

Conference Report on 1969 App.

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CONGRESSIONAL RECORD — HOUSE

July 10, 1968

The committee of conference report in disagreement amendments numbered 6, 7, 8, 11, and 36.

JULIA BUTLER HANSEN,  
MICHAEL J. KIRWAN,  
JOHN O. MARSH, JR.,  
JOHN J. FLYNT, JR.,  
CHARLES S. JOELSON,  
GEORGE MAHON,  
BEN REIFEL,  
JOSEPH M. MCDADE,  
WILLIAM H. HARRISON,  
CHARLES R. JONAS  
(except amendment No. 36),

Managers on the Part of the House.

CARL HAYDEN,  
ALAN BIBLE,  
ROBERT C. BYRD,  
KARL E. MUNDT,  
MILTON R. YOUNG,

Managers on the Part of the Senate.

STATEMENT

The managers on the part of the House at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 17354) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1969, and for other purposes, submit the following statement in explanation of the effect of the action agreed upon and recommended in the accompanying conference report as to each of such amendments, namely:

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Public land management

Bureau of Land Management

Amendment No. 1: Appropriates \$50,751,000 for management of lands and resources as proposed by the Senate instead of \$51,196,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 2: Appropriates \$3,081,000 for construction and maintenance as proposed by the Senate instead of \$3,156,000 as proposed by the House.

Bureau of Indian Affairs

Amendment No. 3: Appropriates \$140,693,000 for education and welfare services instead of \$145,693,000 as proposed by the House and \$139,843,000 as proposed by the Senate. The increase over the Senate bill provides \$850,000 for the operation of kindergartens in Bureau schools.

Amendment No. 4: Appropriates \$50,240,000 for resources management as proposed by the Senate instead of \$50,776,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 5: Appropriates \$25,471,000 for construction as proposed by the Senate instead of \$24,921,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 6: Reported in technical disagreement. The Managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to include language regarding Indian tribal funds proposed by the Senate.

Amendment No. 7: Reported in technical disagreement. The Managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to provide language as proposed by the Senate which would exclude judgment proceeds or other funds, revenues or receipts to the Shoshone Indian tribe of the Wind River Reservation, Wyoming, from the general restriction on the distribution of such funds.

Bureau of Outdoor Recreation

Amendment No. 8: Reported in technical disagreement. The Managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to provide language as proposed by the Senate which will permit the use of \$225,000 of 1968 funds for salaries and expenses in fiscal year 1969 for the printing of the Nationwide Outdoor Recreation Plan.

Land and Water Conservation

Amendment No. 9: Appropriates \$90,000,000 for the Land and Water Conservation Fund

as proposed by the Senate instead of \$100,000,000 as proposed by the House. The amount provided includes the following increases over the House bill for the Federal program: \$200,000, Guadalupe Mountains National Park, Texas; and \$375,000, Patuxent Endangered Species Research Center, Maryland. It also includes the following reductions below the amount provided in the House bill for the Federal program: \$100,000, Assateague Island National Seashore, Maryland; \$100,000, Fire Island National Seashore, New York; and \$375,000, Mason Neck-Bald Eagle Habitat, Virginia.

Amendment No. 10: Provides \$45,000,000 for State grants as proposed by the Senate instead of \$55,000,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 11: Reported in technical disagreement. The Managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to provide language as proposed by the Senate for the payment of \$106,018.69 to the State of Washington to compensate for timber cutting rights in the Queets Corridor of the Olympic National Park.

Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands

Amendment No. 12: Appropriates \$30,000,000 for the development program in the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands as proposed by the Senate instead of \$31,606,000 as proposed by the House.

Geological Survey

Amendment No. 13: Appropriates \$88,675,000 for surveys, investigations, and research instead of \$89,470,000 as proposed by the House and \$88,575,000 proposed by the Senate. The amount includes an increase of \$150,000 over the Senate bill for studies of artificial ground water recharge, and a decrease of \$50,000 in the \$250,000 provided by the Senate for Project EROS.

Bureau of Mines

Amendment No. 14: Appropriates \$33,313,000 for conservation and development of mineral resources as proposed by the Senate instead of \$36,886,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 15: Appropriates \$1,917,000 for solid waste disposal as proposed by the House instead of \$1,667,000 as proposed by the Senate. The increase of \$250,000 over the Senate bill is for extinguishing the culm dump fires in Eastern Pennsylvania.

Office of Coal Research

Amendment No. 16: Appropriates \$13,700,000 for salaries and expenses as proposed by the Senate instead of \$13,350,000 as proposed by the House. The amount includes an increase of \$50,000 over the Senate bill for a new coal research project in Wyoming and a decrease of \$50,000 below the \$400,000 provided by the Senate for Project Gasoline.

Office of Oil and Gas

Amendment No. 17: Appropriates \$818,900 for salaries and expenses as proposed by the Senate instead of \$768,900 as proposed by the House.

Bureau of Commercial Fisheries

Amendment No. 18: Appropriates \$24,597,000 for management and investigations of resources as proposed by the Senate instead of \$23,997,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 19: Appropriates \$15,000 for management and investigations of resources (special foreign currency program) as proposed by the Senate instead of \$100,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 20: Appropriates \$4,319,000 for Federal aid for commercial fisheries as proposed by the Senate instead of \$4,719,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 21: Deletes the provision under Federal aid for commercial fisheries research and development of \$400,000 for section 4(b) of the Act providing fishery resources disaster aid.

Amendment No. 22: Appropriates \$2,300,000 for Anadromous and Great Lakes

Fishery Conservation as proposed by the Senate instead of \$2,333,000 as proposed by the House.

Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife

Amendment No. 23: Appropriates \$45,893,000 for management and investigations of resources as proposed by the Senate instead of \$45,784,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 24: Appropriates \$1,491,000 for construction instead of \$1,541,000 as proposed by the Senate and \$1,203,000 as proposed by the House. The increase over the House bill includes \$38,000 for paving a portion of Woodward Drive which passes through the Natchitoches National Fish Hatchery, Louisiana; and \$250,000 for development of waterfowl production areas in South Dakota.

National Park Service

Amendment No. 25: Appropriates \$43,049,000 for management and protection as proposed by the Senate instead of \$43,429,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 26: Appropriates \$583,800 for preservation of historic property instead of \$783,000 as proposed by the House and \$433,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Office of Water Resources Research

Amendment No. 27: Appropriates \$11,150,000 for salaries and expenses as proposed by the Senate instead of \$11,217,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 28: Provides a limitation on administrative expenses of \$550,000 as proposed by the Senate instead of \$617,000 as proposed by the House.

Office of the Solicitor

Amendment No. 29: Appropriates \$5,385,000 for salaries and expenses instead of \$5,415,000 as proposed by the House and \$5,355,000 as proposed by the Senate.

Office of the Secretary

Amendment No. 30: Appropriates \$8,301,000 for salaries and expenses as proposed by the House instead of \$8,264,500 as proposed by the Senate.

TITLE II—RELATED AGENCIES

Department of Agriculture

Forest Service

Amendment No. 31: Appropriates \$184,444,000 for Forest Land Management as proposed by the Senate instead of \$185,374,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 32: Provides \$1,300,000 for acquisition of land under the Act of March 1, 1911, as amended (16 U.S.C. 513-519) as proposed by the Senate instead of \$1,800,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 33: Appropriates \$38,866,000 for forest research as proposed by the Senate instead of \$39,067,000 as proposed by the House.

National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities

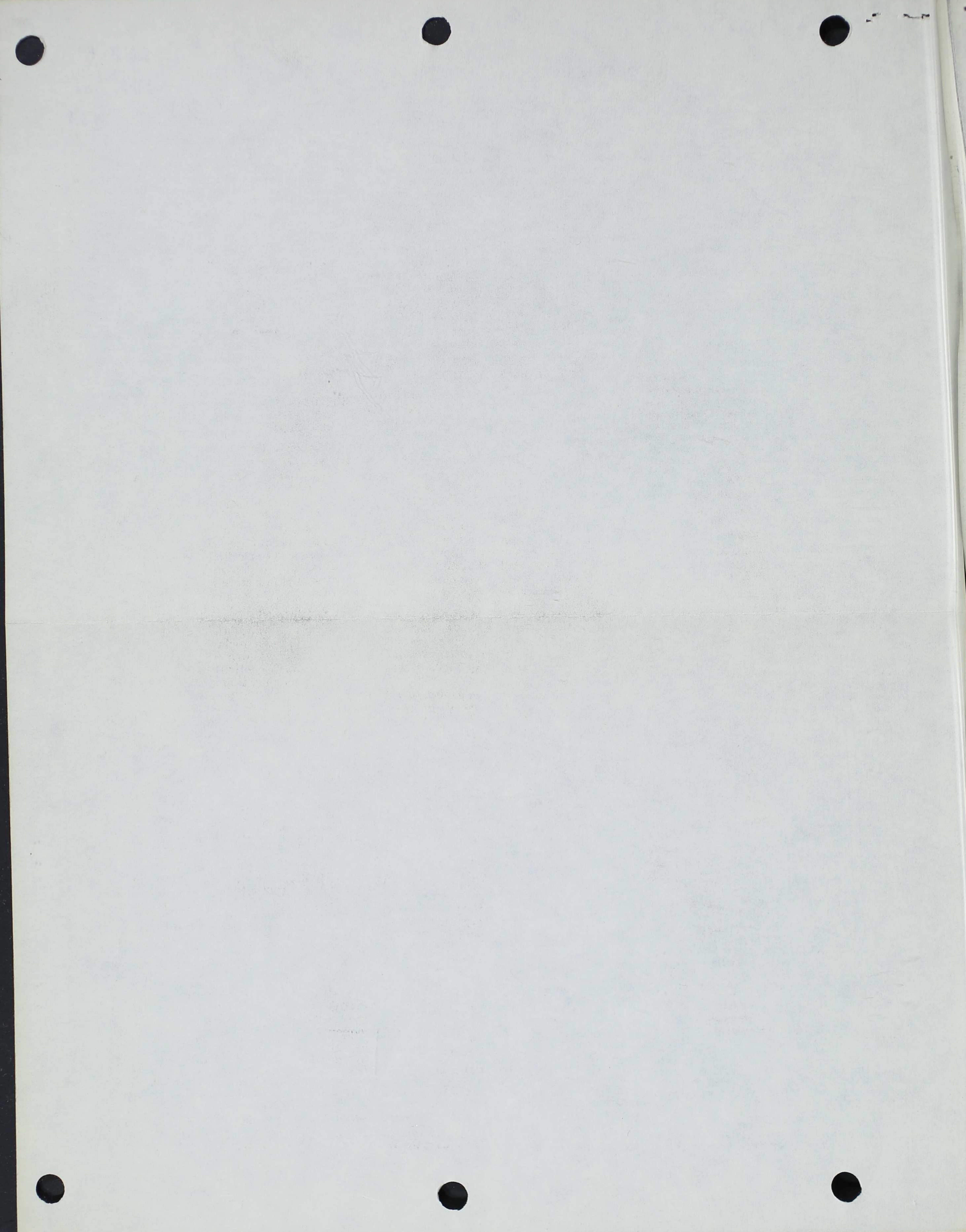
Amendment No. 34: Appropriates \$10,500,000 for salaries and expenses instead of \$11,200,000 as proposed by the Senate. Of the amount provided, \$3,700,000 is for National Endowment for the Arts under section 5(c) of the Act; \$1,700,000 is for the National Endowment for the Arts under section 5(h) of the Act; \$3,700,000 is for the National Endowment for the Humanities under section 5(c) of the Act; and \$1,400,000 for administrative expenses; and not to exceed \$1,000,000 for matching contributions as provided in section 11(b) of the Act.

Smithsonian Institution

Amendment No. 35: Appropriates \$2,316,000 for museum programs and related research (special foreign currency program) as provided by the Senate instead of \$3,000,000 as proposed by the House.

Amendment No. 36: Reported in technical disagreement. The managers on the part of the House will offer a motion to provide contract authorization to the Administrator







of the General Service Administration in an amount not to exceed \$14,197,000 for the construction of the Joseph H. Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden as proposed by the Senate.

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Managers on the Part of the House.

#### CORRECTION OF THE RECORD

Mr. SIKES. Mr. Speaker, in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD of Monday, July 8, the last sentence of a statement made by me on page H6110 is incorrectly recorded. I ask unanimous consent that this sentence be corrected in the permanent RECORD, as stated below:

For Inez, who has stood by me, so steadfastly and helped me so much, and for me, let me thank each of you with all sincerity, from the bottom of a grateful heart.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

(Mr. JACOBS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute, to revise and extend his remarks, and to include extraneous matter.)

[Mr. JACOBS' remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

#### BIAFRA—A HIDEOUS PROBLEM

(Mr. DOW asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute, and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. DOW. Mr. Speaker, an immense and monstrous situation exists in Biafra, where something like 2 million people are faced with immediate starvation. This is the principal problem spot in the world today.

I have written to Secretary Rusk urging that our delegation at the U.N. seek to enlist a U.N. effort directed at preventing starvation in Biafra. It seems to me that here is a place where the Nations of both the Communist and free worlds could join together in a united endeavor to relieve this most hideous manifestation of human misery.

Such cooperation would restore the prestige of the U.N. It would prove that cooperation between the worlds is more effective than rivalry.

Were the two worlds to join in the endeavor to relieve starvation in Biafra, I believe that the technical excuses which are now offered for not helping would instantly disappear.

#### APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES ON H.R. 12120, JUVENILE DELINQUENCY PREVENTION AND CONTROL ACT OF 1967

Mr. PERKINS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the

Speaker's table the bill (H.R. 12120) to assist courts, correctional systems, and community agencies to prevent, treat, and control juvenile delinquency; to support research and training efforts in the prevention, treatment, and control of juvenile delinquency, and for other purposes, with Senate amendments thereto, disagree to the Senate amendments, and request a conference with the Senate thereon.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Kentucky? The Chair hears none, and appoints the following conferees: Messrs. PERKINS, PUCINSKI, BRADEMAS, CAREY, WILLIAM D. FORD, MEEDS, AYRES, ASHBROOK, QUIE, and GOODELL.

#### SERMON: "I CANNOT CONDONE CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE"

(Mr. JONES of Missouri asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. JONES of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, I listened to my colleague, the gentleman from Missouri [Mr. HULL] when he asked permission to extend in the RECORD a sermon delivered by Reverend Dr. Arthur C. Fulbright, pastor of the First United Methodist Church in St. Joseph, Mo., who was formerly a minister in the district that I represent. He pastored two churches there and I learned to respect Dr. Fulbright and to enjoy his sermons, expressing views with which I generally concurred.

I am urging all Members to read this sermon that Representative HULL has asked to be inserted in the RECORD today.

The text of that sermon was taken from the third chapter of Titus in which it is recorded:

Remind them to be submissive to rulers and authorities, to be obedient, to be ready for any honest work, to speak evil of no one, to avoid quarreling, to be gentle, and to show perfect courtesy toward all men.

The subject of his sermon was "I Cannot Condone Civil Disobedience." I would like to read just one short paragraph from that sermon which Dr. Fulbright delivered.

He said:

I cannot believe any person has the right to determine which civil laws he will obey and which he will not obey—even if he believes certain laws are unjust or unconstitutional!

We need more ministers and more preachers like Dr. Fulbright who believes in law and order and who preaches it from his pulpit. He says the church is losing its tradition by thinking the Kingdom of God can come about by spreading social and economic pacification. The main purpose of the church is to try to win souls for our Lord, Jesus Christ.

More power to preachers like Dr. Fulbright.

#### MEMBERSHIP AND SENIORITY ON THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON INTERNAL SECURITY

(Mr. ICHORD asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. ICHORD. Mr. Speaker, several Members have directed inquiries to me as the author of House Resolution 148, and to my office inquiring as to the effect of the resolution upon seniority and membership of the new House Committee on Internal Security, which House Resolution 148 creates. First, I would note that the procedural effects of the resolution are made very clear by section 4 of the resolution.

As to membership and seniority, these, of course, are matters to be decided by the House and the two parties respectively at the beginning of each session. This is true in the case of all committee assignments. But I do wish to make it clear that there is no intent on the part of the author to affect seniority and membership on the committee in any respect.

#### STRICT GUN LAWS ARE INVASION OF THE RIGHTS OF SELF-PROTECTION

(Mr. CARTER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. CARTER. Mr. Speaker, during the past 2 years terrifying riots have racked the cities of our land; and crime during the past 8 years has increased 88 percent. Lurid scenes of rioting, looting, and arson have been viewed on television screens throughout our country. Looters brazenly breaking store windows and carrying away merchandise, while police stand helplessly by, have been shown many times. As a result, fear stalks our land. The breakdown in law enforcement has become clearly evident to our citizens. Our people are convinced that protection of their persons, their property and their homes depends upon themselves. For this purpose, they have bought firearms by the hundreds of thousands during the past year.

Mr. Speaker, until we convince our people by appropriate governmental action that laws to protect people and property are going to be enforced, our citizens will view strict gun laws as an invasion of their rights of self-protection, as well as a breach of their constitutional right to "keep and bear arms."

#### PROTESTS DISCRIMINATION AGAINST RURAL AMERICA

(Mr. ZION asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. ZION. Mr. Speaker, I have been concerned, since the release of the Kerner Commission report, about the increasing emphasis on urban blight and the need for urban housing. I have fully concurred with many recommendations in this report, especially as they relate to the need for job opportunities and the development of job skills through which individuals and families can escape the confinement of ghetto life. But, I am more concerned over the failure of the Kerner report or any responsible Federal agency to spotlight the rising and critical problems of rural poverty and blight.



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