suggestions committee.*—This activity is proposed to be financed almost entirely from other bureau appropriations. No explanation or justification has been discovered in the requests of funds for the various bureaus for financing this activity, and no appropriation is recommended in the bill for its support.

(3) *Program staff.*—This group is proposed to provide staff assistance to the Secretary, to evaluate and synthesize matters requiring his attention, and also would be used to correlate field programs and activities of the various bureaus.

Financing of activities of the Department should in no future case be by reimbursement except for temporary emergency situations or where clearly authorized by law and set forth in the budgetary submission in advance. Hereafter, each activity proposed should be clearly presented, adequately explained, and justified on its merits, and the program staff, if it is to be continued, should be budgeted entirely in the office of the Secretary.

*Office of the Solicitor.*—The budget request of \$284,000 is recommended for inclusion in the bill, the increase of \$34,000 above the 1949 appropriation being for Public Law 900 salary increases and work in the Public Lands and Claims Divisions.

*Division of Territories and Island Possessions.*—\$190,000 is contained in the bill for this Division, which represents a reduction of \$27,500 below the amount requested for 1950, and after allowing for Public Law 900 salary increases, constitutes an increase of \$19,500 above the appropriation for 1949. This Division should endeavor to make a study of Alaska shipping conditions. The inadequate shipping service and high cost thereof from the continental United States to Alaska are said to constitute a handicap to the economic welfare and development of the Territory.

*Oil and Gas Division.*—\$325,000 is provided in the bill for this Division, which is equal to the amount available for the current year and a decrease of \$75,000 below the budget estimate for 1950. The allotment of \$175,000 to enforcement and administration of the Connally Act is contemplated in this action by the committee, which does not agree that expansion in the other activities of this Division are necessary at this time. The amount recommended in the bill will require absorption of salary increases attributable to Public Law 900.

*Board on Geographic Names.*—The budget estimate of \$14,200 for this activity is recommended by the committee for approval. The appropriation to the Department of the Interior is only a small part of the cost of the activity as most of its funds are transferred from another agency of the Government. The necessity of this organization as a governmental activity is doubtful, and serious consideration should be given to its abolition. In any event, it should be transferred to the agency from which it receives the greater part of the funds it expends and for which it performs the most work.

*Salaries and expenses, soil and moisture conservation.*—The bill provides \$2,600,000 for this purpose, a reduction of \$200,000 below the amount requested for 1950 and a \$200,000 reduction below the 1949 appropriation. The experimental seeding of barren lands by distributing pelletized seeds from airplanes should be given further trial for final determination as to its merit, and \$100,000 of the amount recommended is for allocation to this use.



*Contingent department expenses.*—\$215,000 is recommended for this purpose, which is the amount available in 1949, and a reduction of \$25,000 below the estimate for 1950. Allotments to the proposed field activity of the program staff and regional committees should be eliminated in adjusting expenditures to the amount provided.

*Salaries and expenses, southeastern power marketing.*—\$70,000 is provided for this activity, a reduction of \$15,000 in the amount requested. It is important that this new organization be set up to negotiate and administer contracts for the sale of power and energy from flood-control dams, and to insure that provision is made for marketing such power in accordance with the preference provisions of the Flood Control Act of 1944. However, the amount provided in the bill will be adequate for the initial year of this function.

*Power transmission facilities (Southwestern Power Administration).*—An appropriation is proposed for the construction, operation, and maintenance of power transmission facilities in the southwestern power area of the country. This field activity under the Office of the Secretary for marketing power from flood control dams pursuant to the Flood Control Act of 1944 is administratively referred to as the Southwestern Power Administration. The bill contains an appropriation of \$4,000,000, the sum requested in the budget for 1950, and contractual authority in amount of \$5,000,000. It is intended that this action represent approval by the committee and the Congress of the entire program, including time schedules, contemplated in the President's budget for the Southwestern Power Administration notwithstanding the fact that \$800,000 has been reduced from the amount requested for incurring obligations and entering into contracts for materials, equipment, and services. This reduction is based upon principles enunciated previously, and upon the expectation that conductor and other materials will become available earlier than the time contemplated in the budgetary submission.

The bill provides that the unexpended balance of funds appropriated for the fiscal year 1947 shall remain available for expenditure to liquidate contracts executed prior to July 1, 1948, but not performed by that date.

The bill further provides for increasing from \$100,000 to \$300,000, the continuing fund to be maintained from power and energy receipts for defraying emergency expenses necessary to insure continuity of electric service and continuous operation of facilities.

#### BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION

The budget for 1950 requests an appropriation of \$33,000,000 and contractual authority of \$18,500,000 for this agency. The Bonneville Power Administration is responsible for the marketing of electric power generated at Federal hydroelectric plants in the Pacific Northwest. This area is faced with a power shortage which at times in recent years has been critical. Its budget program is designed to provide interconnections between generating facilities and additional transmission connections with distributing agencies on an accelerated basis. The committee recommends approval of the entire program and rate of installation proposed for 1950, but in keeping with the principles previously indicated with respect to costs. The appropriation and the contractual authority requested for construction have



been reduced in the same proportion as other funds requested for construction are reduced in the bill.

The estimate of \$33,000,000 includes \$10,500,000 for liquidation of contractual obligations, which amount has not been reduced. Instead of the \$18,150,000 requested for construction in 1950, the committee recommends \$15,427,500, a reduction of \$2,722,500 below the budget request. Funds for operation and maintenance were requested in the amount of \$4,350,000. This amount has been reduced by \$350,000, and \$4,000,000 is specified for this purpose in the bill. The request of \$18,500,000 for contractual authority has been reduced by \$2,775,000 to \$15,725,000. Such reductions are not to be construed as curtailing the construction program submitted for the Bonneville Power Administration, and the Administrator should proceed with the installation of all transmission and appurtenant facilities at the rate contemplated for 1950 in the budget submission.

In addition to the transmission lines and other facilities programed in the budget, the Bonneville Power Administration should provide transmission facilities to San Juan County, Wash.

#### BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

*Salaries and expenses.*—The committee recommends \$975,000 for salaries and expenses of the Bureau, a reduction of \$25,000 below the budget estimate. After allowing for transfer of \$115,000 from this appropriation to another item and after providing for the increase in salaries due to Public Law 900, the amount contained in the bill represents an increase of \$13,500 above the 1949 appropriation. The increase is for financing correction of accounting deficiencies.

*Management, protection, and disposal of public lands.*—The bill contains \$3,300,000 for the administration of the public lands and their resources, representing a reduction of \$492,500 below the estimate for 1950. After allowing for transfer of \$115,000 from "Salaries and expenses," the preceding item, the amount recommended will require absorption of a small portion of the Public Law 900 salary increase. Coordination of the land surveys financed by this appropriation with the topographic surveys and mapping done by the Geological Survey should result in savings. The philosophy laid down in conjunction with the Taylor Grazing Act whereby activities thereunder would be fully offset by grazing fees should be effectuated by the Bureau of Land Management.

*Range improvements.*—The bill provides as a receipt limitation \$350,000 for this activity. The amount recommended equals that available in the current year and constitutes a reduction of \$8,000 below the budget estimate.

*Revested Oregon and California lands.*—The estimate of \$1,067,000 requested for this activity would more than double the appropriation for 1949, which amounted to \$521,500. For 1950 the committee recommends \$500,000, and feels that this activity should be concentrated on forest protection and sustained-yield cutting of only those trees approaching deterioration. The requested contract authorization in the amount of \$250,000 has been reduced in the bill to \$150,000. This contractual authority is approved for constructing access roads in keeping with the foregoing criteria.



## BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

More than 350,000 Indians in continental United States and 32,000 Eskimos, Aleuts, and Indians in Alaska come within the jurisdiction of this Bureau. The objectives of the Bureau are said to be to assure these persons opportunities enjoyed by other racial groups in the fields of education, health, and self-government. This Bureau has often been accused of merely rendering lip service to these principles, and has frequently epitomized blatant ineptitude in the handling of its affairs.

The bill includes a total of \$52,127,971 for the Bureau of Indian Affairs which is an increase of \$7,817,657 above the 1949 appropriation and a reduction of \$6,873,549 below the estimates for 1950.

*Salaries and expenses, general administration.*—\$850,000 is recommended in the bill for general administration of the Bureau, which represents, after making allowance for the increase in salaries attributable to Public Law 900, an increase of approximately \$51,000 above the 1949 appropriation. The budget estimate for 1950 has been reduced by \$279,000. The committee does not approve the budget proposal for substantial increases for this activity. For too long a time the Bureau of Indian Affairs has concentrated entirely too much effort toward explaining annually how deplorable is the plight of the Indian and relatively little effort toward actually helping the Indian improve his status and achieve citizenship in a real sense. The only basis for the increase over 1949 funds is to provide for the new Commissioner a degree of flexibility in attacking Indian problems.

The committee has been requested to earmark for expenditure in certain States funds appropriated to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, owing to the demonstrated propensity of this Bureau to ignore the basis upon which it justified requests for funds. It would not be equitable to specify expenditures in some States to the exclusion of others. The committee expects the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and the Secretary to take positive steps to insure that this Bureau expends appropriations for the objects and localities stated in its budgetary presentation, except as herein specified. Deviation therefrom will be expected only to the minimum extent necessary to meet emergency situations as authorized by law but which could not be foreseen at the time its justifications and testimony were presented to the committee.

*Salaries and expenses, field administration.*—The bill includes \$3,000,000 for this activity, which after allowing for transfers in the estimate from other appropriations and for Public Law 900 salary increases, is an increase of \$49,120 over the comparable amount of funds available for carrying out this activity in 1949. The amount recommended for 1950 constitutes a decrease of \$355,000 below the budget estimate. The increase recommended is to provide funds to strengthen field administration and management. However, as indicated with respect to the general administration of the Bureau, the committee feels that the proper place to provide sizable appropriations for the Bureau of Indian Affairs is in funds that will be devoted to specific programs such as health, welfare, and education of Indians.

*Alaska native service.*—\$5,000,000 is included in the bill for this service, representing an increase of \$588,245 over the appropriation for 1949 after providing for increases due to Public Law 900,



representing a decrease of \$925,000 below the estimate for 1950. The increase recommended is to cover the amount requested for operation and maintenance of the Mount Edgecumbe Medical Center, and the other portions of the increase should be devoted to conservation of health, welfare and relief, and education of natives.

*Navajo and Hopi service.*—For construction and maintenance under this service the bill includes \$3,000,000, representing an increase of \$2,021,600 above the amount available in 1949 and a decrease of \$447,300 below the estimate for 1950. Nonrecurring capital expenditures in amount of \$211,500 are being made in 1949. Thus net new funds in amount of \$2,233,100 are provided for badly needed work on roads and trails, water supply and development, and buildings and utilities.

Five million dollars is included in the bill for agency services relating to the Navajo and Hopi program. These services include industrial, agricultural, educational, health, community welfare, and employment services. After providing \$341,000 for Public Law 900 salary increases, the sum recommended in the bill constitutes a net increase of \$409,085 above the appropriation for 1949. A provision is carried in the bill whereby Indians eligible for benefit payments under the Social Security Act would not be eligible for welfare payment from this appropriation. This would make available funds formerly used in the welfare and placement program for the Navajo and Hopi so that an additional amount of \$312,200 becomes available for other or additional services. Therefore the effective increase above the 1949 appropriation amounts to \$721,285. The increase recommended should be devoted to health, education, and welfare activities.

*Maintenance of buildings and utilities.*—One million dollars is provided in the bill for this purpose as requested in the budget. This represents a net increase of \$183,850 over the amount available in 1949 after allowance is made for salary increases attributable to Public Law 900. Owing to deferment of maintenance activities during and since the war, many of the buildings and utilities of the Indian Bureau are badly in need of repairs and improvements.

*Education of Indians.*—The 1950 estimate of \$12,200,000 for this purpose is recommended for approval by the committee. This represents an increase of \$1,003,300 over the amount available in 1949 after allowance is made for Public Law 900 salary increases. The educational program specified in the budget for the fiscal year 1950 contemplates the closing of what appears to be one of the finest Indian schools in the country at Pipestone, Minn., and also the closing of the Eufaula School in Oklahoma. In approving \$12,200,000 for education, the committee intends that \$200,000 should be devoted exclusively to the operation of the Pipestone School, Minnesota, and that \$70,000 be utilized for the operation of the Eufaula School, Oklahoma. These nonreservation boarding schools are expected to be continued in operation.

The Bureau of Indian Affairs should review its proposed distribution of funds and endeavor to allocate \$300,000 instead of \$288,000 to the State of Minnesota for its participation in the education of Indians.

*Conservation of health.*—The budget estimate of \$7,731,000 for this activity is recommended for approval by the committee. This represents an increase of \$400,400 above the amount available in 1949 after making allowance for salary increases due to Public Law 900.



In approving the budget estimate in its entirety, it is the intention of the committee that \$60,000 be allocated to the operation of the hospital at Pipestone, Minn. The Bureau of Indian Affairs is expected to restore to this hospital all equipment which has been removed.

*Welfare of Indians.*—\$500,000 is included in the bill for welfare services, including general support, relief of needy Indians, and other expenses. This represents an increase of \$16,400 above the amount available in 1949 after allowance is made for salary increases attributable to Public Law 900. The amount recommended represents a reduction of \$104,000 below the budget estimate. The increase of funds requested for direct assistance and boarding-home care is denied. Since the Pipestone and Eufaula boarding schools are to be continued in operation, funds requested for this type of assistance and care will not be required.

*Management Indian forest and range resources.*—\$1,000,000 is provided in the bill for this function, representing an increase of \$13,900 above the amount available in 1949 after making allowances for Public Law 900 salary increases, and resulting in a decrease of \$112,000 below the amount requested for 1950. Two additional forestry positions should be provided for the Umatilla Indian Reservation lands in the State of Oregon.

*Agriculture and stock raising.*—The bill includes \$850,000 for this purpose. The amount recommended is a decrease of \$85,000 below the 1950 estimate, and represents an increase of \$27,493 above the funds available in 1949 after making allowance for Public Law 900 salary increases. The increase is provided for reclassification of existing positions, and no additional personnel should be added.

*Revolving fund for loans.*—The budget requested an appropriation of \$2,400,000 to increase the working capital fund from which loans are made to Indian tribes, associations, and individuals. On June 30, 1948, the total assets, including loans outstanding, in this fund amounted to \$5,584,918 and an appropriation of \$500,000 for addition to this fund is provided in the bill.

*Operation, maintenance, and repair of irrigation systems.*—The budget estimate of \$450,000 for this activity is recommended for approval. This constitutes an increase of \$15,804 above the amount available for 1949 after allowance of Public Law 900 salary increases.

*Construction, etc., irrigation systems.*—The bill includes \$3,575,851 for construction and improvement of irrigation systems on Indian reservations. This constitutes an increase of \$164,851 over the appropriation for 1949 and a decrease of \$600,149 below the 1950 estimate. The amount of funds requested for construction in 1950 has been reduced in accordance with the criteria indicated earlier in this report. The work programed for all projects under this heading is recommended by the committee for approval.

Contractual authority in amount of \$300,000 is included in the bill for the Satus unit of the Wapato project in the State of Washington. This project is on the verge of completion. Its completion will permit cost allocations and assessments to be made against irrigated land, thus clearing land liens and titles, and releasing approximately \$8,000,000 in accumulated pay-back funds for return to the Treasury.

*Construction, and so forth, buildings and utilities.*—The bill contains \$4,206,600 for construction and repair of Indian Service buildings and utilities. This is an increase of \$1,052,100 over the 1949 appropriation



and a reduction of \$389,400 below the estimate for 1950. The reduction was made on the same basis as in the case of other construction funds requested for the Department, and each project programed in the budget is approved. The bill also provides contractual authority of \$637,500.

*Roads.*—The bill contains \$2,750,000 for construction improvement and repair of roads on Indian reservations. After comparative transfer of \$31,500 to this estimate from another appropriation, the amount contained in the bill represents an increase of \$218,500 over the 1949 appropriation. No reduction has been made in the 1950 estimate. The criteria followed for reducing other construction funds in the bill is not applicable in this instance, since construction activities on Indian reservations are affected by different circumstances and conditions from those obtaining on nonreservation projects.

*Fulfilling treaties with Indian tribes.*—Previously the Interior Department appropriation bill has included separate appropriations for fulfilling treaties with the following tribes: Senecas of New York, Six Nations of New York, Choctaws of Oklahoma, Pawnees of Oklahoma, and Indians on Sioux reservations. Obligations under these treaties must be scrupulously honored and appropriations to cover same have been made annually as a matter of course. In the interest of simplicity, appropriations for the foregoing treaty obligations are carried in the bill under one appropriation heading. The amount recommended is \$176,020, as requested in the budget for 1950.

*Payment of interest on Indian trust funds.*—This is an annual charge against the general fund of the Treasury and varies according to the balance on deposit in the Treasury to the credit of the several tribes. Numerous acts establishing trust funds for tribes of Indians have directed that interest be paid thereon at rates varying from 3 to 5 per cent per annum. The following schedule shows the interest earned or estimated for the years 1945 to and including 1950 and the appropriations provided or estimated for these years:

*Payment of interest on Indian trust funds*

Year	Earned	Appropriation	Increase (+) or decrease (-)
1945.....	\$959,656.58	\$725,000.00	-\$234,656.58
1946.....	1,166,095.90	725,000.00	-441,095.90
1947.....	1,121,055.35	1,114,000.00	-7,055.35
1948 <sup>1</sup> .....	1,139,192.17	1,722,000.00	+582,807.83
1949 <sup>1</sup> .....	1,125,000.00	1,195,000.00	+70,000.00
1950 <sup>1</sup> .....	1,110,000.00	1,140,000.00	+30,000.00
Total.....	6,621,000.00	6,621,000.00	-----

<sup>1</sup> Estimated.

As indicated by the foregoing schedule it has not been possible to estimate accurately in advance amounts required from year to year to meet these payments which are required by law. This appropriation, from a budgetary standpoint, should be in the same category as the appropriation for the payment of interest on the public debt. To obviate the necessity for deficiency appropriations from time to time, the committee has made provision in the bill for appropriations for the payment of interest on Indian trust funds in indefinite amounts as may be required on a continuing basis.



*Tribal funds.*—A total of \$2,849,000 is authorized for expenditure from miscellaneous Indian tribal funds. The budget estimate of \$2,864,280 for tribal funds has been reduced by \$15,280 after review by the committee.

The salary of the chief of the Creek Nation has been increased retroactively to June 30, 1948, in amount of \$500 a year as requested. An appropriation of \$3,000 from the funds of the Chickasaw Nation for expenses of attorneys in prosecuting claims in behalf of this nation is included in the bill.

### BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

The Bureau of Reclamation is concerned with the conservation of land and water resources, the irrigation of arid areas, the mitigation of adverse effects of recurring droughts, and incidentally to these major purposes, it functions to create byproduct facilities for the generation of hydroelectric power. Its responsibilities include the planning, construction, and operation of multiple-purpose facilities.

The bill contains appropriations for the Bureau of Reclamation totaling \$317,790,037. This represents an increase of \$71,170,898 above appropriations for 1949, and a decrease of \$55,538,463 below the 1950 budget estimates.

Appropriations for Bureau of Reclamation fall into the following categories.

(1) *Salaries and expenses for general administration of the Bureau.*—The Commissioner's office and the seven regional offices are financed by appropriations from the reclamation fund.

(2) *General investigations.*—Investigations and planning of future reclamation projects are financed by appropriations from the reclamation fund and from the general fund of the Treasury.

(3) *Construction.*—Construction of reclamation projects is financed from the reclamation fund and from the general fund of the Treasury.

(4) *Operation and maintenance.*—Operation and maintenance of reclamation projects are financed from the reclamation fund, from the general fund, from funds advanced by water users, and by receipts from the sale of power and electric energy.

### GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

*Salaries and expenses (other than project offices) (from reclamation fund).*—The bill includes \$4,300,000 for this purpose, a reduction of \$700,000 below the estimate for 1950 and an increase of \$700,000 above the amount appropriated for 1949. No limitation is carried in the bill on the amount of funds which may be transferred to this appropriation from other appropriations for the activities performed by the branch of design and construction services at Denver, Colo. A limitation on such transfers would prevent the elasticity of fiscal planning which will permit the Bureau to effect administrative economies commensurate with the fluctuating volume of work loads.

No restriction is placed on the amount which can be utilized for administrative and personal services, or on the number of employees which may be placed in specified classification grades, as these matters should be subject to administrative determination insofar as possible. The bill contains no restriction on the percentage of construction funds



which may be used for work by force-account or on a hired-labor basis. There are many instances where work can be performed more economically by force-account activity. Also the fact that the Bureau is able to resort to force-account activity on construction projects aids in obviating excessive bids. The Bureau should stand ready to operate on a force-account basis where its judgment indicates that such would be in the best interest of the Government.

#### INVESTIGATIONS AND PLANNING

*General investigations (from reclamation fund).*—The bill contains \$3,500,000 for investigations of proposed reclamation projects. This represents a reduction of \$100,000 below the budget estimate for 1950 and equals the appropriation for 1949.

*Advance planning (from reclamation fund).*—The amount of the budget estimate, \$50,000, for advance planning of the Kennewick division of the Yakima project, a new project authorized by Public Law 629, Eightieth Congress, is included in the bill.

*Alaskan investigations (from general fund of the Treasury).*—The bill contains \$150,000 for investigations relating to the development and utilization of water resources of Alaska. This is the same amount as was appropriated in 1949 and a reduction of \$100,000 below the budget estimate for 1950.

*Colorado River development fund.*—An appropriation of \$500,000, the same amount requested in the budget for 1950, is provided in the bill from this fund for investigations of projects for the utilization of waters of the Colorado River system. The amount recommended constitutes a decrease of \$400,000 below the 1949 appropriation, as there will be only \$500,250 available in the fund for use in 1950.

#### CONSTRUCTION

The 1950 budget estimates for funds to construct reclamation projects relate only to existing and authorized projects, and no funds are allowed for beginning new projects.

*Construction (from reclamation fund).*—The budget requested \$23,962,455 from the reclamation fund for construction. The bill contains a total of \$20,368,087, a reduction of \$3,594,368 below the budget estimate, and an increase of \$3,167,277 above appropriations for fiscal 1949. The reduction in construction funds requested is made in accordance with the criteria explained earlier in this report. The recommendation of the appropriation of \$20,368,087 is intended to constitute approval by the committee and by the Congress of all of the work on each project programed under the reclamation fund in the budget submission for the Bureau of Reclamation. If experience shows additional funds to be required at the beginning of next session of Congress, after every effort has been made to accomplish the approved program within the limits of funds appropriated, the committee intends to recommend appropriation of supplemental amounts as may prove to be required at that time.

*Construction (from general fund of the Treasury).*—The appropriations from the general fund of the Treasury contained in the bill for construction of irrigation projects total \$276,162,450. The budget estimate for such appropriations for 1950 is \$326,497,000, which was



reduced in the amount of \$50,334,550. Except for the elimination of \$300,000 requested for surveys and construction of the Glendo project, Wyoming, under the appropriation heading "Missouri River Basin," and the denial of \$1,300,000 in the estimate for Fort Peck project, Montana, construction projects programed in the budgetary submission for the Bureau of Reclamation in this category are recommended for approval. The reduction in the estimate indicated is based upon the same criteria heretofore discussed, and as in the case of other construction activity, supplemental requests for funds will be recommended if proved to be required at the beginning of the next session of Congress.

The bill restricts the use of funds for surveys, design, or construction of the Glendo project, Wyoming, to the capacity and features specified in the original authorization for the project, since proposals to expand the original plans have led to disagreement respecting rights to North Platte River water.

The committee has reduced the estimate for Fort Peck project, Montana, by \$1,300,000 owing to its denial of funds for installation of transmission and appurtenant facilities from Havre to Shelby, Mont. Testimony indicates that adequate service can be furnished this area by minor technical improvements to existing facilities in the locality.

Of the \$59,075,000 approved for the Columbia Basin project, the committee expects that \$225,000 be used for new school construction and \$100,000 be devoted to repair and improvement of existing school buildings at Coulee Dam, Wash.

For the information of Members of the House and others interested a table setting forth the projects in amounts submitted in the budget estimates, the amounts recommended by the committee, the carry-over amounts available for 1950, and the total amounts available for 1950 under the bill as reported to the House, is presented below.

*Construction fund availability, fiscal year 1950<sup>1</sup>*

Project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Unobligated cash available for use in 1950 <sup>2</sup>	Total available for 1950
<b>Reclamation fund:</b>				
California: Santa Barbara project, Cachuma unit	\$6,100,000	\$5,185,000	\$54,000	\$5,239,000
Idaho:				
Boise project, Anderson Ranch Dam	1,932,000	1,642,200	2,100,000	3,742,200
Boise project, Payette division	2,725,000	2,316,250		2,316,250
Lewiston Orchards project	270,000	229,500		229,500
Palisades project	205,000	174,250		174,250
Montana: Milk River project, Fresno Dam	71,500	60,775		60,775
New Mexico: Tuumcari project	685,000	582,250		582,250
New Mexico-Texas: Rio Grande project	20,000	17,000	274,000	291,000
Oklahoma: W. C. Austin project	300,000	255,000		255,000
Oregon:				
Deschutes project	180,000	153,000		153,000
Deschutes project, Arnold irrigation district	38,000	32,300	19,000	51,300
Deschutes project, Ochoco Dam	1,150,000	977,500		977,500
Oregon-California: Klamath project	1,000,000	850,000	283,000	1,133,000
Utah:				
Ogden River project	285,000	242,250	10,000	252,250
Provo River project	4,000,000	3,400,000		3,400,000
Washington: Yakima project, Roza division	449,955	382,462		382,462

See footnotes at end of table, p. 14.



*Construction fund availability, fiscal year 1950*<sup>1</sup>—Continued

Project	Budget estimate	Committee recommendation	Unobligated cash available for use in 1950 <sup>2</sup>	Total available for 1950
<b>Reclamation fund—Continued</b>				
Wyoming:				
Kendrick project.....	\$1,680,000	\$1,428,000	-----	\$1,428,000
Riverton project.....	2,731,000	2,321,350	-----	2,321,350
Shoshone project, power division.....	140,000	119,000	(3)	119,000
Total, reclamation fund.....	23,962,455	20,368,087	\$2,740,000	23,108,087
<b>General fund:</b>				
Arizona: Gila project.....	5,000,000	4,250,000	-----	4,250,000
Arizona-Nevada: Davis Dam project.....	38,739,000	32,928,150	-----	32,928,150
Arizona-California:				
Parker Dam power project.....	138,000	117,300	-----	117,300
Boulder Canyon project, All American Canal.....	6,000,000	5,100,000	35,000	5,135,000
Arizona-Nevada: Boulder Canyon project.....	7,500,000	6,375,000	-----	6,375,000
California: Central Valley project.....	63,000,000	53,550,000	2,844,800	56,394,800
Colorado: Colorado-Big Thompson project.....	21,500,000	18,275,000	-----	18,275,000
Montana:				
Fort Peck project.....	3,000,000	1,445,000	88,000	1,533,000
Hungry Horse project.....	24,000,000	20,400,000	-----	20,400,000
Washington: Columbia Basin project.....	69,500,000	59,075,000	-----	59,075,000
Arizona-Nevada-California: Colorado				
River front work and levee system.....	970,000	824,500	-----	824,500
Various: Missouri River Basin project.....	87,150,000	73,822,500	2,025,700	75,848,200
Total, general fund.....	326,497,000	276,162,450	4,993,500	281,155,950
Total, construction, all funds.....	350,459,455	296,530,537	7,733,500	304,264,037

<sup>1</sup> This statement includes only those construction projects for which appropriations are requested for fiscal year 1950.

<sup>2</sup> The amounts in this column represent estimates reflected in field reports of Dec. 31, 1948 (as shown in column 3 of table in House hearings on appropriation bill for 1950, p. 176).

It should be noted that the amounts in this column represent, for the most part, work originally scheduled for fiscal year 1949 but which, for one reason or another, is not now anticipated to be accomplished prior to June 30, 1949. However, the completion of this delayed work in fiscal year 1950 will require the amount of the unobligated carry-over; and this work is independent of the program and the estimates of appropriation submitted for the fiscal year 1950.

<sup>3</sup> Unobligated cash available for use in 1950 is \$238,761, of which \$175,648 is for Heart Mountain division, \$63,112 for Willwood division, and none for Power division.

## OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

*Operation and maintenance (from reclamation fund).*—The bill contains a total of \$11,159,500 for the operation and maintenance of irrigation projects, including the operation and maintenance of power and other commercial systems related thereto. This total amount contained in the bill is a reduction of \$697,545 below the estimate for 1950, and an increase of \$2,827,871 above the appropriations for 1949. Additional funds are needed because there will be more works to operate and maintain in 1950, and because of cumulative deferred maintenance, replacements, and repairs for numerous facilities are required. The tabulation at the end of this report contains comparative figures on appropriations and estimates for operation and maintenance of the respective projects.

*Operation and maintenance, Boulder Canyon project (from Colorado River Dam fund).*—\$1,600,000 is provided in the bill for operation, maintenance, and replacements of this project. This constitutes an increase of \$100,000 above the amount appropriated for 1949 and represents a decrease of \$12,000 in the budget estimate for 1950.



## GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

The Geological Survey conducts research in geologic and related problems; investigates the geology of the country; makes topographic, geologic, base, and other maps, investigates surface and underground water supplies; classifies public lands; and performs other technical functions.

The bill includes a total of \$15,513,000 for this activity, representing a decrease below the 1950 estimates in total amount of \$2,387,000, and an increase of \$2,486,000 above the appropriations for 1949.

*Salaries and expenses.*—The budget estimate of \$343,000 for the operation of the Washington office of the Survey is approved. \$80,850 has been transferred to this appropriation from other headings. After allowing for this transfer, the amount recommended in the bill constitutes an increase of \$24,800 above the 1949 appropriation, to cover Public Law 900 salary increases and within-grade salary advances.

*Topographic surveys.*—The bill contains \$5,500,000 for topographic surveys and mapping, which is a reduction of \$1,500,000 below the 1950 estimate, and represents an increase of \$850,000 above the amount provided in 1949, after making allowances for increases in salaries due to Public Law 900. \$700,000 of the amount recommended is provided only for cooperative surveys with States and municipalities.

*Geologic surveys.*—\$3,500,000 is recommended and included in the bill for geologic surveys, representing an increase of \$714,040 above the 1949 appropriation after allowance for Public Law 900 salary increase. The increased amount is for stepping up investigations of strategic minerals in the United States.

*Mineral resources of Alaska.*—For investigation of the mineral resources of Alaska, \$425,000 is contained in the bill. This constitutes an increase of \$80,700 above 1949 funds after allowance is made for Public Law 900 salary increases. The increase is recommended for the investigation of permafrost conditions and of metallic and petroleum deposits in the Territory of Alaska. However, the 1950 estimate of \$500,000 was reduced by \$75,000.

*Gaging streams.*—For gaging streams and investigating water supplies, the bill includes \$4,000,000, a reduction of \$198,000 below the estimate for 1950, and an increase of \$243,700 above the 1949 appropriation for this activity after allowance is made for salary increases attributable to Public Law 900. Two million nine hundred and forty thousand dollars of the amount contained in the bill is available only for cooperation with States and municipalities which match Federal funds devoted to stream-gaging and water-investigation activities.

*Mineral leasing.*—For enforcement of laws relating to mineral leases of Federal lands, \$725,000 is recommended in the bill. This is a reduction of \$21,000 below the estimate for 1950 and an increase above the 1949 appropriation in the amount of \$35,000. The amount recommended will require partial absorption of the Public Law 900 salary increases.

*Engraving and printing maps.*—For engraving and printing geologic and topographic maps, the committee recommends \$700,000, an increase of \$246,200 above the funds available in 1949 after allowance is made for Public Law 900 salary increases, and constituting a de-



crease of \$193,000 below the 1950 estimate. The committee does not approve of expanding the capacity of the reproducing plant for this activity.

*Cooperative advance.*—For several years past an appropriation entitled "Cooperative advance" has been made in the Interior Department Appropriation Act to finance cooperative work performed by the Geological Survey on a reimbursable basis for other agencies. Inasmuch as this appropriation has been solely in the nature of a working fund and has not represented an actual expenditure of funds from the Treasury, provision is made in the bill for the establishment of a revolving fund in lieu of a direct appropriation for this purpose.

#### BUREAU OF MINES

The bill includes appropriations for the Bureau of Mines totaling \$23,337,500 which is a reduction of \$609,000 below the budget estimate for 1950, but an increase of \$1,642,600 above the appropriations for 1949. The activities of the Bureau of Mines are related to conserving and developing the mineral resources of the Nation, and the protection of life in connection with the administration of laws designed to improve the efficiency of operation of the mining of coal and other minerals. The committee is impressed with the necessity of granting the major part of the funds requested for this Bureau.

*Salaries and expenses.*—The 1950 estimate of \$158,000 for the administration of this Bureau is recommended for approval. The appropriation for fiscal 1949 was \$164,600 and the fact that a smaller amount was requested for 1950 is attributable to the transfer of \$15,000 from this appropriation to the appropriation requested for "Economics of mineral industries."

*Investigating mine accidents and operating mine rescue cars.*—The 1950 estimate of \$1,200,000 for this activity is recommended for approval owing to the importance of averting disasters caused by explosions in coal mines. The increase of \$35,000 over the 1949 appropriation is attributable to salary increases authorized by Public Law 900.

*Control of fires in inactive coal deposits.*—The budget estimate of \$250,000 for this purpose is recommended for approval, and the amount contained in the bill is identical with the 1949 appropriation. The Bureau of Mines should endeavor to allocate funds for controlling or extinguishing the mine fire at West Latrobe, Pa, since this fire is jeopardizing the safety of inhabitants of this city.

*Coal-mine inspections and investigations.*—The bill contains \$2,700,000 for this purpose, as requested in the budget for 1950. After providing for increase in base salaries due to Public Law 900, the amount contained in the bill represents an increase of \$118,500 above the 1949 appropriation. The increase is provided in order that coal-mine inspectors engaged in this work may have adequate transportation facilities and travel expenses so as to maximize their coverage of mines throughout the country. The increase also will provide for necessary supplies and equipment.

*Testing fuel.*—The 1950 estimate of \$621,000 is approved for scientific and technological investigations regarding the most efficient utilization of mineral fuels. The increase of \$80,400 above 1949



funds is for Public Law 900 salary increases and preparation of the anthracite research laboratory for operation by 1951.

*Anthracite research laboratory.*—The bill contains contractual authority in the amount of \$300,000 for the completion of construction and equipment of the research laboratory at Schuylkill Haven, Pa. This is needed for completion of the original plans for the building and facilities of this laboratory.

*Anthracite mining investigations.*—The bill contains \$420,000 for this activity, as requested in the budget for 1950. This represents an increase of \$23,900 over the 1949 appropriation to cover the cost of Public Law 900 salary increases and within-grade salary advancements.

*Synthetic liquid fuels.*—The bill contains \$9,750,000 for this program which is designed to produce synthetic liquid fuels from coal, oil shales, agricultural and forestry products. All major construction work for this activity will be completed during fiscal 1949. In some cases major changes will be required in equipment and plant design to test important process improvements. The unused balance of the contractual authority still available for this program should be utilized to the fullest extent possible to provide such changes. The amount recommended is a reduction of \$250,000 below the 1950 estimate, and equals the appropriation made for 1949.

*Investigations of fuel and nonfuel mineral deposits and mining.*—The bill contains \$2,681,000 for the three appropriations "Mineral mining investigations", "Investigation and development of domestic mineral deposits, except fuels", and "Coal investigations." This sum equals the 1950 budget estimates, and constitutes an increase of \$417,700 above the 1949 appropriations. The increases over the 1949 amount are attributable to Public Law 900 salary increases and to additional funds for the investigation of potential domestic sources of manganese, an important mineral in short supply.

*Oil and gas.*—The bill contains \$650,000 for investigations concerning the mining, treatment, and utilization of petroleum and natural gas. This represents an increase of \$44,000 above the 1949 appropriation to provide for Public Law 900 salary increases and within-grade salary advances. The 1950 estimate has been reduced by \$40,000. The Bureau should be able to adjust its program and allocate necessary funds to the operation and maintenance of the Bartlesville Petroleum Experiment Station.

*Expenses of mining experiment stations.*—\$1,400,000 is included in the bill for the expenses of these experiment stations, representing a reduction below the 1950 estimate in the amount of \$9,000. This constitutes an increase of \$15,000 above the 1949 appropriation. Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars of the 1949 amount was for construction of a station in Alaska, which will be completed in the current year and is a nonrecurring budgetary item. Therefore the amount recommended in the bill is adequate for operation of the Alaska station and repairs and restoration of equipment necessitated by fire damage at the Rolla Experiment Station.

*Metallurgical research and pilot plants.*—An appropriation of \$1,810,000 is recommended for conducting laboratory, pilot plant, and demonstration plant tests for more effectively utilizing the mineral resources of the Nation. This approves the 1950 estimate and is an increase of \$350,000 above the 1949 appropriation to provide for



Public Law 900 salary increases, for technological experiments in iron and steel production, and in the use of light and rare metals and other minerals.

*Buildings and grounds, Pennsylvania.*—For care and maintenance of buildings and grounds at Pittsburgh and Bruceton, Pa., an appropriation of \$250,000 is recommended, constituting a reduction of \$10,000 below the 1950 estimate. Although the amount contained in the bill is \$67,300 below the 1949 appropriation, the elimination for comparative purposes of \$175,000 utilized in 1949 for nonrecurring building repairs provides an increase of \$94,300 above 1949 funds after allowing for Public Law 900 salary increases. This increase is needed for construction of facilities and activities at the Bruceton, Pa., explosives testing station.

*Economics of mineral industries.*—\$800,000 is recommended in the bill for compiling and disseminating information concerning economic problems of mining and other mineral industries. After allowing for the transfer to this appropriation of \$15,000 from the appropriation "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Mines" and for the increase in base salaries attributable to Public Law 900, the amount recommended in the bill constitutes an increase of \$15,600 above the 1949 appropriation. The budget estimate has been reduced in the amount of \$300,000 since it is believed that the investigations and information related thereto already being financed by this appropriation are adequate for present national needs. The Bureau of Mines should allocate whatever amounts are necessary in connection with information related to stock piling and other Government programs before engaging in less urgent activities.

*Helium utilization and research.*—The budget estimate in amount of \$97,500 for scientific and technological investigations in the resources and utilization of helium is recommended for approval. The increase over 1949 funds in amount of \$6,500 is due to Public Law 900 salary increases.

#### NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

The national park system of the United States is composed of approximately 174 areas scattered throughout the country and the Territories of Alaska and Hawaii. These areas contain nearly 23,000,000 acres of land, and include a road system of more than 5,000 miles along with trails having an aggregate length of approximately 6,800 miles. The bill contains appropriations for the National Park Service totaling \$28,056,000. This recommended amount is \$14,945,696 above appropriations for 1949, and represents a reduction below the budget estimates for 1950 of \$1,429,600.

*Salaries and expenses.*—The 1950 estimate of \$756,000 is recommended for approval in the bill. In the estimate for 1950, \$75,000 has been transferred to other appropriations for the Park Service. After allowing for such transfer and for Public Law 900 salary increases, the amount provided in the bill is \$15,500 above funds available in 1949. This increase is to cover within-grade salary advances and to provide three additional positions needed for the Concessions Division in the Director's Office.

*Regional offices.*—An appropriation of \$750,000 is recommended in the bill for expenses of the four regional offices of the Park Service. The estimate for 1950 has been reduced by \$61,000. After allowance



is made for Public Law 900 salary increases, the amount in the bill is approximately \$39,000 above the 1949 appropriation. The increase recommended will permit the expansion of personnel in the regional offices for the Concessions Division and will permit a survey to be made of Alaska recreation resources on a lesser scale than contemplated in the budget submission.

*National parks.*—\$4,525,000 is recommended for administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement of national parks. The 1950 estimate has been reduced by \$175,000. After adjustment for transfers of funds from and to this appropriation, and after allowance for Public Law 900 salary increases, the amount contained in the bill provides an increase of \$471,568 above funds available in 1949. This increase is necessary to provide for additional temporary and permanent personnel and supplies and equipment for operation of the park system. The number of visitors to the parks has increased materially in the past several years.

*National monument, historical, and military areas.*—The bill contains \$2,150,000 for administration, protection, maintenance, and preservation of national monuments and historical sites. After allowance is made for the transfer to this appropriation from the heading, "Salaries and expenses, National Park Service" and for salary increases attributable to Public Law 900, the amount recommended in the bill constitutes an increase of \$377,392 over 1949 funds. The increased appropriation is required for additional personnel to operate at San Juan National Historic Site, Puerto Rico, and the other areas where additional maintenance, operation, and protection is needed. Increases are also needed for the purchase of supplies, materials, and equipment. The Park Service is expected to allocate \$12,000 of this appropriation for operation, maintenance, and protection of a memorial which should be established at the site where De Soto landed in the State of Florida.

*Recreational areas.*—\$410,000 is recommended for administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement of reservoir areas devoted to recreational use as requested in the budget for 1950. After allowing for a transfer to this appropriation and for Public Law 900 salary increases, the amount contained in the bill constitutes an increase of \$86,530 above the 1949 appropriation. This increase is required for additional personnel, supplies, materials, and equipment for the operation and maintenance of these four areas which are under the jurisdiction of other Federal agencies.

*Travel Division.*—The 1950 budget contains an estimate of \$63,600 for expenses related to encouraging, promoting, and developing travel within the United States, its Territories and possessions. Officials of the Park Service testified that travel in the national parks in recent years has been in unprecedented volume. It is common knowledge that this is true not only with respect to national parks but throughout the United States and its Territories and possessions. The committee considers it an utter waste of funds for the Government to promote and encourage travel. Commercial transportation interests spend tremendous sums for such purposes. No funds are contained in the bill for this activity.

*Salaries and expenses, National Capital parks.*—The bill contains \$1,050,000 for administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement of monuments, memorials, parkways, and parks in and adjacent to the District of Columbia, as requested in the budget for 1950.



After allowing for a transfer to this appropriation and for salary increases due to Public Law 900, the amount recommended in the bill constitutes an increase of \$198,560 over the 1949 appropriation. Events of the past several years have demonstrated that the limited personnel of the United States Park Police force are presently inadequate for efficient and effective protection of the park system in the Washington, D. C., metropolitan area. In the hope of obviating recurrence of gruesome crimes committed in the past several years, the committee strongly urges approval of the amount contained in the bill for this purpose.

*Investigation of recreational resources and survey and excavation of archeological resources in the river basins.*—For this activity the 1950 budget estimate is \$180,000. No funds are provided in the bill for this purpose, since the committee is of the opinion that the appropriation of funds for the Federal Government to conduct investigations looking toward the development of additional recreational areas and the excavation of archeological matter is unjustified at this time. If flood-control and reclamation projects are deemed to require recreational facilities, the agencies charged with reservoir construction should undertake such activity when and as authorized by law. Private institutions and Government agencies having funds available for archeological work will be able to carry out what ever archeological studies and investigations the national interest may require.

*Acquisition of lands.*—\$250,000 is recommended for acquiring small parcels of privately owned lands or interests therein within the boundaries of areas under the jurisdiction of the National Park Service. This is a reduction of \$50,000 below the budget estimate and an increase of \$50,000 above the 1949 appropriation. The committee sees no justification for making extensive additions to the vast areas of lands already held by the United States at the present time.

*Independence National Historical Park, Pa.*—The budget request for 1950 of \$500,000 for initiating the establishment of a National Historical Park in Philadelphia, Pa., is recommended for approval. This appropriation, which appears in the bill for the first time, is pursuant to Public Law 795, Eightieth Congress. The amount provided is for the purpose of setting up an acquisition organization to accomplish preliminary title work, appraise property authorized for acquisition, and to acquire a portion of the properties specified in the aforementioned act.

*Parkways.*—The bill contains \$6,600,000 for construction and maintenance of certain parkways under the jurisdiction of the National Park Service. This is a reduction of \$900,000 below the 1950 estimate. The committee feels that additional highway construction should be limited in the coming fiscal year. No direct appropriation was made for this purpose in fiscal 1949, but authority was granted to enter contracts in the amount of \$2,680,000. \$5,180,000 of the amount provided in the bill is for payment of obligations granted under 1949 and prior contractual authority.

*Roads and trails.*—\$7,500,000 is contained in the bill for construction, reconstruction, improvement, and maintenance of roads and trails in areas administered by the Park Service. The amount requested for 1950 has been approved since considerable repair work and maintenance deferred during and since the war must be undertaken before further deterioration takes place. Funds are provided to cover



only the most urgently needed items of construction work in the areas administered by the Park Service. The amount recommended in the bill constitutes an increase of \$4,390,000 above the 1949 appropriation.

*Physical improvements.*—For construction, reconstruction, and improvement of buildings and utilities under the jurisdiction of the Park Service, \$3,500,000 is recommended. For this purpose, \$1,652,350 was available in 1949, and the amount recommended in the bill constitutes an increase of \$1,847,650 above the 1949 amount. The increase is required for completion of construction projects now in a preliminary stage and for construction of badly needed items such as comfort stations, utility buildings, concession buildings, and other structures. Twenty-five thousand dollars of the amount recommended is for the establishment of a memorial at the site where De Soto landed in Florida, and not to exceed \$21,580 is expected to be used for improvement of the parking area at Crystal Cave in the Sequoia National Park.

#### FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

This Service provides leadership in efforts to conserve and develop the fish, bird, game, and other wildlife resources of the Nation. It maintains and operates fish cultural stations and wildlife refuges; it enforces Federal conservation laws regarding fish and wildlife; it protects the salmon and other fisheries in Alaska; and it engages in an extensive cooperative program for the control of predatory animals and rodents whose depredations on livestock and food supplies result in great annual losses.

The bill provides total appropriations for this service of \$10,735,800, which represents an increase of \$807,291 over 1949 appropriations and a decrease of \$407,200 below the 1950 estimates. In addition to the specific amounts recommended in the bill, provisions are contained therein making available certain receipts in connection with the migratory bird conservation fund and the Federal aid in wildlife restoration fund. The migratory bird conservation fund should provide approximately \$2,000,000 and the wildlife restoration fund should provide approximately \$10,000,000 in fiscal 1950.

*General administrative expenses.*—The committee recommends approval of the 1950 estimate of \$287,000. After allowance for Public Law 900 salary increases and transfer of funds to other appropriations, the amount contained in the bill provides an increase of \$18,900 above 1949 funds. This increase is granted to finance assistance to the Director in connection with international conservation activities.

*Propagation of food fishes.*—The bill contains \$1,985,000 for maintenance, repair, improvement, equipment, and operation of fish cultural stations. The budget estimate was reduced by \$70,500 after allowing for transfer of funds to this appropriation from other headings and for Public Law 900 salary increases, and after deducting non-recurring capital expenditures, the amount contained in the bill constitutes an increase of \$420,475 compared with 1949 funds. This increase is recommended to cover operating and maintenance, rehabilitation, and construction expenses relating to fish cultural stations. The Fish and Wildlife Service should make an equitable allocation of its funds so as to provide for continuing activity on those items specified in its budget program for 1950 and also for the rehabilitation and expansion



of the fish-cultural station at Warm Springs, Ga., the development of facilities for the propagation of both warm-water and cold-water fish at North Attleboro, Mass., and rehabilitation and improvement of facilities at the Quilcene, Wash., station.

*Investigations respecting food fishes.*—The bill contains \$1,250,000 for investigations and studies regarding the better management of food fishes and other aquatic and plant resources. This is a reduction of \$66,000 below the 1950 estimate. After allowing for transfer to this appropriation of funds formerly provided under another item, for Public Law 900 salary increases, and for nonrecurring capital expenditures, the amount recommended in the bill constitutes an increase of \$106,200 above 1949 funds. The increase is to provide for Alaska fishery research, clam studies, and studies relating to certain public oyster lands adjacent to the Gulf of Mexico.

*Commercial fisheries.*—\$510,000 is recommended in the bill for investigation of methods and means of capture, preservation, and distribution of fish and aquatic products, and for compilation of fishery statistics as requested in the budget for 1950. After allowance for Public Law 900 salary increases and nonrecurring capital expenditures, the appropriation recommended provides a net increase of \$75,000 above 1949 funds. This increase is for completion of an addition to the Ketchikan, Alaska, laboratory and operation of an exploratory fishing vessel in North Pacific waters.

*Investigation, exploration, and development of Pacific fisheries.*—\$900,000 is recommended for the conduct of fishery explorations in tropical and subtropical waters of the Pacific Ocean, which amounts to a reduction of \$89,000 below the 1950 estimate. After allowance for Public Law 900 salary increases and nonrecurring capital expenditures, the amount contained in the bill constitutes an increase of approximately \$554,000 above 1949 funds. This increase is needed for financing personnel and operating expenses and purchase of equipment in furtherance of the program in operation during the current year.

*Wildlife resources and management investigations.*—For investigations of wild game, wild fur animals, and other wildlife resources, the 1950 estimate of \$340,000 is recommended in the bill. After allowance for Public Law 900 salary increases, the sum recommended represents an increase of \$3,500 above the appropriation for 1949. The increase is provided for covering the cost of printing reports on the results of research conducted under this appropriation. The Fish and Wildlife Service should endeavor to undertake within the appropriation for 1950 research in wildlife management in cooperation with the University of Alaska, in order that a program of wildlife management in the Territory of Alaska might be inaugurated on a sound basis.

*Control of predatory animals and injurious rodents.*—The 1950 estimate of \$1,080,000 for investigations and demonstrations in destroying predatory animals and the suppression of diseases in wild animals is recommended for approval. The amount recommended will continue this activity substantially at the present level of operations.



*Alaska fisheries and game.*—This appropriation consolidates funds formerly provided under the headings Enforcement of Alaska game law and Protection of Alaska fisheries. After allowing for salary increases attributable to Public Law 900, the amount of \$1,250,000 which is recommended in the bill will provide an increase of \$275,400 above the funds available in 1949 and represents a decrease of \$23,700 below the 1950 estimate. \$144,000 of the amount available in 1949 is for nonrecurring capital expenditures, and the amount recommended in the bill provides \$419,400 in new funds for this activity. \$250,000 of the increase recommended is for the construction of a hangar at Anchorage, Alaska, which is urgently required. Aircraft and other seasonal patrol activities and continuation of the weir program in salmon-spawning streams are also covered by the increase recommended.

*Maintenance of mammal and bird reservations.*—The bill contains \$1,600,000 for the administration, protection, and maintenance of mammal and bird reservations and the maintenance and protection of game introduced into suitable localities on public lands. This recommendation provides an increase of \$198,500 above the appropriation for 1949 after allowance is made for salary increases attributable to Public Law 900, and represents a decrease of \$128,000 below the estimate for 1950. The Fish and Wildlife Service should endeavor to reappraise the activities programed in its budgetary submission so as to complete the Little Grassy Dam on Lake Crab Orchard, Ill.

*River basin studies.*—The bill contains \$175,000 for investigations and studies to determine the effects on fish and wildlife resources of proposed developments in river basins of the country. This constitutes a reduction of \$30,000 below the 1950 estimate and after allowing for Public Law 900 salary increases, represents an increase of \$15,700 above the appropriation for 1949. The increase is recommended to aid in studies in conjunction with watershed developments proposed by the Bureau of Reclamation and other agencies.

*California wildlife management areas.*—The budget request for \$250,000 for continuing the program initiated in fiscal 1949 to provide for additional feeding and resting areas for migratory water fowl in the State of California is recommended for approval. The State of California through legislative action has provided \$9,000,000 to be available over a period of 3 years for the purpose of acquiring and developing units to be correlated with the Federal program.

#### TERRITORY OF ALASKA

*Salaries and expenses.*—The bill includes \$67,700 as requested in the budget for 1950 for necessary expenses of the Governor of the Territory of Alaska and related activities. This constitutes an increase of \$3,200 above the 1949 appropriation to cover Public Law 900 salary increases, within-grade salary advancements, and other minor expense requirements.



*Roads, bridges, and trails, Alaska.*—The committee recommends an appropriation of \$25,692,000 and contractual authority of \$7,000,000 for the construction, repair, and maintenance of roads, bridges, and trails in Alaska. This is a decrease of \$1,000,000 below the 1950 estimate and an increase of \$15,249,600 above the appropriation for 1949. The construction of highways and bridges for the accommodation of automotive equipment is vital to the welfare of the Territory of Alaska, and the greater part of the funds requested for this activity in 1950 has been approved.

*Alaska Railroad.*—The bill contains \$17,000,000 in addition to receipts for the maintenance, operation, and improvements of the Alaska Railroad. The amount recommended is a reduction of \$8,000,000 below the estimate for 1950 and equals the appropriation for 1949. In addition to this appropriation, the bill contains contractual authority of \$12,000,000 which equals the amount of such authority granted for fiscal 1949, but which constitutes a reduction of \$10,000,000 below the 1950 request. The complete rehabilitation and modernization of the Alaska Railroad is not justified. Highways and roads will accommodate the type of surface transportation most conducive to the increased settlement and development of this potentially rich Territory of the United States and such arteries of communication will in the future prove to be more advantageous than rail transportation in Alaska for the achievement of commercial and economic progress and military security.

#### TERRITORY OF HAWAII

*Salaries and expenses.*—The bill contains \$26,800 as requested in the budget for expenses of the office of the Territorial Governor and related activities. The amount recommended will support this activity on the current basis of operation and provide for increases attributable to Public Law 900.

#### GOVERNMENT OF THE VIRGIN ISLANDS

*Salaries and expenses of the Governor.*—The 1950 estimate of \$223,000 for salaries and expenses of the offices of the Governor and other Federal administrative officials for the Virgin Islands is recommended for approval. This amount will provide for Public Law 900 salary increases, although owing to nonrecurring capital expenditures in 1949, the amount in the bill represents a comparative decrease of \$6,400 below the 1949 appropriation.

*Agricultural experiment station.*—The bill contains \$50,000 as requested in the 1950 budget, for necessary expenses of the agricultural station in the Virgin Islands. After allowance is made for Public Law 900 salary increases, the amount recommended provides \$900 above the 1949 appropriation.

*Municipal government.*—The 1950 estimate of \$745,000 is contained in the bill for defraying expenses of the government of the Virgin



Islands in excess of current local revenues. The amount recommended provides an increase of \$224,800 above the 1949 appropriation. Of this increase, \$175,000 is recommended to finance the establishment of an organized territorial civil service and a merit system for the employment of the personnel of the local government. \$49,800 is included in the bill for the rehabilitation of airports, as the Virgin Islands depend almost entirely on air transportation for passenger travel to, from, and between the islands.

#### VIRGIN ISLANDS COMPANY

The Virgin Islands Company was established in 1934 to aid in the economic rehabilitation of the Virgin Islands. Since its inception, this wholly owned Government corporation has been vital to the economy of the islands. During the peak of the cane growing and harvesting season, this Company employs directly about 1,100 persons. The Company's sugar mill is the sole market for sugarcane produced by some 5,500 small farmers. The budget program, including administrative expenses, is approved as submitted in the 1950 budget document.

Under the provisions of the Government Corporation Control Act of 1945, a Federal charter must be granted for the Virgin Islands Company or it will be required to liquidate. The liquidation requirement was to have been effective July 1, 1948, but 1 year's extension was granted in the Government Corporations Appropriation Act, 1949. Although legislation to provide a new charter for this Company is being requested during this session of Congress, the accompanying bill provides for extension of the life of the Company on the present basis until June 30, 1950. This is necessary since the failure to provide for continuation of the Company, in the absence of some other assistance, would precipitate economic chaos in the Virgin Islands.

The Virgin Islands Company has been operating as a support to the economy of the islands, and as a consequence of relatively fixed expenses and difficulties in marketing its products has not been able to show constant annual net profits. Working capital loans were extended to the Company from appropriated funds in fiscal 1949, and the accompanying bill appropriates \$100,000 for additional loans in fiscal 1950. The bill also contains authorization for extending outstanding notes payable to the Treasury of the United States to 2 years beyond the date of making.

#### PUERTO RICO

*Salaries and expenses.*—The 1950 budget requests \$15,000 for establishing a coordinator of Federal agencies in Puerto Rico. This request is not approved by the committee and no funds for this purpose are contained in the bill. The coordination of Federal activities in Puerto Rico can be effected through firm administrative directives to agencies having programs in this area. The establishment of a coordinator would merely palliate the conditions sought to be controlled or prevented.



## LIMITATIONS AND LEGISLATIVE PROVISIONS

The following limitations and legislative provisions not heretofore included in connection with any appropriation bill are recommended:

On page 6, in connection with appropriations for construction, operation, and maintenance, power transmission facilities:

\* \* \* and in addition, the Secretary is authorized to incur obligations and enter into contracts for materials, equipment, and services for the construction of power transmission facilities in an amount not to exceed \$5,000,000.

The unexpended balance of funds appropriated in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, 1947, for "Construction, Southwestern Power Administration", shall remain available for expenditure during the current fiscal year for payment of obligations incurred under contracts executed on or before June 30, 1948.

On pages 8 and 9, in connection with appropriations for the Bonneville Power Administration:

\* \* \*: Provided, That in addition to this appropriation the Administrator is authorized to contract for materials, equipment, and services, for power transmission facilities in an amount not in excess of \$15,725,000.

On page 12, in connection with the Bureau of Land Management:

\* \* \* in addition, the Secretary, or at his request, the Commissioner of Public Roads, Federal Works Agency, is authorized to incur obligations and enter into contracts for construction of access roads, including acquisition of rights-of-way and existing connecting roads, in an amount not to exceed \$150,000:

On page 15, in connection with Navajo and Hopi service, Bureau of Indian Affairs:

\* \* \* except those eligible for benefit payments under the Social Security Act;

On page 18, in connection with welfare of Indians, Bureau of Indian Affairs:

\* \* \* : Provided further, That no payment shall be made from this appropriation to Indians who are eligible for benefit payments under the Social Security Act.

On pages 21 and 22, in connection with construction, etc., irrigation systems, Bureau of Indian Affairs:

\* \* \* : Provided, That in addition to this appropriation the Commissioner of Indian Affairs is authorized to contract for materials, equipment, and services for pumping-plant facilities for Satus unit in an amount not in excess of \$300,000;

On page 23, in connection with construction, etc., buildings and utilities, Bureau of Indian Affairs:

\* \* \* and, in addition, the Secretary is authorized to enter into contracts for this purpose in an amount not to exceed \$637,500;

On page 59, in connection with the Bureau of Mines:

*Anthracite research laboratory:* The Director of the Bureau of Mines is authorized to enter into contracts (not to exceed \$300,000) for the completion of construction and equipment of the anthracite research laboratory at Schuylkill Haven, Pennsylvania.

On pages 70 and 71, in connection with the National Park Service:

\* \* \*, and, in addition, the Secretary is authorized to expend not to exceed \$60,000 of the unexpended balance of funds appropriated pursuant to the Act of February 12, 1938 (16 U. S. C. 403j), for acquisition on behalf of the United States of lands and interests in lands in order to carry out the purpose of the Act of February 22, 1944 (16 U. S. C. 403h-11).



On page 73, in connection with the National Park Service:

*Appropriations herein made to the National Park Service for roads and trails shall be available for entering into contracts, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U. S. C., sec. 5), with States, political subdivisions, local governmental units, or agencies of the foregoing, for the performance of road construction or maintenance work or for furnishing materials, supplies, equipment, or services of any kind in connection with such work.*

On page 85, in connection with construction, repair, and maintenance of roads, tramways, buildings, etc., Alaska:

\* \* \* acquisition of rights-of-way, by purchase, donation, condemnation, or otherwise;

and—

\* \* \* : *Provided, That in addition to the amount herein appropriated the Secretary, or, at his request, the Commissioner of Public Roads, Federal Works Agency, is hereby authorized to incur obligations and enter into contracts for additional work, materials, and equipment not exceeding a total of \$7,000,000:*

On page 87, in connection with the Alaska Railroad:

\* \* \* : *Provided further, That in addition to the amount herein appropriated the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to incur obligations and enter into contracts for additional work, materials, and equipment not exceeding a total of \$12,000,000*

Compliance with clause 2 (A) of rule XIII:

PENDING BILL

EXISTING LAW

On page 7, lines 1 through 20:

*All receipts from the transmission and sale of electric power and energy under the provisions of section 5 of the Flood Control Act of December 22, 1944 (16 U. S. C. 825s), generated or purchased in the southwestern power area, shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts, except that the Treasury shall set up and maintain from such receipts a continuing fund of \$300,000, including the sum of \$100,000 in the continuing fund established under the Administrator of the Southwestern Power Administration in the First Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1944 (57 Stat. 621), which shall be transferred to the fund hereby established; and said fund of \$300,000 shall be placed to the credit of the Secretary and shall be subject to check by him to defray emergency expenses necessary to insure continuity of electric service and continuous operation of the facilities, and to cover all costs in connection with the purchase of electric power and energy and rentals for the use of transmission lines and appurtenant facilities of public bodies, cooperatives, and privately owned companies.*

SEC. 5. \* \* \* All moneys received from such sales shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts. (Act approved Dec. 22, 1944, 16 U. S. C. 825s.)

SOUTHWESTERN POWER ADMINISTRATION

Salaries and expenses: \* \* \* All receipts from the transmission and sale of electric energy generated at these two projects, or purchased in relation thereto, shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States to the credit of miscellaneous receipts, except that the Treasury shall set up and maintain from such receipts a continuing fund of \$100,000 to the credit of the Administrator and subject to check by him to defray emergency expenses and to insure continuous operation. (First Supplemental National Defense Appropriation Act, 1944, approved December 23, 1943.)



## PERMANENT AND INDEFINITE APPROPRIATIONS, GENERAL AND SPECIAL FUNDS

Object	Appropriated, 1949	Estimated, 1950	Increase (+) or decrease (-)
Continuing fund, power transmission facilities-----	-----	\$200, 000	+\$200, 000
Payments from proceeds of sales, motor-propelled vehicles-----	\$457, 000	488, 400	+31, 400
Continuing fund for emergencies, Bonneville power project-----	457, 500	-----	-457, 500
Payments to States from grazing fees, Indian ceded lands-----	100	100	-----
Oregon and California grant lands, deficiency payments to counties in lieu of taxes-----	750, 000	750, 000	-----
Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands, excess payments-----	1, 000	1, 000	-----
Oregon and California grant lands, excess payments-----	5, 000	5, 000	-----
Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands, payments to Coos and Douglas Counties, Oreg., in lieu of taxes-----	19, 000	19, 000	-----
Oregon and California grant lands, payments to counties-----	2, 500, 000	2, 500, 000	-----
Mineral Leasing Act, payments to States and Alaska-----	9, 600, 000	9, 600, 000	-----
Payments to States from grazing receipts, public lands-----	235, 000	235, 000	-----
Alaska school lands, payment to Alaska-----	500	500	-----
Power revenues, Indian irrigation projects-----	1, 215, 000	1, 425, 000	+210, 000
Payment of interest on Indian trust funds-----	-----	1, 140, 000	+1, 140, 000
Indian arts and crafts fund-----	50	50	-----
Acquisition of lands and loans to Indians in Oklahoma, act of June 26, 1936-----	300	300	-----
Payments to States of Arizona and Nevada-----	600, 000	600, 000	-----



Repayment of advances from Treasury	5,000,000	5,000,000	
Repayment of advances, All-American Canal	350,000	300,000	-50,000
Continuing fund, emergency expenses, Fort Peck project, Montana	312,955	365,000	+52,045
Payments from proceeds of sale of water, Geological Survey	500	500	
Development and operation of helium properties, Bureau of Mines	466,000	470,000	+4,000
Educational expenses, children of employees, Yellowstone National Park	18,696	9,581	-9,115
Salaries and expenses, Fish and Wildlife Service	291,283	300,000	+8,717
Migratory bird conservation fund	2,000,000	2,000,000	
Federal aid in wildlife restoration	11,276,687	10,000,000	-1,276,687
Expenses incident to sale of refuge products	30,000	30,000	
Payments to counties under Migratory Bird Conservation Act	97,094	100,000	+2,906
Alaska Railroad fund	15,050,000	15,800,000	+750,000
Total, general and special funds	50,733,665	51,339,431	+605,766

ALASKA RAILROAD FUND



## TRUST FUND APPROPRIATIONS

Object	Appropriated, 1949	Estimated, 1950	Increase (+) or decrease (-)
Construction of electric transmission lines and substations, contributions, Bonneville power project-----	\$5, 989		-\$5, 989
Deposits by individuals for surveying public lands-----	12, 000	\$12, 000	
Administration and protection of grazing districts-----	50, 000	50, 000	
Refund of deposits, unearned grazing fees-----	1, 000	1, 000	
Alaska town-site funds-----	6, 000	6, 000	
Unearned proceeds from lands-----	2, 000, 000	2, 000, 000	
Indian moneys, proceeds of labor-----	800, 000	800, 000	
Miscellaneous trust funds of Indian tribes-----	11, 000, 000	11, 000, 000	
Operation and maintenance collections, Indian irrigation projects-----	1, 250, 000	1, 250, 000	
Advances by States, etc., for construction, operation, and maintenance of reclamation projects, including investigations-----	2, 305, 094	2, 510, 900	+205, 806
Synthetic liquids fuels program, cooperative fund-----	20, 800		-20, 800
Donations, including land, national parks-----	20, 000	20, 000	
Gifts or bequests of personal property, national parks-----	1, 100	1, 100	
Birthplace of Abraham Lincoln, preservation of, national parks-----	2, 400	2, 400	
Expenses, sale of furs-----	250	250	
Fox and fur seal industries-----	250, 000	290, 000	+40, 000



Miscellaneous contributed funds, Fish and Wildlife Service-----	20,000	20,000	20,000
Improvements of roads, bridges, and trails, Alaska-----	300,000	300,000	300,000
Total, appropriations, trust funds-----	18,044,633	18,263,650	+219,017
Total, permanent and indefinite appropriations, including trust funds-----	68,778,298	69,603,081	+824,783

Local promotion equipment	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	
Construction bonds, Alaska	82,000	82,000	82,000	
Construction bonds, Alaska	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	
Construction bonds, Alaska	50,000	50,000	50,000	
Construction bonds, Alaska	13,500	13,500	13,500	
Construction bonds, Alaska	300,000	300,000	300,000	
Construction bonds, Alaska	100,000	100,000	100,000	
Construction bonds, Alaska	300,000	300,000	300,000	
Construction bonds, Alaska	210,000	210,000	210,000	
Construction bonds, Alaska	300,000	300,000	300,000	
Construction bonds, Alaska	210,000	210,000	210,000	
Construction bonds, Alaska	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	

Contract authority of \$1,000,000  
 and contract authority of \$1,000,000  
 for 5 months beginning in fiscal year  
 1950. Construction bonds, Alaska.



**COMPARATIVE STATEMENT SHOWING THE APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1949, THE BUDGET ESTIMATES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1950, AND THE AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN BILL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 1950**

[Amounts taken from tribal funds are indicated by italics]

Object	Appropriations, 1949	Budget estimates, 1950	Recommended in bill for 1950	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with 1949 appropriations	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with estimates for 1950
<b>OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY</b>					
Salaries, Office of the Secretary-----	\$1, 115, 842	\$1, 350, 000	\$1, 275, 000	+\$159, 158	-\$75, 000
Solicitor's office, salaries-----	250, 000	284, 000	284, 000	+34, 000	-----
Division of Territories and Island Possessions-----	160, 000	217, 500	190, 000	+30, 000	-27, 500
Oil and Gas Division-----	325, 000	400, 000	325, 000	-----	-75, 000
Board of Geographic Names-----	13, 266	14, 200	14, 200	+934	-----
Soil and moisture conservation-----	2, 800, 000	2, 800, 000	2, 600, 000	-200, 000	-200, 000
Contingent expenses-----	215, 000	240, 000	215, 000	-----	-25, 000
Southeastern power marketing-----	-----	85, 000	70, 000	+70, 000	-15, 000
Power transmission facilities:					
Construction, operation, and maintenance-----	-----	1 4, 000, 000	2 4, 000, 000	+4, 000, 000	-----
Operation and maintenance-----	3 260, 000	(4)	-----	-260, 000	-----
Continuing fund-----	-----	(5)	(5)	-----	-----
Total, Office of the Secretary-----	5, 139, 108	9, 390, 700	8, 973, 200	+3, 834, 092	-417, 500



	12,000	12,800	12,000		—800
COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS					
Expenses	12,000	12,800	12,000		—800
BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION					
Construction, operation, and maintenance	<sup>6</sup> 21,125,700	<sup>7</sup> 33,000,000	<sup>8</sup> 29,927,500	+8,801,800	—3,072,500
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT					
Salaries and expenses	1,000,000	1,000,000	975,000	—25,000	—25,000
Management, protection, and disposal of public lands	3,000,000	3,792,500	3,300,000	+300,000	—492,500
Fire fighting	50,000	50,000	50,000		
Range improvements on public lands	350,000	358,000	350,000		—8,000
Revested Oregon & California R. R. and reconveyed Coos Bay Wagon Road grant lands, Oregon	500,000	<sup>9</sup> 817,000	<sup>10</sup> 500,000		—317,000
Payments to States from sales of lands	7,500	5,000	5,000	—2,500	
Payment to Oklahoma from oil and gas royalties	4,000	4,000	4,000		
Leasing of grazing lands	6,000	6,000	6,000		
Total, Bureau of Land Management	4,917,500	6,032,500	5,190,000	+272,500	—842,500

<sup>1</sup> And contract authorization of \$5,800,000.

<sup>2</sup> And contract authorization of \$5,000,000.

<sup>3</sup> For 8 months operation in fiscal 1949.

<sup>4</sup> Consolidated with preceding item.

<sup>5</sup> Continuing fund of \$300,000 for emergency expenses authorized.

<sup>6</sup> And contract authorization of \$11,888,500.

<sup>7</sup> And contract authorization of \$18,500,000.

<sup>8</sup> And contract authorization of \$15,725,000.

<sup>9</sup> And contract authorization of \$250,000.

<sup>10</sup> And contract authorization of \$150,000.



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 Comparative statement showing the appropriations for the fiscal year 1949, the budget estimates for the fiscal year 1950, and the amounts recommended in bill for the fiscal year 1950—Continued

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT APPROPRIATION BILL, 1950

Object	Appropriations, 1949	Budget estimates, 1950	Recommended in bill for 1950	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with 1949 appropriations	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with estimates for 1950
BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS					
Salaries and expenses-----	\$740,000	\$1,129,000	\$850,000	+\$110,000	-\$279,000
Salaries and expenses, district offices-----	200,000	(11)	-----	-200,000	-----
Salaries and expenses, field administration-----	2,400,000	3,355,000	3,000,000	+600,000	-355,000
Maintaining law and order-----	125,000	164,500	164,500	+39,500	-----
Alaska Native Service-----	4,118,962	5,925,000	5,000,000	+881,038	-925,000
Navajo and Hopi Service-----	5,242,015	8,959,000	8,000,000	+2,757,985	-959,000
Purchase and transportation of Indian supplies-----	700,000	(11)	-----	-700,000	-----
Maintenance of buildings-----	755,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	+245,000	-----
Education of Indians-----	10,100,000	12,200,000	12,200,000	+2,100,000	-----
Conservation of health-----	6,714,500	7,731,000	7,731,000	+1,016,500	-----
Welfare of Indians-----	472,710	604,000	500,000	+27,290	-104,000
Management, Indian forest and range resources-----	900,000	1,112,000	1,000,000	+100,000	-112,000
Suppressing forest and range fires-----	12,000	12,000	12,000	-----	-----
Agriculture and stock raising-----	761,907	935,000	850,000	+88,093	-85,000
Revolving fund for loans-----	-----	2,400,000	500,000	+500,000	-1,900,000



Acquisition of lands for Indian tribes-----	150,000	150,000	125,000	-25,000	-25,000
Development of Indian arts and crafts-----	35,000	37,000	37,000	+2,000	-----
Irrigation, operation, and maintenance-----	421,700	450,000	450,000	+28,300	-----
Construction, etc., irrigation systems (reimbursable)-----	3,411,000	4,176,000	<sup>12</sup> 3,575,851	+164,851	-600,149
Construction, etc., buildings and utilities-----	<sup>13</sup> 3,154,500	<sup>14</sup> 4,596,000	<sup>15</sup> 4,206,600	+1,052,100	-389,400
Roads, Indian reservations-----	2,500,000	2,750,000	2,750,000	+250,000	-----
Fulfilling treaties with Senecas of New York-----	6,000	6,000	-----	-6,000	-6,000
Fulfilling treaties with Six Nations of New York-----	4,500	4,500	-----	-4,500	-4,500
Fulfilling treaties with Choctaws, Oklahoma-----	10,520	10,520	-----	-10,520	-10,520
Fulfilling treaties with Pawnees, Oklahoma-----	30,000	30,000	-----	-30,000	-30,000
Payment to Indians of Sioux reservations-----	150,000	125,000	-----	-150,000	-125,000
Fulfilling treaties-----	-----	-----	<sup>16</sup> 176,020	+176,020	+176,020
Payment of interest on Indian trust funds-----	1,195,000	1,140,000	( <sup>17</sup> )	-1,195,000	-1,140,000
Power revenues, Indian irrigation projects-----	( <sup>18</sup> )	( <sup>19</sup> )	-----	-----	-----
Total, Bureau of Indian Affairs, exclusive of tribal funds-----	44,310,314	59,001,520	52,127,971	+7,817,657	-6,873,549

<sup>11</sup> Estimate for activities previously carried under this title has been transferred to other appropriations.

<sup>12</sup> And contract authorization of \$300,000.

<sup>13</sup> And contract authorization of \$5,925,000.

<sup>14</sup> And contract authorization of \$750,000.

<sup>15</sup> And contract authorization of \$637,500.

<sup>16</sup> Consolidation of the five preceding headings.

<sup>17</sup> Indefinite appropriation estimated at \$1,140,000.

<sup>18</sup> Indefinite appropriation estimated at \$1,215,000.

<sup>19</sup> Indefinite appropriation estimated at \$1,425,000.



Comparative statement showing the appropriations for the fiscal year 1949, the budget estimates for the fiscal year 1950, and the amounts recommended in bill for the fiscal year 1950—Continued

Object	Appropriations, 1949	Budget estimates, 1950	Recommended in bill for 1950	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with 1949 appropriations	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with estimates for 1950
BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS—continued					
Miscellaneous Indian tribal funds:					
NOTE.—The following appropriations, shown in italic type, are from Indian tribal funds and are not included in the totals in this tabulation.					
<i>Administration of Indian tribal affairs</i> -----	\$365, 000	\$402, 500	\$390, 000	+\$25, 000	-\$12, 500
<i>Support of Klamath Agency, Oregon</i> -----	213, 405	304, 500	300, 000	+86, 595	-4, 500
<i>Support of Menominee Agency, Wisconsin</i> -----	188, 875	234, 800	234, 000	+45, 125	-800
<i>Support of Osage Agency, Oklahoma</i> -----	197, 000	222, 480	222, 000	+25, 000	-480
<i>Expenses of tribal officers, Five Civilized Tribes, Oklahoma</i> -----	(20)	(20)	(20)	-----	-----
<i>Expenses of attorneys, Creek Nation of Indians, Oklahoma</i> -----	2, 500	-----	-----	-2, 500	-----
<i>Expenses of attorneys, Chickasaw Nation of Indians, Oklahoma</i> -----	2, 000	-----	3, 000	+1, 000	+3, 000
<i>Expenses of tribal councils or committees thereof</i> -----	50, 000	75, 000	75, 000	+25, 000	-----
<i>Relief of needy Indians</i> -----	112, 000	112, 000	112, 000	-----	-----
<i>Compensation and expenses of attorneys (tribal funds)</i> -----	82, 880	55, 000	55, 000	-27, 880	-----



Purchase and lease of lands-----	121,000			-121,000	
Industrial assistance-----	350,000	396,000		+46,000	
Pima cropping operations-----	200,000			-200,000	
Suppressing forest and range fires-----	25,000	75,000		+50,000	
Support of Indian schools-----	712,000	987,000		+275,000	
Total, Bureau of Indian Affairs, from Indian tribal funds-----	2,621,660	2,864,280	2,849,000	+227,340	-15,280
BUREAU OF RECLAMATION					
(From reclamation fund)					
Salaries and expenses (other than project offices)-----	3,600,000	5,000,000	4,300,000	+700,000	-700,000
General investigations-----	3,500,000	3,600,000	3,500,000		-100,000
Advance planning-----		50,000	50,000	+50,000	
Construction (from reclamation fund):					
Santa Barbara County project, California, Cada- uma unit-----	<sup>21</sup> 1,000,000	6,100,000	5,185,000	+4,185,000	-915,000
Paonia project, Colorado-----	471,000			-471,000	
Boise project, Idaho:					
Anderson Ranch Dam-----	5,100,000	1,932,000	1,642,200	-3,457,800	-289,800
Payette division-----	1,525,000	2,725,000	2,316,250	+791,250	-408,750

<sup>20</sup> Indefinite.

<sup>21</sup> And contract authorization of \$1,600,000.



Comparative statement showing the appropriations for the fiscal year 1949, the budget estimates for the fiscal year 1950, and the amounts recommended in bill for the fiscal year 1950—Continued

Object	Appropriations, 1949	Budget estimates, 1950	Recommended in bill for 1950	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with 1949 appropriations	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with estimates for 1950
BUREAU OF RECLAMATION—continued					
Construction (from reclamation fund)—Continued					
Lewiston Orchards project, Idaho-----	\$1, 136, 000	\$270, 000	\$229, 500	-\$906, 500	-\$40, 500
Palisades project, Idaho-----	( <sup>22</sup> )	205, 000	174, 250	+174, 250	-30, 750
Milk River project, Montana; Fresno Dam division-----		71, 500	60, 775	+60, 775	-10, 725
Sun River project, Montana-----	45, 000			-45, 000	
Tucumcari project, New Mexico-----	1, 293, 000	685, 000	582, 250	-710, 750	-102, 750
Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas-----	57, 985	20, 000	17, 000	-40, 985	-3, 000
W. C. Austin project, Oklahoma-----	320, 000	300, 000	255, 000	-65, 000	-45, 000
Deschutes project, Oregon-----	580, 000	1, 368, 000	1, 162, 800	+582, 800	-205, 200
Owyhee project, Oregon-----	150, 000			-150, 000	
Klamath project, Oregon-California-----		1, 000, 000	850, 000	+850, 000	-150, 000
Ogden River project, Utah-----	34, 000	285, 000	242, 250	+208, 250	-42, 750
Provo River project, Utah-----	1, 980, 000	4, 000, 000	3, 400, 000	+1, 420, 000	-600, 000
Yakima project, Washington, Roza division-----	1, 298, 650	449, 955	382, 462	-916, 188	-67, 493



Kendrick project, Wyoming-----	-----	1, 680, 000	1, 428, 000	+1, 428, 000	-232, 000
Riverton project, Wyoming-----	1, 780, 175	2, 731, 000	2, 321, 350	+541, 175	-409, 650
Shoshone project, Wyoming, power division-----	430, 000	140, 000	119, 000	-311, 000	-21, 000
Total construction, from reclamation fund-----	17, 200, 810	23, 962, 455	20, 368, 087	+3, 167, 277	-3, 594, 368
Operation and maintenance (from reclamation fund):					
Parker Dam project, Arizona-California-----	2, 645, 380	3, 369, 200	3, 200, 000	+554, 620	-169, 200
Yuma project, Arizona-California-----	226, 000	185, 000	185, 000	--41, 000	-----
Central Valley project, California-----	1, 044, 837	1, 500, 600	1, 400, 000	+355, 163	-100, 600
Colorado-Big Thompson, Colorado-----	150, 000	437, 150	400, 000	+250, 000	-37, 150
Boise project, Idaho-----	220, 000	350, 000	300, 000	+80, 000	-50, 000
Minidoka project, Idaho-----	477, 500	490, 000	490, 000	+12, 500	-----
Mirage Flats project, Nebraska-----	-----	24, 000	24, 000	+24, 000	-----
North Platte project, Nebraska-Wyoming-----	175, 500	330, 500	300, 000	+124, 500	-30, 500
Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas-----	235, 000	419, 700	375, 000	+140, 000	-44, 700
Deschutes project, Oregon-----	101, 250	172, 000	150, 000	+48, 750	-22, 000
Klamath project, Oregon-California-----	217, 000	303, 000	285, 000	+68, 000	-18, 000
Owyhee project, Oregon-----	292, 500	370, 000	350, 000	+57, 500	-20, 000
Columbia Basin project, Washington-----	1, 645, 000	2, 190, 000	2, 100, 000	+455, 000	-90, 000
Yakima project, Washington-----	362, 500	466, 000	425, 000	+62, 500	-41, 000

<sup>22</sup> Contract authority of \$2,000,000.



*Comparative statement showing the appropriations for the fiscal year 1949, the budget estimates for the fiscal year 1950, and the amounts recommended in bill for the fiscal year 1950—Continued*

Object	Appropriations, 1949	Budget estimates, 1950	Recommended in bill for 1950	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with 1949 appropriations	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with estimates for 1950
BUREAU OF RECLAMATION—continued					
Operation and maintenance (from reclamation fund)— Continued					
Kendrick project, Wyoming-----	\$206, 250	\$640, 500	\$640, 500	+\$434, 250	
Riverton project, Wyoming-----	150, 912	297, 000	260, 000	+109, 088	-\$37, 000
Shoshone project, Wyoming-----	182, 000	312, 395	275, 000	+93, 000	-37, 395
Total, operation and maintenance-----	<sup>23</sup> 8, 331, 629	<sup>24</sup> 11, 857, 045	11 159, 500	+2, 827, 871	-697, 545
Rehabilitation and betterment-----	1, 500, 000			-1, 500, 000	
Total, Bureau of Reclamation, from reclama- tion fund-----	<sup>23</sup> 34, 132, 439	<sup>24</sup> 44, 469, 500	39, 377, 587	+5, 245, 148	-5, 091, 913
Alaskan investigations, general fund-----	150, 000	250, 000	150, 000		-100, 000
Construction, general fund:					
Gila project, Arizona-----	2, 470, 000	5, 000, 000	4, 250, 000	+1, 780, 000	-750, 000
Davis Dam project, Arizona-Nevada-----	22, 125, 000	38, 739, 000	32, 928, 150	+10, 803, 150	-5, 810, 850
Parker Dam project, Arizona-California-----	212, 000	138, 000	117, 300	-94, 700	-20, 700
All American Canal, advances to Colorado River Dam fund-----	4, 000, 000	6, 000, 000	5, 100, 000	+1, 100, 000	-900, 000



Boulder Canyon project, advances to Colorado River Dam fund	25 2,300,000	7,500,000	6,375,000	+4,075,000	-1,500,000
Central Valley project, California	41,358,900	63,000,000	53,550,000	+12,191,100	-9,450,000
Kern River project, California	42,500			-42,500	
Colorado-Big Thompson project, Colorado	20,225,000	21,500,000	18,275,000	-1,950,000	-3,225,000
Preston Bench project, Idaho	26 453,000			-453,000	
Fort Peck project, Montana	990,000	3,000,000	1,445,000	+455,000	-1,555,000
Hungry Horse project, Montana	14,611,650	24,000,000	20,400,000	+5,788,350	-3,600,000
Columbia Basin project, Washington	45,312,000	69,500,000	59,075,000	+13,763,000	-10,425,000
Colorado River front work and levee system	1,050,000	970,000	824,500	-225,500	-145,500
Missouri River Basin	54,786,650	87,150,000	73,822,500	+19,035,850	-13,327,500
Water conservation and utilization projects	(27)				
Total, construction from general fund	209,936,700	326,497,000	276,162,450	+66,225,750	-50,334,550
Operation, maintenance, and replacements, Boulder Canyon project	1,500,000	1,612,000	1,600,000	+100,000	-12,000
Colorado River development fund, expenditures account	900,000	500,000	500,000	-400,000	
Total, Bureau of Reclamation, exclusive of reclamation fund	212,486,700	328,859,000	278,412,450	+65,925,750	-50,446,550
Grand total, Bureau of Reclamation	246,619,139	373,328,500	317,790,037	+71,170,898	-55,538,463

<sup>23</sup> Includes \$6,616,042 appropriated from power revenues.

<sup>24</sup> Includes \$9,323,745 appropriated from power revenues.

<sup>25</sup> Includes \$600,000 in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1948.

<sup>26</sup> In Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, 1948.

<sup>27</sup> Not to exceed \$126,000 of unexpended balances of appropriations from prior years made available and contract authorization of \$550,000.



Comparative statement showing the appropriations for the fiscal year 1949, the budget estimates for the fiscal year 1950, and the amounts recommended in bill for the fiscal year 1950—Continued

Object	Appropriations, 1949	Budget estimates, 1950	Recommended in bill for 1950	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with 1949 appropriations	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with estimates for 1950
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY					
Salaries and expenses-----	\$237,350	\$343,000	\$343,000	+\$105,650	-----
Topographic surveys-----	4,350,000	7,000,000	5,500,000	+1,150,000	-\$1,500,000
Geologic surveys-----	2,625,000	3,500,000	3,500,000	+875,000	-----
Investigation of mineral resources of Alaska-----	325,000	500,000	425,000	+100,000	-75,000
Gaging streams-----	3,496,700	4,198,000	4,000,000	+503,300	-198,000
Classification of lands-----	300,000	320,000	320,000	+20,000	-----
Mineral leasing-----	690,000	746,000	725,000	+35,000	-21,000
Engraving and printing maps-----	602,950	893,000	700,000	+97,050	-193,000
Cooperative advance-----	400,000	400,000	(28)	-400,000	-400,000
Total, Geological Survey-----	13,027,000	17,900,000	15,513,000	+2,486,000	-2,387,000
BUREAU OF MINES					
Salaries and expenses-----	164,600	158,000	158,000	-6,600	-----
Investigating mine accidents and operating mine rescue cars-----	1,165,000	1,200,000	1,200,000	+35,000	-----
Control of fires in inactive coal deposits-----	250,000	250,000	250,000	-----	-----



Coal mine inspection and investigations-----	2, 430, 000	2, 700, 000	2, 700, 000	+268, 500
Testing fuel-----	506, 600	621, 000	621, 000	+114, 400
Anthracite mining investigations-----	396, 100	420, 000	420, 000	+23, 900
Lignite research laboratory-----	<sup>29</sup> 200, 000	550, 000	550, 000	+350, 000
Anthracite research laboratory-----		( <sup>30</sup> )		
Synthetic liquid fuels-----	9, 750, 000	10, 000, 000	9, 750, 000	-250, 000
Mineral-mining investigations-----	403, 300	420, 000	420, 000	+16, 700
Investigation and development of domestic mineral deposits, except fuels-----	1, 560, 000	2, 000, 000	2, 000, 000	+440, 000
Coal investigations-----	300, 000	261, 000	261, 000	-39, 000
Oil and gas investigations-----	606, 000	690, 000	650, 000	+44, 000
Mining experiment stations, expenses of-----	1, 385, 000	1, 409, 000	1, 400, 000	+15, 000
Metallurgical research and pilot plants-----	1, 460, 000	1, 810, 000	1, 810, 000	+350, 000
Care, etc., buildings and grounds, Pittsburgh, Pa-----	317, 300	260, 000	250, 000	-67, 300
Economics of mineral industries-----	708, 500	1, 100, 000	800, 000	+91, 500
Helium utilization and research-----	91, 000	97, 500	97, 500	+6, 500
Helium production and investigation-----	( <sup>31</sup> )	( <sup>31</sup> )	( <sup>31</sup> )	
Total, Bureau of Mines-----	21, 694, 900	23, 946, 500	23, 337, 500	+1, 642, 600
				-609, 000

<sup>28</sup> 1949 appropriation continued available as revolving fund.

<sup>29</sup> And contract authorization of \$550,000.

<sup>30</sup> Contract authorization not to exceed \$300,000.

<sup>31</sup> Funds transferred from Department of Commerce and Departments of the Army and Navy.



Comparative statement showing the appropriations for the fiscal year 1949, the budget estimates for the fiscal year 1950, and the amounts recommended in bill for the fiscal year 1950—Continued

Object	Appropriations, 1949	Budget estimates, 1950	Recommended in bill for 1950	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with 1949 appropriations	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with estimates for 1950
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE					
Salaries and expenses-----	\$765,000	\$756,000	\$756,000	-\$9,000	-----
Regional offices-----	665,000	811,000	750,000	+85,000	-\$61,000
National parks-----	3,750,000	4,700,000	4,525,000	+775,000	-175,000
National monument, historical, and military areas-----	1,625,000	2,150,000	2,150,000	+525,000	-----
Recreational areas-----	300,000	410,000	410,000	+110,000	-----
Emergency repair and fire-fighting fund-----	30,000	30,000	30,000	-----	-----
Investigation and purchase of water rights-----	15,000	15,000	15,000	-----	-----
Travel Division-----	60,000	63,600	-----	-60,000	-63,600
Recreational demonstration areas-----	10,000	20,000	20,000	+10,000	-----
Salaries and expenses, National Capital parks-----	790,000	1,050,000	1,050,000	+260,000	-----
River basin studies-----	137,954	180,000	-----	-137,954	-180,000
Acquisition of lands-----	200,000	300,000	250,000	+50,000	-50,000
Independence National Historical Park, Pa-----	-----	500,000	500,000	+500,000	-----
Parkways, construction of-----	( <sup>32</sup> )	7,500,000	6,600,000	+6,600,000	-900,000



Roads, trails, and physical improvements-----	4,700,550	(33)	-----	-----	(3)
Roads and trails-----	-----	7,500,000	7,500,000	-----	+4,762,350
Physical improvements-----	-----	3,500,000	3,500,000	-----	+7,500,000
Total, National Park Service-----	13,110,304	29,485,600	28,056,000	-----	+3,500,000
FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE					
General administrative expenses-----	270,000	287,000	287,000	-----	+17,000
Propagation of food fishes-----	1,879,525	2,055,500	1,985,000	-----	+105,475
Operation and maintenance of fish screens-----	36,300	(34)	-----	-----	-36,300
Investigations respecting food fishes-----	1,147,500	1,316,000	1,250,000	-----	+102,500
Commercial fisheries-----	510,000	510,000	510,000	-----	-66,000
Investigation, exploration, and development of Pacific fisheries-----	1,000,000	989,000	900,000	-----	-100,000
Fishery market news service-----	143,000	158,500	158,500	-----	+15,500
Protection of Alaska fur seals-----	1,228,000	481,300	481,300	-----	-746,700
Alaska fur seal investigations-----	60,000	37,400	37,400	-----	-22,600
Enforcement of Black Bass, Whaling Treaty, and Sockeye Salmon Acts-----	37,400	43,600	43,600	-----	+6,200
Wildlife resources and management investigations-----	325,450	340,000	340,000	-----	+14,550
Control of predatory animals and injurious rodents-----	1,000,000	1,080,000	1,080,000	-----	+80,000

<sup>32</sup> Contract authorization not to exceed \$2,680,000.

<sup>33</sup> Estimate of \$11,000,000 for activities previously carried under this title have been transferred to the two items following.

<sup>34</sup> Estimate of \$38,500 for activities previously carried under this title has been transferred to other items.



46

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT APPROPRIATION BILL, 1950

Comparative statement showing the appropriations for the fiscal year 1949, the budget estimates for the fiscal year 1950, and the amounts recommended in bill for the fiscal year 1950—Continued

Object	Appropriations, 1949	Budget estimates, 1950	Recommended in bill for 1950	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with 1949 appropriations	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with estimates for 1950
FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE—continued					
Protection of migratory birds-----	\$353, 834	\$388, 000	\$388, 000	+\$34, 166	-----
Alaska fisheries and game-----	225, 000	1, 273, 700	1, 250, 000	+1, 025, 000	-\$23, 700
Maintenance of mammal and bird reservations-----	<sup>35</sup> 1, 312, 500	<sup>36</sup> 1, 728, 000	1, 600, 000	+287, 500	-128, 000
River basin studies-----	150, 000	205, 000	175, 000	+25, 000	-30, 000
California wildlife management areas-----	250, 000	250, 000	250, 000	-----	-----
Migratory bird conservation fund-----	( <sup>37</sup> )	( <sup>37</sup> )	( <sup>37</sup> )	-----	-----
Federal aid in wildlife restoration-----	( <sup>38</sup> )	( <sup>39</sup> )	( <sup>39</sup> )	-----	-----
Total, Fish and Wildlife Service-----	9, 928, 509	11, 143, 000	10, 735, 800	+807, 291	-407, 200
GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES					
Alaska:					
Salaries and expenses-----	64, 500	67, 700	67, 700	+3, 200	-----
Legislative expenses-----	48, 000	( <sup>40</sup> )	-----	-48, 000	( <sup>40</sup> )
Public schools (receipt limitation)-----	50, 000	50, 000	50, 000	-----	-----
Insane, care of-----	448, 000	494, 400	494, 400	+46, 400	-----



Construction and repair of roads, trails, etc. (receipt limitation)-----	100,000	100,000	100,000	-----
Roads, bridges, and trails, construction, repair and maintenance of-----	<sup>41</sup> 10,442,400	<sup>42</sup> 26,692,000	<sup>42</sup> 25,692,000	+15,249,600
Alaska Railroad, operation, maintenance and repair-----	<sup>43</sup> 17,000,000	<sup>44</sup> 25,000,000	<sup>45</sup> 17,000,000	-----
Total, Territory of Alaska-----	28,152,900	52,404,100	43,404,100	+15,251,200
Hawaii:				
Salaries and expenses-----	25,900	26,800	26,800	+900
Legislative expenses-----	47,200	( <sup>40</sup> )	-----	-----
Total, Hawaii-----	73,100	26,800	26,800	-----

<sup>35</sup> And indefinite appropriation estimated at \$291,283.

<sup>36</sup> And indefinite appropriation estimated at \$300,000.

<sup>37</sup> Indefinite appropriation estimated at \$2,000,000.

<sup>38</sup> Indefinite appropriation estimated at \$11,276,687.

<sup>39</sup> Indefinite appropriation estimated at \$10,000,000.

<sup>40</sup> Appropriation made biennially.

<sup>41</sup> And contract authorization of \$13,904,000.

<sup>42</sup> And contract authorization of \$7,000,000.

<sup>43</sup> And contract authorization of \$12,000,000.

<sup>44</sup> And contract authorization of \$22,000,000.

<sup>45</sup> And contract authorization of \$12,000,000.



Comparative statement showing the appropriations for the fiscal year 1949, the budget estimates for the fiscal year 1950, and the amounts recommended in bill for the fiscal year 1950—Continued

Object	Appropriations, 1949	Budget estimates, 1950	Recommended in bill for 1950	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with 1949 appropriations	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with estimates for 1950
<b>GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES—continued</b>					
Virgin Islands:					
Salaries and expenses-----	\$213, 000	\$223, 000	\$223, 000	+\$10, 000	-----
Agricultural experiment station-----	46, 300	50, 000	50, 000	+3, 700	-----
Defraying deficits in the treasuries of municipal governments-----	520, 200	745, 000	745, 000	+224, 800	-----
Total, Virgin Islands-----	779, 500	1, 018, 000	1, 018, 000	+238, 500	-----
Puerto Rico: Salaries and expenses-----	-----	15, 000	-----	-----	-\$15, 000
Total, Government in the Territories-----	29, 005, 500	53, 463, 900	44, 448, 900	+15, 443, 400	-9, 015, 000
Subtotal, Department of the Interior-----	408, 889, 974	616, 705, 020	536, 111, 908	+127, 221, 934	-80, 593, 112
<b>VIRGIN ISLANDS COMPANY</b>					
Working capital loan from Treasury-----	\$500, 000	\$100, 000	\$100, 000	-\$400, 000	-----
Administrative expense limitation-----	<sup>46</sup> 97, 880	<sup>46</sup> 97, 880	<sup>46</sup> 97, 880	-----	-----
Total, Virgin Islands Company-----	500, 000	100, 000	100, 000	-400, 000	-----
Grand total, Department of the Interior-----	409, 389, 974	616, 805, 020	536, 211, 908	+126, 821, 934	-\$80, 593, 112

<sup>46</sup> Limitation on use of funds available to Virgin Islands Company for administrative expenses (not carried in total).



COMPARATIVE STATEMENT SHOWING CONTRACT AUTHORIZATIONS FOR FISCAL 1949, ESTIMATED FOR FISCAL 1950, AND THE AMOUNT RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR 1950

Departmental unit	Authorization, fiscal 1949	Estimates, fiscal 1950	Recommended in bill for fiscal 1950	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with 1949 authorization	Increase (+) or decrease (-), bill compared with 1950 budget estimates
Office of the Secretary	-----	\$5, 800, 000	\$5, 000, 000	+\$5, 000, 000	-\$800, 000
Bonneville Power Administration	\$11, 888, 500	18, 500, 000	15, 725, 000	+3, 836, 500	-2, 775, 000
Bureau of Land Management	-----	250, 000	150, 000	+150, 000	-100, 000
Bureau of Indian Affairs	5, 925, 000	750, 000	937, 500	-4, 987, 500	+187, 500
Bureau of Reclamation	3, 600, 000	-----	-----	-3, 600, 000	-----
Bureau of Mines	550, 000	-----	300, 000	-250, 000	+300, 000
National Park Service	2, 680, 000	-----	-----	-2, 680, 000	-----
Government in the Territories	25, 904, 000	29, 000, 000	19, 000, 000	-6, 904, 000	-10, 000, 000
Total, contract authorizations	50, 547, 500	54, 300, 000	41, 112, 500	-9, 435, 000	-13, 187, 500

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	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931
Interest on public debt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interest on other debts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interest on guaranteed securities	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interest on State bonds	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interest on United States bonds	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interest on Federal Reserve notes	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interest on other securities	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interest on deposits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interest on government securities	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interest on other bonds	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interest on other securities	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interest on other deposits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interest on other government securities	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interest on other bonds	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interest on other securities	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interest on other deposits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Approved and reported for passage by the Senate on February 20, 1920.

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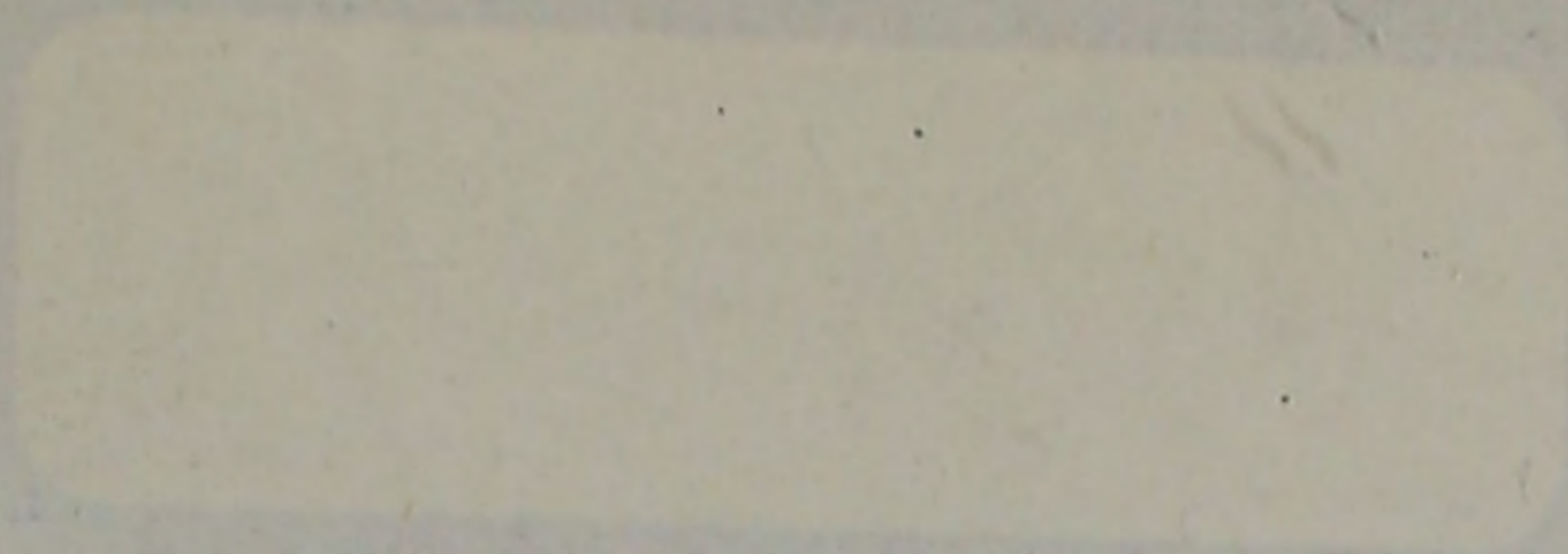
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SMITHSONIAN LIBRARIES



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