DESCRIPTION OF A NEW SYLVIETTA

By HARRY C. OBERHOLSER

A specimen of *Sylvictta rufescens* (Vieillot) from Damara Land, collected by Mr. C. J. Anderson, and now in the United States National Museum, differs so greatly from the Cape Colony bird that it appears to represent a well-marked subspecies which, as it seems to be undescribed, may be called:

SYLVIETTA RUFESCENS OCHROCARA subsp. nov.

Chars. subsp.—Similar to Sylvictta rufescens rufescens, but very much paler both above and below, the lores and postocular stripe pale brown instead of blackish; the rump and upper tail-coverts more tawny; the lower surface not so uniform.

Description.-Type, adult, No. 98,155, U.S. N. M.; Damara Land, western Africa, December 24, 1866; C. J. Anderson. Upper parts pale brownish gray-about the same shade as in Sylvietta micrura—the forehead rather paler and tinged with ochraceous buff, the lower rump and the upper tail-coverts dull pale tawny; tail light fuscous, narrowly margined and tipped with paler; wings fuscous like the tail, the superior coverts and the quills broadly edged externally with the color of the back, which color on the primaries and outer secondaries has distally a decided tinge of ochraceous, the quills with basal part of inner margins narrowly paler; superciliary stripe, cheeks, and auriculars dull ochraceous buff; lores and postocular stripe dull light brown; chin, upper throat, and middle of abdomen cream buff; sides of neck, jugulum, breast, sides, flanks, crissum, lining of wing, and thighs ochraceous buff, rather brighter on sides, flanks, and thighs. Length of wing, 62; tail, 27; exposed culmen, 13.5; tarsus, 19.5; middle toe, 11 mm.

Although in size this new form appears to be about the same as true *Sylvietta rufcscens*, the color differences are quite sufficient to warrant specific separation were it not for the great probability that by continuity of range *ochrocara* is but a pale geographical race of *rufcscens*.

The original description of Sylvictta rufescens¹ was based on the bird from Cape Colony, to which therefore the title rufescens should

Dicaum rufescens Vieillot, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat., 1x, 1817, p. 407.

be restricted. Neither of the two other synonyms of the species apply to the Damara Land race, for *Sylvietta crombec* Lafresnaye¹ has the same basis as *S. rufescens* (i. e., Levaillant), and *Oligura meridionalis* Bonaparte² from southern Africa is a *nomen nudum*.

¹ Rev. Zool., 1839, p. 258.

² Consp. Av., 1, 1850, p. 257.